



CITY OF NOVI CITY COUNCIL NOVEMBER 12, 2024

SUBJECT: Consideration of Zoning Map Amendment 18.747 to rezone approximately 107 acres of property located south of Grand River Avenue, east of Beck Road and west of Taft Road, from Light Industrial, Residential Acreage, and Office Service to the new City West District. **FIRST READING**

SUBMITTING DEPARTMENT: Community Development, Planning

KEY HIGHLIGHTS:

- Creation of the City West Zoning District stemmed from recommendations in the Master Plan for Land Use for properties on both the north and south sides of Grand River Avenue between Beck and Taft Roads.
- The City Council adopted new Zoning Ordinance language and approved the City-initiated rezoning of land on the north side of Grand River Avenue in May 2024.
- Rezoning of the south side of Grand River Avenue has been brought back through the process, to include a Public hearing on October 16th before the Planning Commission.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

City staff previously initiated the rezoning of the 250-acre area between Beck Road and Taft Road, both north and south of Grand River Avenue. The subject properties north of Grand River Avenue were successfully rezoned by City Council on May 20, 2024, but the area south of Grand River Avenue was not rezoned then. Based on feedback from Council, staff was encouraged to bring back the southern area, which totals approximately 107 acres, for reconsideration.

The Planning Commission held a new Public Hearing on October 16, 2024 and received additional public comment before making a favorable recommendation to the City Council on rezoning the south side of Grand River Avenue.

CITY WEST ORDINANCE AND DESIGN GUIDE

The subject area is proposed to be zoned CW - City West, a new district that was recommended in the 2016 Master Plan Update. The new zoning ordinance language was adopted by City Council in May. Staff is proposing the rezoning to bring all parcels

within a single zoning district consistent with the Master Plan recommendation to create a cohesive, walkable, mixed-use district.

The adopted City West Zoning Ordinance and Design Guide (included in the City Council's packet and available online) would not need to be amended; the Council's approval of the CW ordinance left open the possibility that the south side of Grand River could be rezoned in the future. No changes to the adopted Ordinance are proposed.

The southeast corner of Grand River Avenue and Beck Road is excluded from the request, as the property owner had previously requested that the existing B-3, General Business zoning be maintained, and City Council indicated they supported that request. Otherwise, the suggested area for rezoning is the area fronting on the south of Grand River between Beck Road and Taft Road.

CURRENT ZONING AND LAND USES IN THE AREA

The north side of Grand River is now zoned City West. The Suburban Center Showplace is also covered by the Exposition Overlay district. The area to the south of Grand River is primarily zoned I-1 Light Industrial, except for the area that abuts Beck Road, which is zoned for RA Residential Acreage and OS-1 Office Service. The area to the south is primarily One Family Residential districts, with Central Park Estates zoned Low Rise Multiple Family, and a salon zoned Office Service. East of Taft Road is zoned Light Industrial. West of Beck Road is zoned Office Service Commercial (Ascension Providence Hospital campus).

NATURAL FEATURES

The City's mapping portal shows that there are regulated wetland and woodland areas throughout the subject area. The actual location of any woodlands and wetlands will need to be field verified by applicants with the submittal of any site plan for the parcels. Any proposed impacts to these natural features will be reviewed and discussed during the site plan submittal for any project on the property and follow the typical standards for review and approval according to the City's ordinances, including Wetland and Woodland permitting. Throughout the City West text, there is an emphasis on protecting the existing natural features woodland and wetlands in the district.

OPPORTUNITIES UNDER THE NEW ORDINANCE

The City West area provides an opportunity to expand the housing choices available for young professionals, empty nesters, and other residents who prioritize a more urban, walkable community, easy access to the highway and destinations within Novi, and entertainment opportunities. Grand River Avenue is a major corridor with greater road capacity than many areas of the city. SMART has recently established bus service along the Grand River corridor through Novi and into Wixom. There are a couple of stops within the City West area, which makes the creation of the district very timely to enable the establishment of transit-oriented development.

City West is also an opportunity to showcase Novi as an area of interest to the thousands of visitors to the Suburban Showplace and Ascension Hospital each year. Visitors to events at the Showplace could take advantage of nearby restaurants,

hotels, and shopping without having to get in a car. Similarly greater housing options may appeal to employees of the hospital who could walk or bike to work. The ordinance includes an optional Mixed-Use Development Option (MDO), which permits a wider range of uses and higher-intensity development to encourage the creation of a dynamic mix of compatible uses. While the MDO provides greater flexibility in parking and landscaping, as well as setbacks and building height to allow a more urban form of development, projects will still be subject to other applicable codes and regulations of the City, including stormwater detention standards, façade, and landscape requirements, as well as lighting and noise ordinances.

Residential uses can be developed under the MDO, either as a stand-alone use under certain circumstances or as part of a mixed-use project. The granting of a Mixed-Use Development Option application requires review and recommendation by the Planning Commission and approval of the City Council. The MDO process is similar to the approval process for the Planned Development Options, with City Council discretion over deviations and approvals.

BUILDING HEIGHT AND SETBACK CONSIDERATIONS

The adopted Ordinance has a maximum height of 2 stories south of Grand River under the baseline option. For MDO projects;

- The height limit is increased to 3 stories, or
- Up to 4 stories if bonus height conditions are met and,
- It is further than 300 feet from the residential area to the south.

City Council would need to approve the increase in height for each project proposed. Adjacent to single-family residential zones, additional restrictions would control building heights, with a maximum of 35 feet permitted within 200 feet of single-family districts, and a maximum of 45 feet between 200-300 feet of such districts. Within 300 feet of Single-Family Districts buildings are not eligible for bonus height approval.

As with the existing I-1 Zoning, City West requires a minimum building setback of 100 feet from single family residential districts. The parking setback is 75 feet and would be required to be screened with a 5-foot wall or landscaped berm. Existing standards for screening berms/buffers also apply to new multifamily and commercial buildings when adjacent to a residential use. The presence of regulated natural features will also provide a buffer between the districts. The greater flexibility and emphasis on preserving natural features in the City West text is more likely to result in natural features protection than the current Light Industrial district.

Development in this district is to be designed to ensure development is cohesive and walkable. Buildings are meant to front on internal street networks rather than Grand River to create a more pedestrian-friendly environment. Shared off-street parking facilities are encouraged, as is structured parking. Development projects are required to provide public plazas and open spaces for gathering. City West is meant to have sidewalks and pathways throughout the district, providing connections to the City's non-motorized network.

FEEDBACK FROM PROPERTY OWNERS

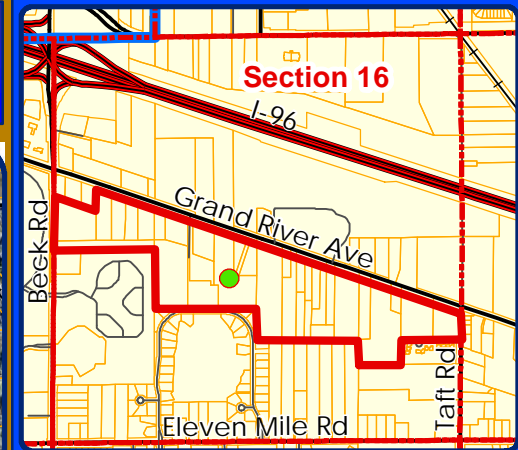
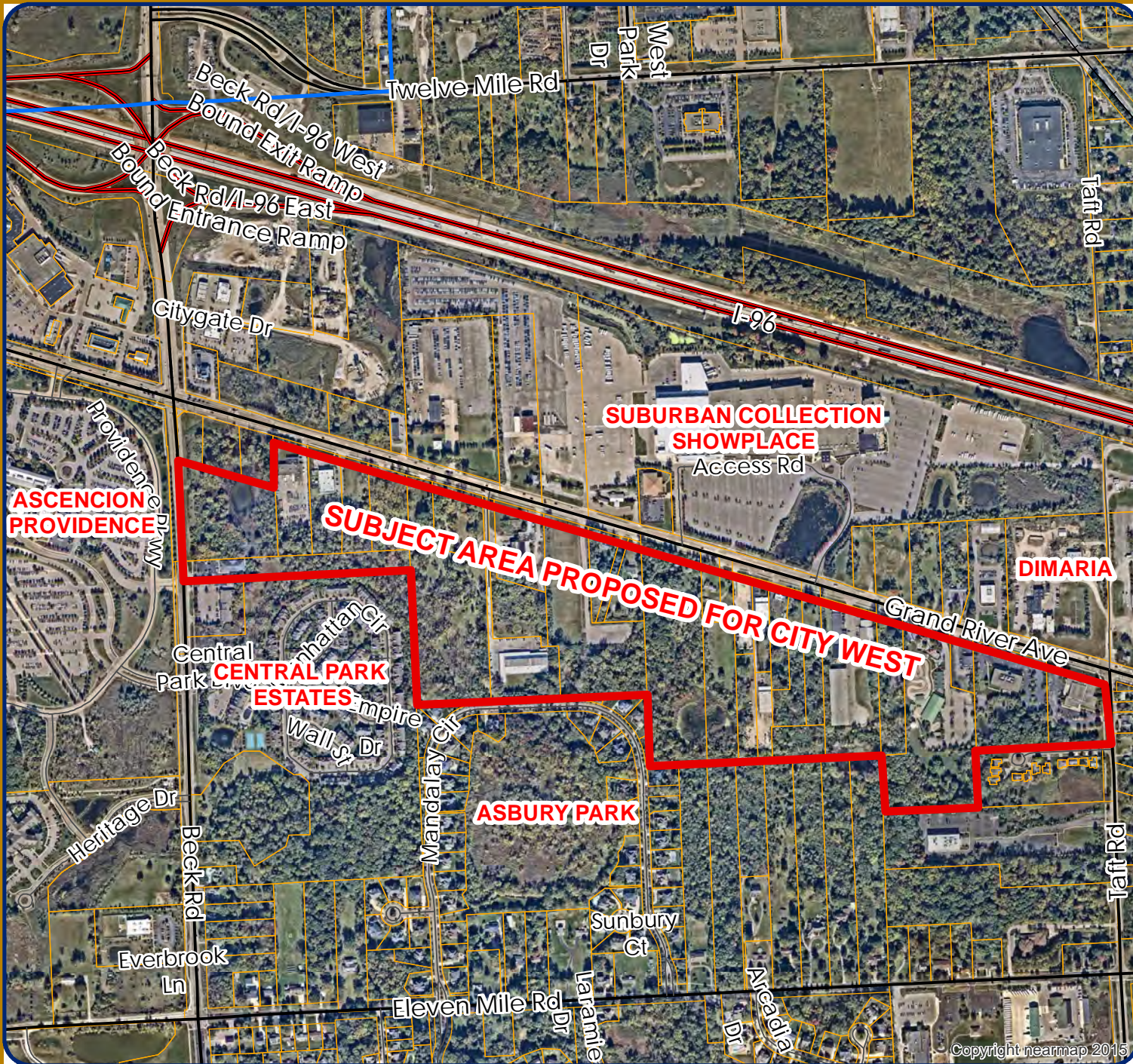
Property owners south of Grand River in the City West area, both of vacant land and currently developed property, have expressed an interest in and support of the ordinance amendment. Some property owners have introduced concepts for projects that could align with the intent of the City West ordinance. Current businesses such as Gatsby's, Paradise Park, and Total Sports Novi have found the text amendment appealing due to the flexibility it offers for those businesses moving forward. Meeting minutes are attached to this packet.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Approval of Zoning Map Amendment 18.747 to rezone approximately 107 acres of property located south of Grand River Avenue, east of Beck Road and west of Taft Road, from I-1 Light Industrial, RA Residential Acreage, and OS-1 Office Service (excluding the B-3, General Business zoned area at the southeast corner of Beck and Grand River Avenue), to CW City West District *for the reasons provided below.* **FIRST READING**


1. The 2016 Master Plan for Land Use recommended the creation and adoption of a new zoning district for this area of the City in order to foster redevelopment of underutilized parcels, and to create a vibrant, walkable, mixed-use district,
2. The Master Plan for Land Use objective to foster a favorable business climate is fulfilled by allowing more flexible development standards for a unique area of the City,
3. The Master Plan for Land Use objective to support and strengthen existing businesses and attract new businesses is fulfilled by allowing existing businesses to expand and creating new development opportunities in a mixed-use setting,
4. The Master Plan for Land Use objective to provide a wide range of housing options is supported as the new district allows residential use in a mixed-use setting,
5. The Master Plan for Land Use objective to develop the City West/Grand River and Beck area in a manner that supports and complements neighboring areas through the use of setback and height restrictions to provide buffers to single family districts, and
6. It provides an opportunity for long-standing businesses to remain at their current location.

MAPS
Location
Current Zoning
Future Land Use
Natural Features

CITY WEST LOCATION



Legend

 Subject Property



City of Novi

Dept. of Community Development
City Hall / Civic Center
45175 W Ten Mile Rd
Novi, MI 48375
cityofnovi.org

Map Author: Lindsay Bell
Date: 10/9/24
Project: CITY WEST - SOUTH
Version #: 1



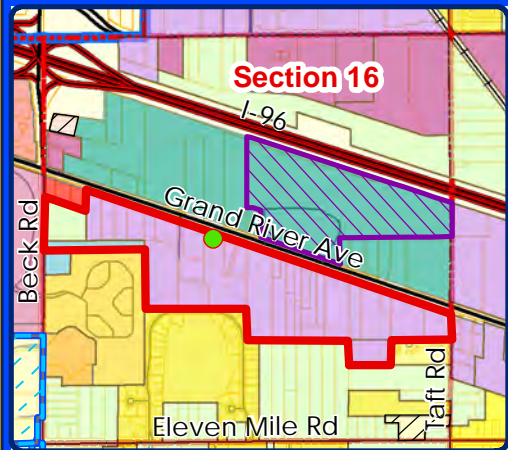
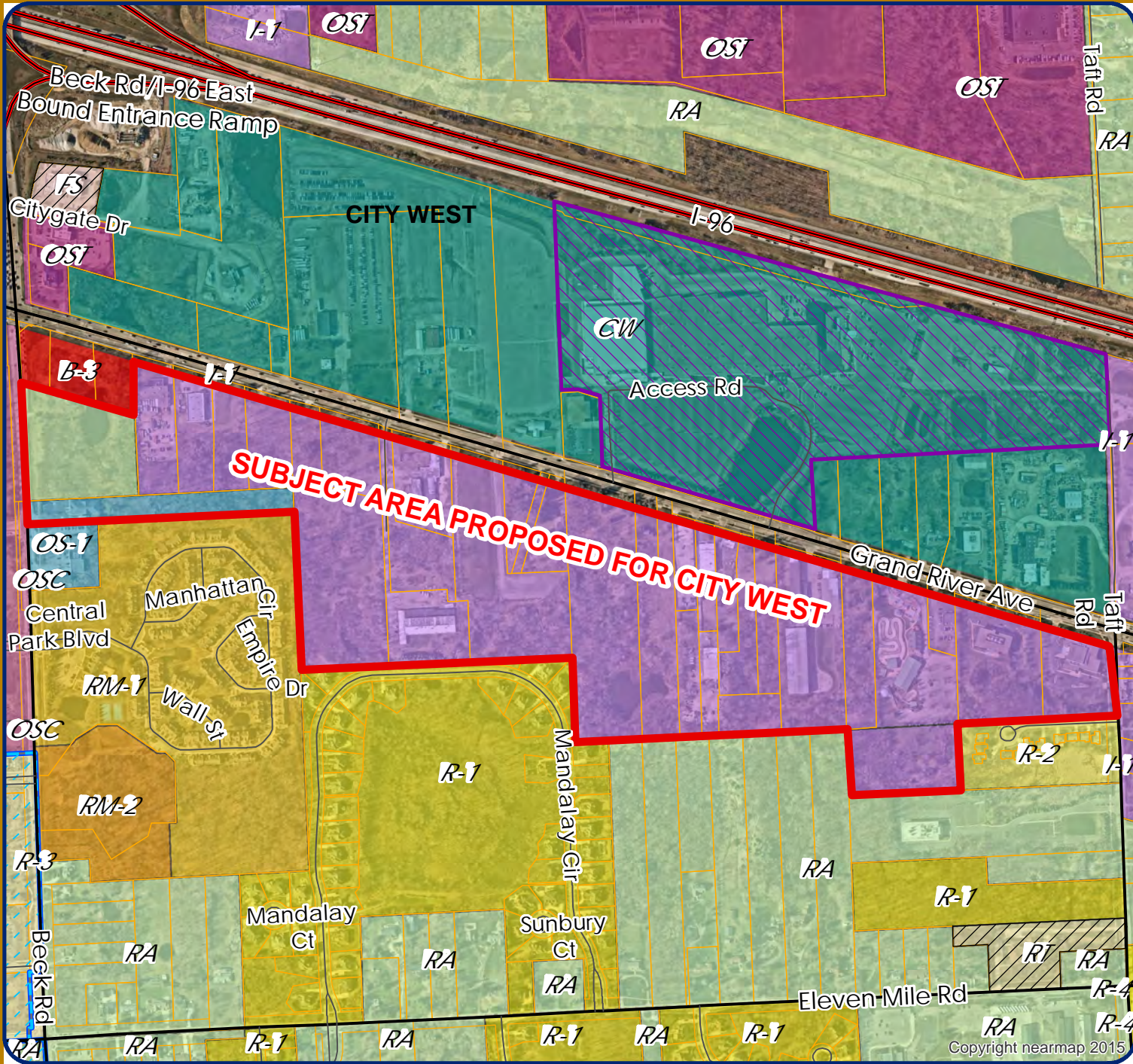
1 inch = 833 feet



MAP INTERPRETATION NOTICE

Map information depicted is not intended to replace or substitute for any official or primary source. This map was intended to meet National Map Accuracy Standards and use the most recent, accurate sources available to the people of the City of Novi. Boundary measurements and area calculations are approximate and should not be construed as survey measurements performed by a licensed Michigan Surveyor as defined in Michigan Public Act 132 of 1970 as amended. Please contact the City GIS Manager to confirm source and accuracy information related to this map.

CITY WEST CURRENT ZONING

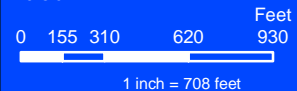


 Subject Property



City of Novi
 Dept. of Community Development
 City Hall / Civic Center
 45175 W Ten Mile Rd
 Novi, MI 48375
 cityofnovi.org

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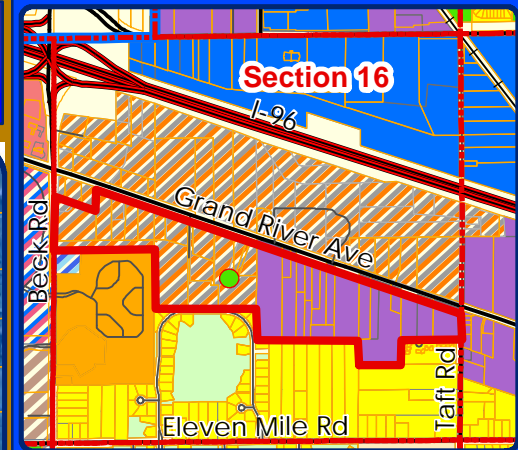
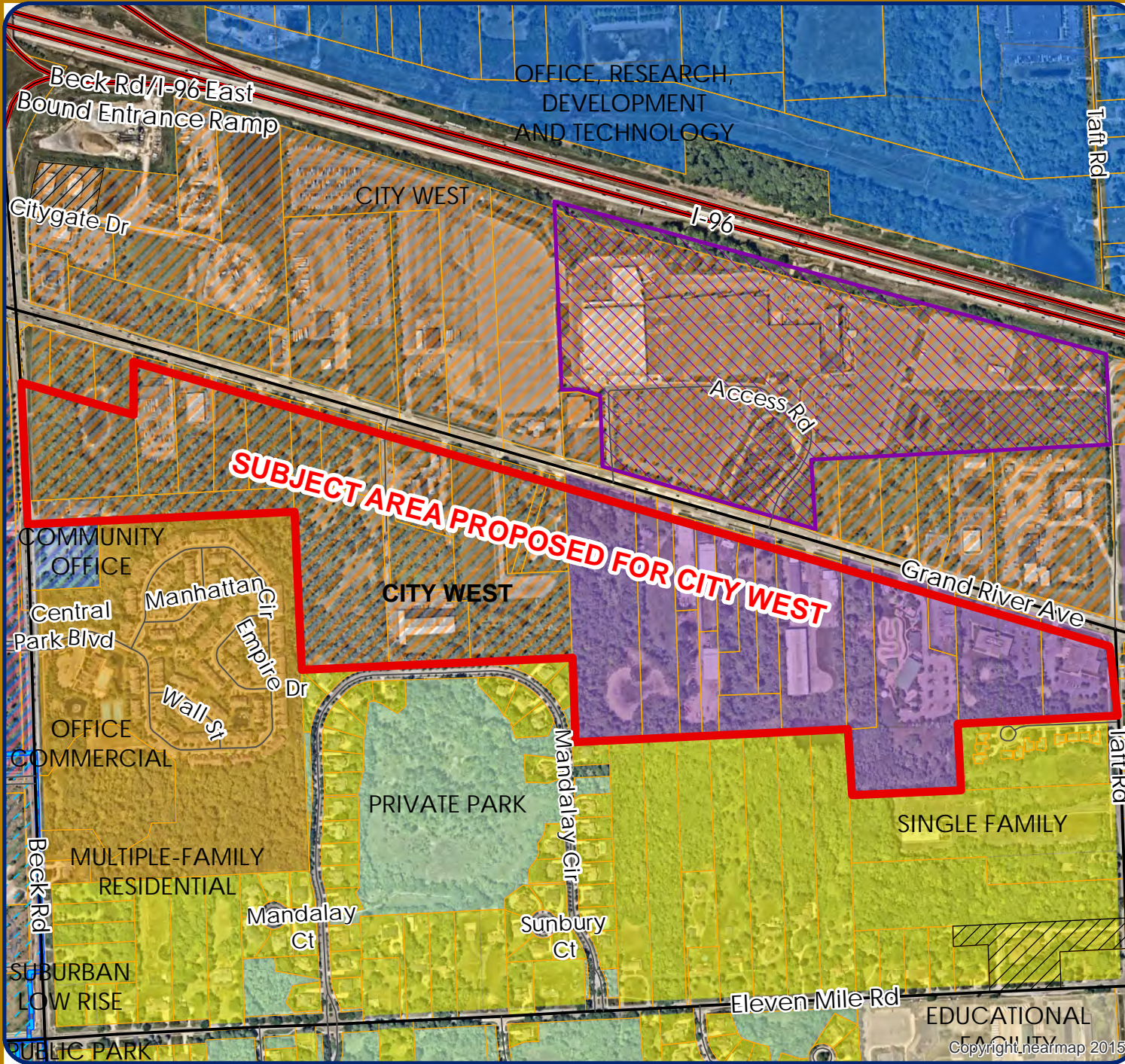


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CITY WEST

FUTURE LAND USE



Legend

- Single Family
- Multiple-Family Residential
- Suburban Low-Rise
- Community Office
- Office, Research, Development and Technology
- Office Commercial
- Industrial, Research, Development and Technology
- Local Commercial
- City West
- Educational Facility
- Public Park
- Private Park
- Subject Property

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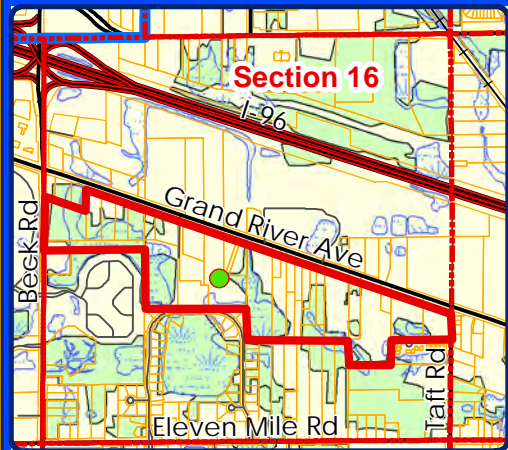
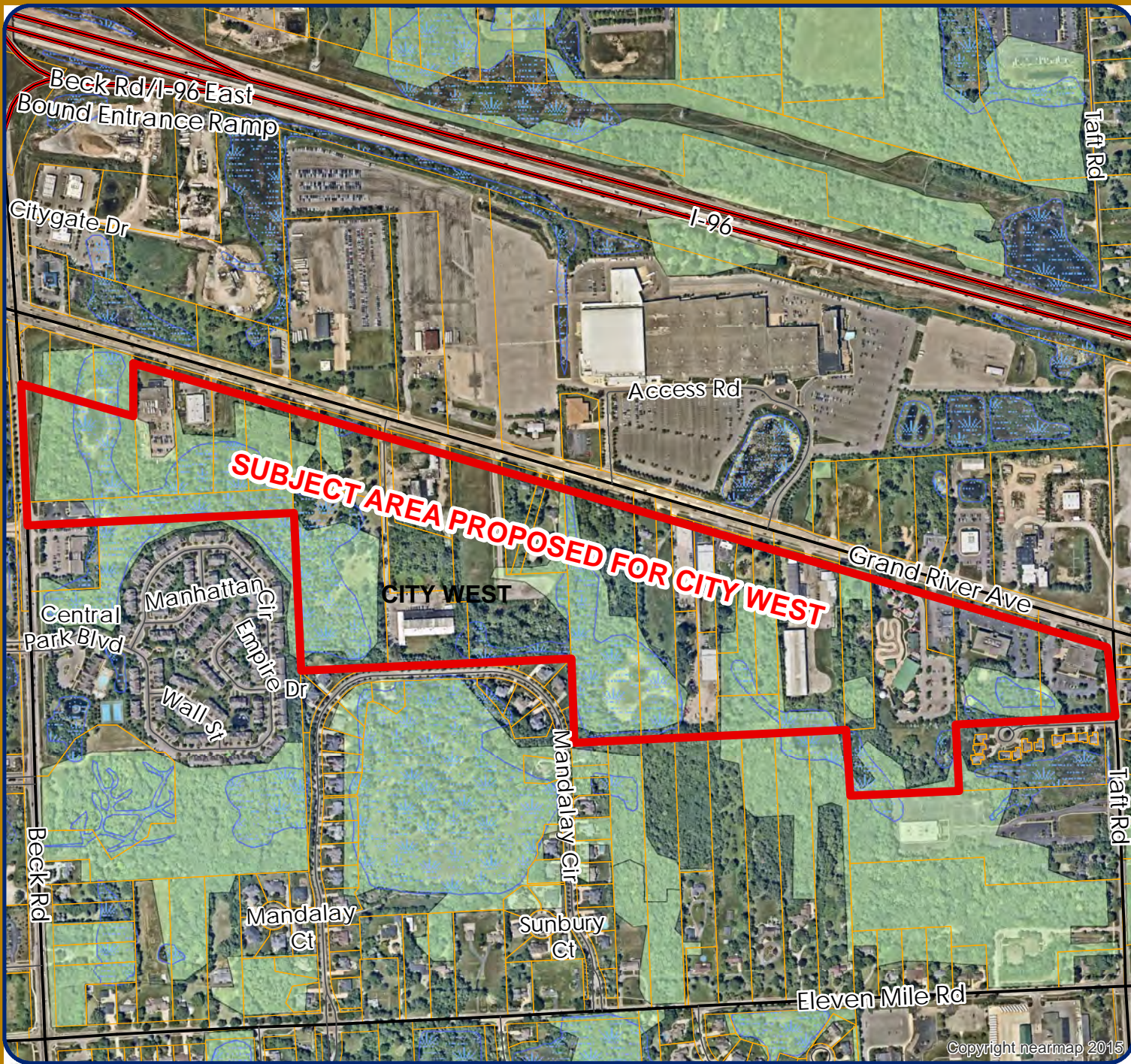
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CITY WEST

NATURAL FEATURES



- Legend**
-  WETLANDS
 -  WOODLANDS
 -  Subject Property



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PLANNING MEMO



PLAN REVIEW CENTER REPORT

October 9, 2024

Planning Review

City West – South Side of Grand River
Zoning Map Amendment 18.747

Petitioner

City of Novi

Review Type

City-initiated Rezoning Request from RA Residential Acreage, OS-1 Office Service, and I-1 Light Industrial to the CW City West District

Property Characteristics

- Site Location: South side of Grand River Avenue, east of Beck Road and West of Taft Road
- Site Zoning: RA Residential Acreage, OS-1 Office Service, and I-1 Light Industrial
- Adjoining Zoning: North: City West, EXO Overlay, B-3; South: RM-1, R-1, RA, R-2; East: I-1; West: OST, OSC
- Current Site Use: Delphinus office building, Miracle Software Systems, Gatsby's restaurant, Paradise Park amusement center, Total Sports, Adams Sports Medicine, Raging Cycles, Szechuan Fan restaurant, Redford Lock, MotorCity Floors and Coatings, Grand River Practice Fields, Carol's Upholstery, Harmon Sign Company, Screen Works print shop, Pet Suites, Amstee Airduct Cleaning, Various vacant buildings, vacant lots
- Adjoining Uses: North: Suburban Collection Showplace, Various office/industrial buildings, Fairlane Motel, Dimaria, etc. South: Central Park Estates apartments, Asbury Park neighborhood, Andes Hills neighborhood, Sri Venkateswara Temple, Single family lots; East: Landscaping, Sand & Gravel business; West: Ascension Providence Hospital center
- School District: Novi Community School District
- Area: Approximately 107 acres

Project Summary

City staff previously initiated the rezoning of the 250-acre area between Beck Road and Taft Road, north and south of Grand River Avenue. The subject properties north of Grand River Avenue were successfully rezoned by City Council on May 20, 2024, but the area south of Grand River Avenue was not rezoned at that time.

Based on a request from Mayor Fischer, staff was asked to bring back for reconsideration the southern area, which is approximately 107 acres. The subject area is proposed to be zoned CW City West, a new district that was recommended in the 2016 Master Plan Update and adopted by City Council on May 20, 2024. As indicated in the figure below, some of the parcels to be rezoned are currently developed consistent with Light Industrial

uses and office buildings. Staff is requesting the rezoning in order to bring all parcels within a single zoning district consistent with the Master Plan recommendation to create a cohesive, walkable, mixed-use district.

The adopted City West Zoning Ordinance text and Design Guide (included in the packet) would not need to be amended; the Council's approval of the CW ordinance left open the possibility that the south side of Grand River could be rezoned at some time in the future. Additionally, the rezoning signs are still in place along the south side of Grand River Avenue. The southeast corner of Grand River Avenue and Beck Road is excluded from the request, as the property owner had previously requested that the existing B-3, General Business zoning be maintained.

The following steps are being taken for reconsideration of rezoning property on the south side of Grand River:

1. The Planning Commission was asked to consider the new request and agreed to set a public hearing for an upcoming meeting. **This step was completed at the July 24th Planning Commission meeting.**
2. Staff notified the affected property owners of the new City-initiated rezoning along the south side of Grand River Avenue and seek feedback. **The attached letter provides that notice and was sent out the week of August 6th.**
3. Staff would send out public hearing notices and provide notice in the newspaper. **Notices were sent out in mid-September, for a public hearing at the October 16th Planning Commission meeting.**
4. The Planning Commission will hold the public hearing and provide a recommendation to the City Council on the Zoning Map Amendment.
5. The City Council would consider the Zoning Map Amendment at two readings, followed by publication of the Zoning Map amendment, if it is approved.

Once approved, property owners or applicants would be able to submit site plans for consideration under the terms of the CW ordinance.

Recommendation

Staff **recommends approval** of the proposed Zoning Map Amendment. Approval is recommended for the following reasons:

- ❑ The requested zoning is in generally in compliance with the Master Plan for Land Use, which recommends the establishment of the City West district, as a vibrant, walkable, mixed-use district.
- ❑ The requested rezoning would help further the objective to provide a wide range of housing options in the City.
- ❑ The requested rezoning would help retain and support the growth of existing businesses and attract new businesses to the City of Novi.
- ❑ The requested rezoning would further the objective to develop the City West/Grand River Avenue and Beck Road area in a manner that supports and complements neighboring areas.

Planning Commission Options

The Planning Commission has the following options for its recommendation to City Council:

1. Recommend approval of the rezoning of the parcels to CW, City West (*Staff Recommended*).
2. Deny the request, with the zoning of the property remaining as is.
3. Recommend rezoning of the parcels to any other classification that the Planning Commission determines is appropriate. **NOTE:** This option would require the Planning Commission to hold and send notice for another public hearing with the intention of recommending rezoning to the appropriate designation. At this time, Staff has not reviewed any other alternatives.

Master Plan for Land Use

The 2016 Master Plan Update recommended the creation of a cohesive district that supports long-term vitality and projects a sense of place. "A City West district should use form-based code elements to guide the development of a dense, walkable, unified district featuring a mix of arts, entertainment, retail, restaurant, hotel, convention/exposition, office and residential uses. Standards for streetscape design, sidewalks, public amenities, and structured parking should all be considered. A sub-district permitting different maximum building heights should be established, permitting lower heights south of Grand River, and higher maximums near I-96."

The vision described in the 2016 Master Plan recommended that the City West district north of Grand River would be the highest intensity district in the City of Novi, with buildings up to ten stories and residential density of 30 units per acre. Master Plan open house events garnered comments from both retirees and millennials wanting housing opportunities that would allow them to walk or bike to activity and shopping destinations and within developments that increase the vitality of Novi.

Implementation Committee

The text amendment that created the City West Zoning District was discussed by the Implementation Committee in April 2021, March of 2022, and January of 2023. The proposed rezoning was discussed with the Committee on each occasion as well. The Committee provided feedback and recommended changes to the boundaries of the district. Members of the Implementation Committee recommended the development of the Design Guide to provide visual guidance on the preferred style of developments and to illustrate requirements.

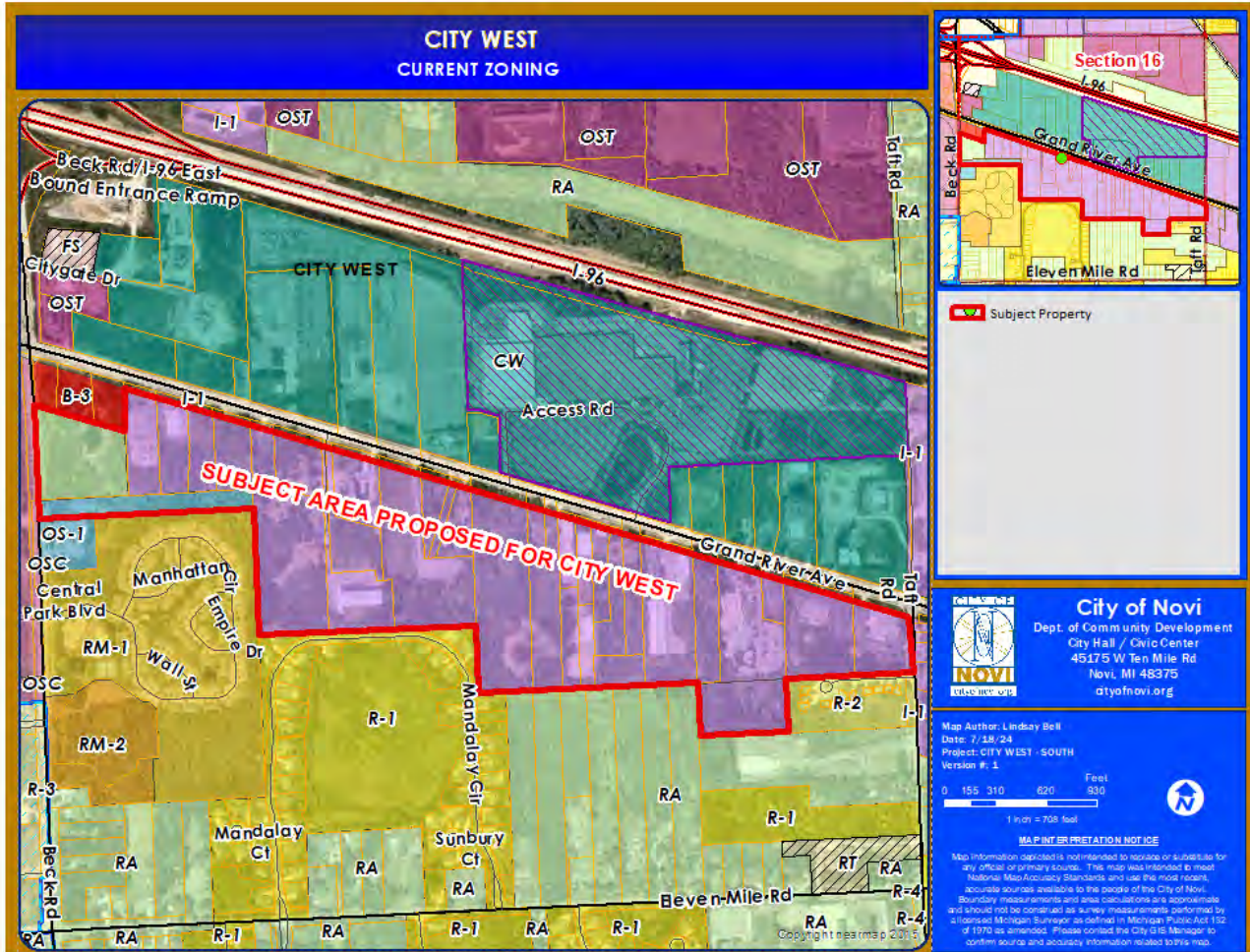
Previous Planning Commission Action

On May 10, 2023 the Planning Commission held a public hearing on the proposed rezoning of both sides of Grand River Avenue and recommended approval to the City Council. The minutes from that meeting are included in the packet. Ultimately City Council only approved the rezoning of the north side of Grand River Avenue.

Existing Zoning and Land Use

The map below shows the zoning for the subject area and surrounding properties. The north side of Grand River has been rezoned to City West. The Suburban Center Showplace

is also covered by the Exposition Overlay district. The area to the south of Grand River is primarily zoned I-1 Light Industrial, except for the area that abuts Beck Road, which is zoned for B-3 General Business, RA Residential Acreage, and OS-1 Office Service.



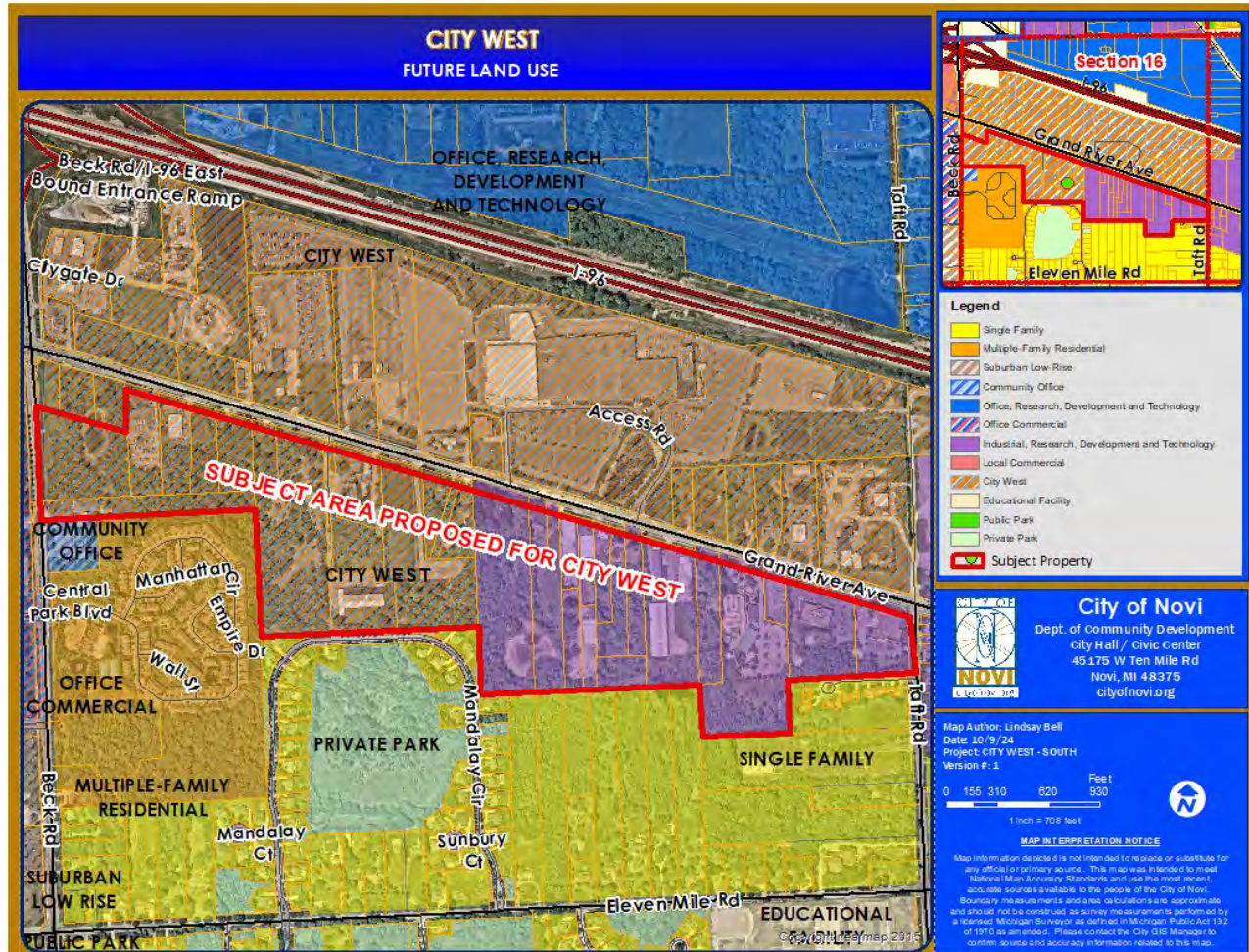
The area to the south is primarily One Family Residential districts, with Central Park Estates zoned RM-1 Low Rise Multiple Family, and a salon zoned OS-1. East of Taft Road is zoned I-1. West of Beck Road is zoned OSC Office Service Commercial (Ascension Providence hospital campus).

Compatibility with Surrounding Land Use

The compatibility of the requested CW zoning with the zoning and uses on the adjacent properties should be considered by the Planning Commission in making the recommendation to City Council on the rezoning request.

Directly to the **north** of the City West area is Interstate 96. A rezoning of the subject property to CW will not adversely affect the properties north of the highway as the interstate forms a significant barrier.

Multifamily apartments and single-family residential uses are located **south** of the subject area. The proposed draft ordinance has been designed to limit the negative impacts on these adjacent uses through increased setbacks and buffering requirements, as well as height limits for the areas closest to the single-family areas.



Directly to the **east** of the proposed City West area are small lots zoned I-1. To the **west** of the subject area is the Ascension Providence hospital campus, and the Westmarket Square retail center. Positive impacts are anticipated as the subject property could provide places for hospital employees to live, shop and dine, and additional hotels for people to stay in near the hospital. Residents in City West will also provide more customers to the Westmarket Square retail center.

Comparison of Zoning Districts

The following table provides a comparison of the two major current zoning classifications (OST and I-1) with the proposed City West.

	I-1 (Existing – Mostly South of Grand River)	CW (Proposed)
Principal	Principal Permitted Uses	Principal Permitted Uses

<p>Permitted Uses & Special Land Uses</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Professional office buildings, offices and office sales and service activities 2. Accessory buildings, structures and uses customarily incident to the above permitted uses 3. Public owned and operated parks, parkways and outdoor recreational facilities 4. Public or private health and fitness facilities and clubs 5. Medical offices, including laboratories and clinics <p>The following uses are subject to Section 4.45:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6. Research and development, technical training and design of pilot or experimental products 7. Data processing and computer centers 8. Warehousing and wholesale establishments 9. Manufacturing 10. Industrial office sales, service and industrial office related uses 11. Trade or industrial schools 12. Laboratories experimental, film or testing 13. Greenhouses 14. Public utility buildings, telephone exchange buildings, electrical transformer stations and substations, and gas regulator stations, other than outside storage and service yards 15. Public or private indoor recreation facilities 16. Private outdoor recreation facilities 17. Pet boarding facilities 18. Veterinary hospitals or clinics 19. Motion picture, television, radio and photographic production facilities 20. Other uses of a similar and no more objectionable character to the above uses 21. Accessory buildings, structures and uses customarily incident to any of the above permitted uses <p>Special Land Uses The following uses shall be permitted where the proposed site does not abut a residentially zoned district:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Metal plating, buffing, polishing and molded rubber products 2. Uses which serve the limited needs of an industrial district (subject to 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Offices, including professional, medical (including labs and clinics) 2. Municipal uses, such as post offices and similar governmental office buildings 3. Day care centers (4.12.2) 4. Financial institutions (4.81) 5. Retail business or service establishments, including restaurants (4.27) 6. Business schools and colleges or private schools operated for profit (4.27) 7. Instructional Centers (4.62) 8. Outdoor theaters, plazas, parks, public gathering places, farmers markets and like public facilities 9. Art galleries, museums, and non-profit community centers 10. Personal service establishments 11. Private recreational facilities, indoor or outdoor 12. Publicly owned and operated parks, pathways, and recreational facilities 13. Transit station 14. Brewpubs and Microbreweries (4.35) 15. Outdoor restaurants (4.84) 16. Principal uses similar to those listed above, as determined by the Planning Commission 17. Off-street parking lots and structures (not to include vehicle storage) 18. Accessory structures and uses customarily incidental to the above permitted uses, except drive-through windows (4.19) <p>Mixed-Use Development Option Permitted Uses –</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Any of the Principal Permitted Uses above 2. Multiple-family residential 3. Live/work units 4. Hotels (4.28.1) 5. Business establishments which perform services on the premises 6. Health and fitness clubs, public or private 7. Dry Cleaning Establishments or Pick Up Stations (4.24)
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	<p>Section 4.43), as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Financial institutions, unions, union halls, and industrial trade schools or industrial clinics b. Industrial tool and equipment sales, service, storage, and distribution c. Eating and drinking establishments and motels <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Automobile service establishment 4. Self-storage facilities 5. Retail sales activities 6. Central dry cleaning plants or laundries 7. Railroad transfer, classification and storage yards 8. Tool, die, gauge and machine shops 9. Storage facilities for building materials, sand, gravel, stone, lumber, storage of contractor's equipment and supplies 10. Municipal uses 11. Motion picture, television, radio and photographic production facilities 12. Outdoor space for parking of licensed rental motor vehicles 13. Accessory buildings, structures and uses customarily incidental to any of the above permitted uses 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 8. Other uses similar to the above uses subject to conditions noted 9. Accessory structures and uses customarily incidental to the above permitted uses (4.19) <p>Special Land Uses</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Amusement and entertainment uses, including theaters, athletic and performing arts venues 2. Private clubs, organizations, cultural facilities, and lodge halls 3. Places of worship 4. Drive throughs, as an accessory to a permitted use (Sec. 5.3.11)
Minimum Lot Size	See Section 3.6.2.D	See Section 3.6.2.D
Minimum Lot Width	See Section 3.6.2.D	See Section 3.6.2.D
Maximum Building Height	40 feet; 25 feet when abutting residential (Section 3.14.5.C)	<p>35 feet within 100 feet of SFR 40 feet between 100-200 feet of SFR North of Grand River: 8 stories with bonus height South of Grand River: 5 stories with bonus height</p>
Building Setbacks	<p>Front Yard: 40 feet Rear Yard: 20 feet, 100 feet when abutting residential (Section 3.6.2.H) Side Yard: 20 feet, 100 feet when abutting residential (Section 3.6.2.H)</p>	<p>Front yard: 20 feet (Major arterials) Rear yard Non-Res: 100 feet for buildings if adjacent to residential Rear yard Residential: 2 feet each foot of building height if adjacent to residential</p>
Parking Setbacks	<p>Front Yard: 40 feet (Section 3.6.2.E) Rear Yard: 10 feet, 100 feet when abutting residential (Section 3.6.2.F) Side Yard: 10 feet, 100 feet when abutting residential (Section 3.6.2.F)</p>	<p>Front yard: 20 feet (Major arterials) Rear yard: 50 feet if adjacent to residential See proposed Ordinance for other yard requirements</p>

Infrastructure Concerns

See the Engineering review letter for specific discussion of water and sewer capacities in the area serving the subject property. The Engineering review indicates there will be an

impact on utility demands as a result of the proposed rezoning. The attached review letter assumes the “worst-case scenario” in terms of required utility capacity. Depending on how the proposed City West District is developed, it will likely result in the need for infrastructure improvements, based on assumptions and a limited study. The Engineering Division plans to continue discussions with Community Development to better understand the demands of the district and to better understand the impact on the City’s infrastructure.

Traffic analysis and the requirements and potential road improvements for any new development will be determined on a site-by-site basis for any property proposed to be developed or redeveloped in the new district. Applicants proposing a new development will need to prepare either a Traffic Impact Statement or Traffic Impact Study as a result of an anticipated number of trips as defined by the Site Plan and Development Manual. Pedestrian improvement opportunities are being considered along the Grand River Avenue Corridor as a part of a larger study that is being contemplated.

Natural Features

The attached maps from the City’s mapping portal show that there are regulated wetland and woodland at various locations throughout the subject area. The City’s maps provide an approximation of the location of the woodlands and wetlands without specific surveying of those areas. The actual location of any woodlands and wetlands will need to be field verified by applicants with the submittal of any site plan for the parcels, and verified by the City’s consultants. Any proposed impacts to these natural features will be reviewed and discussed during the site plan submittal for any project on the property, and follow the typical standards for review and approval according to the City’s ordinances, including Wetland and Woodland permitting.

Submittal Requirements

The City’s Department of Public Works staff has placed the rezoning signs on properties along the Grand River Avenue corridor and at Beck Road and Taft Road, in accordance with the public hearing requirements for the proposed rezoning. Staff has verified the locations and language provide on the signs that meet the standards of the City’s Site Plan and Development Manual.

Lindsay Bell, *AICP*, Senior Planner
Barbara McBeth, *AICP*, City Planner

UTILITY DEMAND MEMO

MEMORANDUM



TO: VICTOR CARDENAS, INTERIM CITY MANAGER
FROM: BEN CROY, CITY ENGINEER
SUBJECT: CITY WEST DISTRICT UTILITY DEMANDS
DATE: JUNE 8, 2023

The Department of Public Works Engineering Division has been working with the Community Development Department projecting assumptions regarding anticipated utility demand within the proposed City West District (Grand River between Beck Road and Taft Road). Based on these discussions, the City West District potential development is estimated to demand 1,550 REUs for water service. One REU (Residential Equivalency Unit) equates to the utility demand from one single-family home. Water system improvements will be required to maintain adequate water pressures in the western limits of the city regardless of whether the area develops as proposed or as currently zoned. No improvements are anticipated to be required for the sanitary sewer system.

The City West District is located within the Intermediate Pressure District. Other areas in this pressure district (Section 18 and Sections 29-32) along the western extremities of the city currently maintain pressures and flow rates on the low end of desired ranges and could drop below minimums as demand in other areas increase. This future condition was identified and evaluated in the 2014 Water Master Plan Update. At that time, several projects were recommended to address the need for improvements with additional development. The attached map and table from the 2014 update have been updated with capital projects completed by the City or as part of private development projects. The attached also includes proposed projects which complete the entire water system improvement plan. The proposed improvements include ~9,100 feet of water main along Eight Mile, Napier and Nine Mile (referred to as the Southwest Loop projects #091-14, #091-23, #091-15 considered Phase 1), and the decommissioning of a pressure reducing valve, estimated at \$4-5M and \$200k, respectively.

Coincidentally, around the same time the City West District was being discussed, a new residential development, Parc Vista, was being proposed in the southwest portion of the City on Eight Mile west of Garfield. During the design of this site, staff identified the need for system improvements to maintain the desired minimum flows of 2,000 GPM required for fire protection. The addition of the Southwest Loop will increase flows above this standard and eliminate a long dead-end in the system. Elimination of dead ends is good standard practice to avoid water quality issues, decrease pressure fluctuations and provide redundancy (same as GLWA's regional redundancy main project only scaled to Novi system). Additionally, the Southwest Loop would provide water service to the ITC Sports Park in the future if desired.

As the City develops, system demands are continuously evaluated to identify appropriate infrastructure improvements. Like the improvements discussed above, numerous projects have been identified in the 2014 or earlier master plans, and as additional demand is anticipated, these projects can be implemented. Occasionally private development fills

gaps in the system, but there is no significant private development to make the Southwest Loop. Therefore, staff recommends executing these projects as capital improvements per the Master Plan. Just as the Island Lake Booster Station (#IL-07) was completed as the first step in expanding the west side system, staff continues to evaluate needs as they arise, versus implementing unnecessary improvements. These proposed pressure district expansions have appeared in the CIP at various times, most recently back in FY 2019-20. Consequently, the projects were removed as the certainty of the proposed developments was not confirmed.

Per the Master Plan the Island Lake Pressure District Expansion has been planned for completion in two phases, the first of which Phase 1 is discussed herein. The second phase would complete the district expansion (projects #IL-01, #IL-04, #IL-05) and would be implemented at the appropriate time based on system modeling following further development.

CITY WEST ORDINANCE 18.296

ADOPTED MAY 20, 2024

STATE OF MICHIGAN
COUNTY OF OAKLAND
CITY OF NOVI

ORDINANCE NO. 18.296

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE CITY OF NOVI CODE OF ORDINANCES, ORDINANCE 14-271, THE CITY OF NOVI ZONING ORDINANCE, AS AMENDED, AT ARTICLE 3.0 ZONING DISTRICTS, ADD SECTION 3.1.30 TO ESTABLISH THE CW – CITY WEST DISTRICT, SECTION 3.33 CITY WEST REQUIRED CONDITIONS, SECTION 3.34 CITY WEST MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT OPTION, RENUMBERING GENERAL EXCEPTIONS TO SECTION 3.35, AND TO AMEND ARTICLE 4.0 USE STANDARDS, SECTION 4.12 GROUP DAY CARE HOMES, DAY CARE CENTERS AND ADULT DAY CARE CENTERS, SECTION 4.24 DRY CLEANING ESTABLISHMENTS, SECTION 4.27 RETAIL BUSINESS OR SERVICE ESTABLISHMENTS, SECTION 4.28 HOTELS AND MOTELS, SECTION 4.31 VETERINARY HOSPITALS AND CLINICS, SECTION 4.35 MICROBREWERIES AND BREWPUBS, SECTION 4.62 INSTRUCTIONAL CENTERS, AND SECTION 4.81 FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS. ALL BEING DONE TO CREATE AND ADD REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CITY WEST (CW) DISTRICT. AMEND ARTICLE 2, SECTION 2.2 DEFINITIONS, TO ADD A DEFINITION FOR WORKFORCE HOUSING. AMEND ARTICLE 3.0 ZONING DISTRICTS, SECTION 3.1.15 EXO EXPOSITION OVERLAY DISTRICT AND 3.25 EXO OVERLAY DISTRICT REQUIRED CONDITIONS, TO CHANGE THE UNDERLYING ZONING OF THE EXO OVERLAY DISTRICT TO CITY WEST.

THE CITY OF NOVI ORDAINS:

Part I.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 3.0, Zoning Districts, Section 3.1 Districts Established, is hereby amended to add a new district as number 30 CW City West District.

Part II.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 3.0, Zoning Districts, Section 3.1 Districts Established, is hereby amended to add section 3.1.30 as follows:

3.1.30 CW City West District

A. Intent and General Provisions

1. Description of the District. The City West district permits a mix of uses, including amusement and entertainment uses, office, commercial, and multiple-family housing, that are appropriate within the context of the City West area. Key design concepts include multiple-story buildings that frame the internal street network, a corridor of buildings massed along Grand River Avenue, shared access and parking, a mix of uses including commercial and multi-family residential, and public gathering spaces.

Buildings should have high-quality materials and allow for changing uses over time. Development will be pedestrian-oriented, with a high degree of transparency on the ground level and functional, attractive outdoor amenities such as plazas and pocket parks with seating and lighting. Parking is placed to the side or rear of main buildings, preferably in parking structures, driveways are consolidated from the major thoroughfare, and on-street parking is permitted on secondary streets.

2. Intent. The intent of the City West district is to encourage high-quality and distinctive development that will complement and support nearby areas. The district will reflect an inviting and vibrant identity for this area of the City's Grand River Corridor while implementing land use planning and development techniques that result in a pleasing, compatible, visual presence. Assembly of small lots and long, narrow lots into larger development parcels is anticipated and encouraged to provide coordinated development with consolidated access points. Minimum lot and frontage thresholds are established for the mixed-use development option to further this objective. Shared parking is strongly encouraged, and vehicular and pedestrian connections between sites is expected.

The district allows a wide range of principal uses. In conjunction with different height, area, and bulk standards, this should increase development and re-development opportunities that will look demonstratively different than existing uses.

Additionally, some of the objectives of the district are intended to be accomplished or facilitated by the establishment of an optional development approval process, the Mixed-Use Development Option (MDO). Under this optional form of development:

- Mixing of uses is permitted, either vertically or horizontally.
- Building heights are greater than most traditional commercial districts in the city.
- Floor area ratios and densities are increased to allow economies of scale.
- Required setbacks are reduced to encourage a development pattern that frames the primary street frontage.

Under the MDO concept, a wider variety of retail, commercial, office, and residential uses and open spaces are permitted, to further the creation of a dynamic mix of compatible uses. As a trade-off for this greater flexibility, regulations regarding streetscape and landscape design, provisions for parking facilities, architectural and façade design, multi-family residential dwelling units, and setback standards are incorporated into the district, resulting in a mix of some form-based standards and more conventional guidance. See the City West Design Guide for examples of the development vision and guidelines for projects in this district. The MDO, if successfully implemented, should:

- Encourage the use of land in accordance with its character and surroundings;
- Conserve natural resources and natural features;
- Encourage innovation and creativity in land use planning;
- Enhance pedestrian and cycling activity within the district and to surrounding destinations;

- Provide enhanced housing, cultural, and recreational opportunities for the people of the City; and
- Bring about a greater compatibility of design and use between and among neighboring properties.

B. Principal Permitted Uses –

- i. Offices, including professional, medical (including labs and clinics)
- ii. Municipal uses, such as post offices and similar governmental office buildings
- iii. Day care centers (4.12.2)
- iv. Financial institutions (4.81)
- v. Retail business or service establishments, including restaurants (4.27)
- vi. Business schools and colleges or private schools operated for profit (4.27)
- vii. Instructional Centers (4.62)
- viii. Outdoor theaters, plazas, parks, public gathering places, farmers markets and like public facilities
- ix. Art galleries, museums, and non-profit community centers
- x. Personal service establishments
- xi. Private recreational facilities, indoor or outdoor
- xii. Publicly owned and operated parks, pathways, and recreational facilities
- xiii. Transit station
- xiv. Brewpubs and Microbreweries (4.35)
- xv. Outdoor restaurants (4.84)
- xvi. Principal uses similar to those listed above, as determined by the Planning Commission
- xvii. Off-street parking lots and structures (not to include vehicle storage)
- xviii. Accessory structures and uses customarily incidental to the above permitted uses, except drive-through windows (4.19)

C. Mixed-Use Development Option Permitted Uses –

- i. Any of the Principal Permitted Uses above
- ii. Multiple-family residential
- iii. Live/work units
- iv. Hotels (4.28.1) – North of Grand River Only
- v. Business establishments which perform services on the premises
- vi. Health and fitness clubs, public or private
- vii. Dry Cleaning Establishments or Pick Up Stations (4.24)
- viii. Other uses similar to the above uses subject to conditions noted
- ix. Accessory structures and uses customarily incidental to the above permitted uses (4.19)

D. Special Land Uses

- i. Amusement and entertainment uses, including theaters, athletic and performing arts venues
- ii. Private clubs, organizations, cultural facilities, and lodge halls
- iii. Places of worship
- iv. Drive throughs, as an accessory to a permitted use (Sec. 5.3.11)
- v. Veterinary hospitals and clinics (4.31)

E. Development Standards

Lot size, Lot Coverage, Lot width:

See section 3.6.2.D

Open Space:

Minimum Gross Open Space: 15% (see Section 3.33.4.1.F)

Minimum Usable Open Space: 150 sq ft per dwelling unit

Building Setbacks

Minimum front yard setback: See Section 3.33.1.E

Minimum rear yard setback: See Section 3.33.1.E

Minimum side yard setback: See Section 3.33.1.E

Building Height

Minimum building height: 20 feet

Maximum building height: 2 stories

Parking Lot Setbacks

Front yard setback: Front yard parking is not permitted, unless it is on-street, except as otherwise provided. See Section 3.33.1.E

Rear yard setback: 10 feet; If adjacent to existing residential zoning district a minimum of 50 feet is required

Side yard setback: 10 feet; If adjacent to existing single family residential zoning district a minimum of 100 feet is required

3.6.2 Applicability of Notes to District Standards

- o City West Districts: D, M

Part III.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 3, Zoning Districts, is amended to add a new Section 3.33, City West Required Conditions, as follows in its entirety:

3.33 City West District REQUIRED CONDITIONS

1. The following standards shall apply to all uses permitted in the district except as indicated otherwise in this ordinance, or where different or additional standards are either authorized or required for developments utilizing the Mixed-Use Development Option (MDO) in Section 3.34.

- A. Site Plans. Site plans shall be submitted for preliminary approval by the Planning Commission, in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance and other applicable ordinances in Section 6, unless the proposed plan qualifies for administrative review per Section 6.1.C.

- B. Nonconforming Uses and Buildings: A use or structure that is lawfully operating/existing as of the date this Section takes effect shall be considered a legal non-conforming use, so long as it remains otherwise lawful, subject to the following:
 - a. Such uses may be enlarged or increased by up to 10 percent of the existing total floor area, provided the resulting total floor area does not exceed the maximum floor area ratio of 0.275 as described below.
 - b. Any changes to the building or site at these locations that require site plan approval as described in Section 6.1 shall also require Planning Commission approval under the requirements of the Special Land Use permit approval provisions of that Section.

- C. Maximum floor area ratio (FAR): The maximum FAR (ratio of gross square feet of building area to gross land area of site, less prescribed right-of-way) shall be 0.275. Where an addition is proposed to an existing structure, the total resultant structure or combination of structures on-site shall be used in the calculations.

- D. Building and Parking Setbacks: Building and parking setback requirements, except as otherwise specified herein, shall be as noted in the table below, as measured from the future Right-of-Way line. These setback requirements may be reduced or increased by the approving body where strict adherence would serve no good purpose or where the overall intent of the district would be better served by allowing a lesser or greater setback, provided that:

- i. An increase or reduction of a setback will not impair the health, safety or general welfare of the city as related to the use of the premises or adjacent premise,
- ii. The increase or reduction of the setback along a common parcel line between two premises would result in a more desirable relationship between a proposed building and an existing building,
- iii. The increase or reduction of the setback would create a more desirable viewshed along the corridor, and
- iv. The adherence to the required setback would result in the establishment of non-usable land area that could create maintenance problems.

3.33.1.E. Setback Requirements for CW Districts		
Arterials (Grand River, Beck)	Minimum (feet)	Maximum (feet)
Building - Front	20	65
Building - Exterior side ¹	20	65
Parking ⁴	20	None
Nonresidential collectors and local streets	Minimum (feet)	Maximum (feet)
Building – Front	10	20
Building - Exterior Side ¹	0	none
Parking (rear and side yard) ⁴	10	none
Private Drives, Aisles & Shared Access Drives	Minimum (feet)	Maximum (feet)
Building – Front	10	none
Building - Exterior Side ¹	10	none
Parking (rear and side yard) ⁴	10	none
I-96 Highway ROW	Minimum (feet)	Maximum (feet)
Building ¹	75	none
Parking ⁴	30	none
Adjacent to Single Family	Minimum (feet)	Maximum (feet)
Building – Non-residential use	100	none
Building - Residential use	100	none
Parking (rear and side yard) ⁴	100 feet	none
Notes to Table		

1. Rear and interior side yard building setbacks are not prescribed, except as noted or as necessary to meet landscaping or other requirements, or where the Planning Commission or City Council determines buildings or parking require additional distance for safety, protection of natural features, or to enhance compatibility.
2. Distance Between Buildings: Buildings with a front-to-front relationship shall have a minimum separation of forty (40) feet. Buildings with a front-to-rear or front-to-side relationship shall have a minimum separation of thirty (30) feet. All other buildings shall have a minimum separation of twenty (20) feet, or thirty (30) feet for buildings sixty (60) feet or more in height, unless otherwise provided for in these district regulations.
3. The front yard setback shall be increased at intersections where necessary to obtain the appropriate clear vision area. Clear vision area shall comply with standards set forth in Section 5.9, Corner Clearance, or any more restrictive standards adopted by the Road Commission for Oakland County (RCOC).
4. Parking Setbacks.
 - a. Front yard off-street parking is generally not permitted as it detracts from the intent to create a pedestrian-oriented district. If parking in the front yard is determined to be essential to the site layout and uses, it shall be limited to one bay of parking and observe a minimum of a 10-foot setback with greenbelt. Surface parking lots shall be screened from all major thoroughfares by: (1) a two and one-half (2.5) foot ornamental brick or stone wall with intermittent landscaped breaks; or (2) semi-transparent screening such as brick pilaster with metal decorative fence in order to maintain attractive streetscapes as approved by the City's Landscape Architect. Landscaping, 12 - 36 inches in height, along the street side of walls or fences shall be provided.
 - b. Side yard parking adjacent to a front yard shall be setback from the front façade of the building by a minimum of five (5) feet. See illustration in Section 3.11.6.A. Screening as described above is required.
 - c. Off-street parking areas may be located within the exterior side yard along arterial roads if the primary building is oriented to front on a non-residential collector or local street. If parking is located in a side yard, the minimum setback of at least twenty (20) feet is required from the right-of-way line of any major thoroughfare, presently existing or as planned by the Road Commission for Oakland County or the City of Novi Master Plan.
 - d. Off-street parking areas adjacent to a single-family district shall be screened with a 5-foot wall or landscaped berm.

- F. Height. Buildings shall be a minimum of 20 feet with quality architectural design and a maximum of two stories, except as otherwise provided under the MDO. Uncovered roof seating areas for restaurant uses may be permitted by the Planning Commission upon a demonstration by the applicant that such seating would not jeopardize public safety and/or privacy of adjoining uses and would

not result in any other adverse consequences to the surrounding area, and particularly to residential uses.

- G. Pedestrian Development Amenities. Proposed developments, through innovative planning, design, and architecture, shall create a significant pedestrian orientation in keeping with the intent and purpose of the district and shall take into consideration the City West Design Guide recommendations. There shall be a system of pedestrian connections within and between all developments to enable pedestrians to safely and conveniently access nearby destinations. Benches, plazas, landscaping and other features to create attractive micro-destinations are required. Stubbed sidewalk connections to undeveloped adjacent parcels shall be provided at suitable locations.
- H. Sidewalks and Bicycle Facilities. Sidewalks with a minimum width of 6 feet are required abutting any street or internal road, and shall be placed at least 5 feet from the curb where street trees are required. Along major thoroughfares sidewalks shall be 8 to 10 feet wide as shown in the Active Mobility Plan. Sidewalks are also required between vehicular parking areas and building facades with pedestrian entrances. Bicycle parking shall meet or exceed the standards set forth in Section 5.16, and bike paths shall be provided in accordance with the Active Mobility Plan.
- I. Open Space. A minimum of fifteen (15) percent of the gross site area of a commercial or mixed-use development shall be devoted to publicly accessible, permanently landscaped usable open spaces and pedestrian plaza areas (such as internal walkways, linear or pocket parks, plazas, or other space for gathering accessible to occupants and invitees). Small strips of landscaped area, landscaped end islands in parking lots, and similar areas that are less than 20 feet wide shall not be counted toward the required open space on the site. All landscaped open spaces and pedestrian plaza areas shall be maintained by the owners of the development it serves.

Up to 50 percent of the required open space may consist of areas that are regulated by City of Novi woodland and/or wetland ordinances if they are permanently protected by conservation easements. Wherever open spaces shall be created or preserved, they shall be physically connected, when possible, to adjacent open space areas.

Usable open spaces required for multi-family development units may count toward the 15 percent requirement if the spaces are publicly accessible (e.g., not private patios, roof decks, balconies, fitness rooms and clubhouses) and part of an integrated development plan. Usable open spaces must be clearly designed for active or passive recreational or leisure use and have a minimum dimension of

twenty feet in every direction (private spaces like patios or balconies may be less). Open space intended to serve all the units of a project shall be accessible and convenient to all units. Private open space shall be accessible and convenient to the units intended to be served. Active recreational facilities for children in appropriate projects are encouraged, and shall be a minimum of 250 square feet.

- J. Facades. All sites in the City West districts are subject to Region 1 standards of Section 5.15. In addition, all exterior walls of any main or accessory building shall be composed of the same or complementary architectural building facade materials as others on the site. Exterior building facades shall be primarily of brick or stone, which may be augmented by materials complementary to brick or stone. When renovations, alterations, or additions are made to an existing building within the City West district, the exterior building facades of the entire building shall be brought into compliance with this subsection.

Architectural design and facade material are to be complementary to existing or proposed buildings within the site and the surrounding area. It is not intended that contrasts in architectural design and use of facade materials is to be discouraged, but care shall be taken so that any such contrasts will not be so out of character with existing building designs and facade materials so as to create an adverse effect on the stability and value of the surrounding area.

- K. Parking, Loading, Landscaping, Lighting, etc. All sites must comply with Article 5, Site Standards, regarding all applicable requirements, including off-street parking, landscaping, exterior lighting, and buffers/walls, as those standards relate to uses permitted in the City West district, except as otherwise stated. Notwithstanding the above, loading and unloading may be in a side or rear yard, and shall be located as to be inconspicuous and properly screened. The approving body may modify the size requirement for a loading area, an alternate location, or approve a shared loading area between buildings, when the applicant provides ample justification that the uses proposed will be adequately served.

In those areas where on-street parking is permitted, off-street parking requirements may be reduced by the number of on-street parking spaces adjacent to a use. Parking requirements may be reduced when the approving body determines that given parking areas serve dual functions by providing parking capacity for separate uses which have peak parking demand periods which do not overlap. The applicant shall submit a Shared Parking Study based on requirements set forth in Section 5.2.7 to provide justification for the request. Applicant shall also provide information on cross-access and maintenance agreements.

In those instances when a parking structure, underground parking or municipal parking lot is constructed pursuant to a special assessment district, a parking

exempt district shall be created for that area served by the improvement and assessed for its cost.

- L. Vehicular Access. Vehicular access to a development site shall be designed to provide safe and efficient distribution of traffic to and from the site and should form a logical street network connecting to adjacent parcels in the district where appropriate. Access design that results in an undue intensification of traffic congestion shall be prohibited. Multiple curb cuts onto major arterials is discouraged.
- M. Street and Roadway Rights-of-Way. Nonresidential collector and local streets within the City West district shall provide rights-of-way and road cross sections consistent with the City's Design and Construction Standards. Additional rights-of-way area shall be provided where boulevards, squares or traffic circles are created. The local street network shall be designed to accommodate motorized and non-motorized users.
- N. Storm Water Detention. The use of underground and shared storm water facilities meeting all relevant standards should be used to the extent feasible to achieve permitted densities while protecting existing natural resources.

Part IV.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 3, Zoning Districts, is amended to add a new Section 3.34, Mixed Use Development Option for the City West District, as follows in its entirety:

3.34 Mixed Use Development Option (MDO) for the City West District

- 1. Intent and General Application. The MDO expands the number and kind of uses permitted in the district. In addition to permitting quality residential development and facilitating mixed-use developments, including multiple-family residential, office, and commercial uses, this optional form of development allows for increased building height—up to 110 ft—and increased floor area ratios (FAR), as well as the opportunity to deviate from height, area, and bulk standards provided the deviations benefit the development and are considered in context with the surrounding area.

The granting of a Mixed-Use Development Option application requires review and recommendation by the Planning Commission and approval of the City Council, under the process contemplated in MCL 125.3503. As part of the review and appeal process, and in light of the potential additional uses and flexible building standards, the development may be subject to certain conditions, and will have to demonstrate conformance with the Design Guide adopted by the City as part of this ordinance.

For purposes of this Section 3.34, the "City West North" area shall be that part of the district north of Grand River Avenue, and the "City West South" shall be that part of the District south of Grand River Avenue.

2. Uses permitted subject to approval of a Mixed-Use Development Option

- A. For developments utilizing the Mixed-Use Development Option (MDO) the uses listed under Section 3.1.30.B, C, and D will be permitted, with a minimum combination of two distinct use classifications. Multiple-family residential dwellings, including senior, age-qualified, or independent housing, may be proposed as a stand-alone use.
- B. MDO Projects with a single use may be considered for density reserved for mixed-use projects if there is a clearly designed relationship between complementary uses, including direct pedestrian connections and building entrances located within 300 feet measured along the pedestrian route.

3. Eligibility Criteria

- A. MDO projects shall require the applicant to demonstrate that each particular use (or single use, as applicable), as well as the quantity and location of such use(s), would result in a reasonable and mutually supportive mix of uses on the site, and a compatibility of uses in harmony with the surrounding area and other nearby areas of the City, as intended in this Article.
- B. Minimum acreage for a project is five (5) acres, unless varied by City Council approval with a demonstration by the applicant that the proposed development on less land meets the standards of Section 3.34, and subsections 3.33.1 and 3.33.3, and that the proposed development exemplifies the intent of this Article as stated in Section 3.1.30.A and the Design Guide.
- C. Minimum public road frontage is three hundred (300) feet unless varied by City Council.

4. General Approval Standards

- A. As part of the application and review for site plan approval, the applicant for the MDO must demonstrate the following:
 - i. The project will result in a recognizable and substantial benefit to the ultimate users of the project and to the community, where such benefit would otherwise be unfeasible or unlikely to be achieved by a traditional development.
 - ii. Relative to a development otherwise permissible as a Principal Permitted Use under Section 3.1.30.B, the proposed type and density of development shall not result in an unreasonable increase in the use of public services, facilities and utilities, and shall not place an unreasonable burden upon the subject and/or surrounding land and/or property owners and occupants.
 - iii. The layout of the site is designed to minimize the negative impact on existing natural features, including woodlands and wetland areas. Where buffers to adjacent uses are required, preserving existing natural features is a preferable strategy to replacement and mitigation if appropriate visual and audible screening can be achieved.
 - iv. Based upon the proposed uses, layout and design of the overall project, the proposed building facade treatment, the proposed landscaping treatment and the proposed amenities, the MDO project will result in a material enhancement to the area of the City in which it is situated.

- v. The proposed development will not have a materially adverse impact upon the Master Plan for Land Use of the City and will be consistent with the intent and spirit of this Section.
- vi. Each proposed use in the development, as well as the size and location of such use, will result in and contribute to a reasonable and mutually supportive mix of uses on the site, and/or a compatibility of uses in harmony with the surrounding area and other nearby areas of the City.
- vii. The land area proposed for development represents a cohesive and logical consolidation of parcels to allow a coordinated project to be brought forward.
- viii. The proposed development will be under single ownership and/or control such that there is a single person or entity having responsibility for completing the project in conformity with this Ordinance. This provision shall not prohibit a transfer of ownership and/or control, upon completion of one or more phases or upon 1) due notice to the City Clerk, 2) appropriate and customary approval by other City officials and 3) financial guarantees for completion of improvements.

5. Project Design Standards. The following design standards shall apply to MDO projects:

- A. General Design Standards. The following design standards shall apply to all projects:
 - i. Permitted non-residential uses may be allowed in combination with other permitted non-residential or residential uses, based upon a layout and integrated plan approved as part of the site plan.
 - ii. The design standards for non-residential uses shall be based upon the regulations in this Ordinance applicable to the corresponding uses, provided that modified design standards may be approved by the City Council based upon a demonstration by the applicant of the following, and the findings of Section 3.34.7.A.i.d:
 - a. The proposed uses will complement and support the intent of the City West district, the convention center and other established uses within this area of the City.
 - b. The project has shown that design coordination and connection with adjacent property, developed or not, has been accomplished.
 - c. An attractive street-level environment has been achieved that focuses on the pedestrian experience and provides public space amenities, with recommendations from the Active Mobility Plan incorporated.
 - d. Vehicular safety provisions and controls have been applied particularly with regard to access to major thoroughfares.
 - e. Aesthetic quality is improved in terms of design, exterior materials and landscaping, including internal compatibility within the development as well as its relationship to surrounding properties to accommodate future development.
 - f. Preservation of natural features is achieved.

- iii. There is underground installation of utilities, including electricity and telecommunications facilities, as found necessary or appropriate by the approving body.
- iv. In order to provide efficient circulation and reduce driveways and curb cuts along Grand River Avenue, all development sites fronting Grand River Avenue shall be constructed to maximize traffic safety. Toward this end, to the extent feasible internal access drive networks shall be established and utilized as local streets. The shared access drives shall be privately owned and maintained, have a cross-section meeting the City's local street standards, and shall be governed by a cross-access agreement that provides for public access at all times and shall be recorded with the Oakland County Register of Deeds after review and approval by the City Attorney.

The shared access drive shall be a minimum of twenty-eight (28) feet wide (from back of curb) and shall be placed within a thirty-six-foot (36) (minimum) private easement. Parallel parking may be permitted along said shared access drive provided an access aisle of 26 feet is maintained. The local street network shall be designed to accommodate motorized and non-motorized users.

The City Council may waive the requirement for a shared access drive where it is not feasible to extend it to another property due to 1) environmental limitations, 2) incompatible adjacent development, 3) shallow lots, or 4) other unique site features.

- v. The City Council shall resolve ambiguities in the interpretation of applicable regulations using the Zoning Ordinance, Master Plan, the Design Guide, and the intent of this Article and other City standards or policies as a guide.

B. Bonus height. Buildings in an MDO project may exceed the height stated in the Development Standards, except those buildings located within 300 feet of a single-family district, subject to the following:

- i. Bonus height may be granted under the following circumstances:
 - a. If underground or structured parking is provided, the maximum height of the building may be increased up to 2 additional floors (1 story per 125 spaces provided);
 - b. If dedicated Open Space or preservation of natural areas is provided in excess of 25 percent of the total site area, the maximum height of the building may be increased an additional story.
 - c. The provision and use of energy and water efficient design, water conservation, reuse and preservation of resources, and sustainable lifestyle solutions such as electric vehicle charging or integration of solar arrays. Applicants shall provide a narrative explaining how

sustainability elements will be incorporated and quantify the impacts of those strategies. For qualifying for LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) certification, or equivalent for green building strategies, the maximum height of the building may be increased (up to 2 stories for Platinum).

- d. Providing 15 percent or more residential units targeted for workforce housing as defined in Section 2 (1 story bonus).
- ii. Building height, including bonuses earned, shall not exceed one hundred fifteen (115) feet or 8 stories, whichever is less, in the City West North area or 55 feet or 4 stories, whichever is less, in the City West South area.
- iii. Buildings utilizing this subsection shall be designed to minimize their impact on surrounding existing uses and roadways, including, but not limited to, building design elements such as variation in building materials, mitigation of exterior and interior building lighting, and utilization of building relief strategies (including step-backs of higher stories).
- iv. For all buildings utilizing bonus height strategies above, the City Council, following a recommendation by the Planning Commission, shall make a finding that the additional height will complement and be compatible with the vision for the district with respect to the size, height, area, and configuration of adjacent or surrounding parcels and structures and any other relevant characteristics and interest. The City Council shall determine whether the architectural design of the buildings provides adequate building relief to minimize the mass and height of the building and will not have a negative impact on the goal of creating a cohesive, walkable district.

6. Required Site Development Conditions for MDO projects

- A. The required conditions listed within Section 3.33 must be met except as otherwise permitted within this Section 3.34
- B. The following standards are required for residential-only buildings, either as a component in a mixed-use or a single-use development:
 - i. All residential structures shall have a minimum of two (2) stories or equivalent height.
 - ii. The minimum distance between townhouse buildings shall be twenty (20) feet. No more than eight (8) attached townhouse units in a single building.
 - iii. The minimum distance between multifamily buildings shall be one-half (1/2) the height of the taller building.
 - iv. The length/depth of a building shall not exceed four (4) times the height of the building.
 - v. Private community swimming pools and similar private amenities shall not require additional parking spaces except for barrier free spaces.

- vi. Off-street parking shall not be placed within ten (10) feet of any wall of a dwelling structure. Units that have garages may be permitted parking on garage aprons if parking space dimensions are met without encroaching on sidewalks.
 - vii. Landscaping for residential-only buildings (See Section 5.5 for definitions):
 - a. Multi-family Unit Trees: 1.5 trees per first floor unit
 - b. Multi-family Unit Shrubs: 2 shrubs per first floor unit
 - c. Interior Street Trees: 1 canopy tree per 50 linear feet (less driveway widths)
 - viii. Parking requirements:
 - a. Studio and 1-bedroom units: 1 space per unit
 - b. 2+ bedroom units: 2 spaces per unit
- C. The following additional site development conditions shall apply to all MDO projects:
- i. Commercial and office uses may occupy any number of total floors within a building used for residential uses. No commercial or office use shall be located on the same floor as residential use, unless it is considered a live work unit, and no floor may be used for commercial or office purposes which is located above a floor used for residential purposes.
 - ii. All trash receptacles and trash collection areas shall be screened from view and shall not be placed within ten (10) feet of any wall of a dwelling structure which contains openings involving living areas.
 - iii. HVAC units that are not placed on the roof of a structure must be located away from openings to dwellings, including windows, and must be screened from view.
 - iv. Buildings may be permitted to have parking on the ground level of the building. The parking inside the building must be aesthetically and effectively screened from view through architectural design, landscaping, or other means, from adjacent drives, walkways and buildings, and particularly from the street level view.
- D. The following densities/intensities shall be permitted based on mixed-use or single-use developments:

Table 3.34.6.D Development Density/Intensity – Based on Net Site Area

	Residential Only	Mixed-Use Developments	Mixed-Use Developments
A. Maximum Density¹		Single Use Building	Multi-Use Building
City West North	20 du/ac	25 du/ac	30 du/ac
City West South	10 du/ac	15 du/ac	20 du/ac
B. Floor Area Ratio¹			
City West North		2.0 FAR	2.5 FAR
City West South		1.0 FAR	1.5 FAR

C. Maximum Building Height ²			
City West North	65 feet	65 feet	65 feet
City West South	35 feet	45 feet	45 feet
D. Minimum Building Height ²			
City West North	35 feet	40 feet	40 feet
City West South	25 feet	25 feet	35 feet

Notes to Table

1. For all development, density/intensity shall be calculated for the net site area of the development.
2. All structures within 200 feet of a one-family residential district shall be limited to 35 feet in height. Any structure more than 200 feet but less than 300 feet of a one-family residential district shall be limited to a maximum of 45 feet or three stories. In all other locations building height may be exceeded with bonus height as described in subsection 3.34.5.B.
3. Buildings with a front-to-front relationship shall have a minimum separation of 40 feet. Buildings with a front-to-rear or front-to-side relationship shall have a minimum separation of 30 feet. All other interior buildings shall have a minimum separation of 20 feet, or 30 feet for buildings 60 feet or more in height.

E. Landscape Standards at Major Thoroughfares

- i. Greenbelt: A landscape planting buffer is required to improve the appearance from the right-of-way, including screening off-site parking and access drive areas.
 - a. Greenbelt that is adjacent to on-site drives or parking shall be a minimum of 10-feet in width, with a brick wall 3 feet in height to provide screening, and small plantings on the street side. The wall should be placed 3 feet from the curb. Trees should be planted within 4-foot gaps between wall sections.
 - b. Greenbelt that is not adjacent to parking or drive shall be a minimum of 20 feet in width. No screening wall is required.
 - c. The following greenbelt landscaping is required: 1 canopy tree per 30 feet or 1.5 subcanopy trees per 30 feet (less drive width). Trees to be evenly spaced.

F. Landscape Requirements for Mixed-Use and Commercial Buildings are shown in Table 3.34.6.F below:

Table 3.34.6.F Landscaping Requirements for Mixed Use/Commercial Buildings	
Location	Minimum Requirement
i. Interior Drives	

Street trees	1 canopy tree per 75 feet ¹ on both sides, spaced not closer than 25 feet
Minimum greenspace/tree	200 sf or silva cells (or comparable alternative) with 1,000 ft ³
ii. Foundation Landscaping	
Sidewalk 12 ft or wider	15% of building frontage, 2-3 feet depth
Sidewalk less than 12 ft	None
iii. Open Space	
Paved gathering areas	5% landscaped, including movable planters
Outdoor dining areas	60% of periphery landscaped with permanent planting beds or movable planters
Primarily unpaved areas	1 canopy tree + 1 subcanopy tree + 10 shrubs per 5,000 sf of area
Landscaping feature	1 per 10,000 sf of open space in the development
iv. Parking	
Surface Lots	200 sf & 1 canopy tree per 10 spaces, 15 space contiguous limit
Parking Structures	35% of building frontage (trellis or planted walls can meet requirement)
Notes to Table	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Measured along linear foot of street/drive, less driveway widths. See Figure 5.5.3.B.ii 2. Buffers are not required between developments within the district, but may be desirable in some circumstances to enhance compatibility between different uses. 	

5. Review and approval process for all MDO projects

A. Preliminary Application and Review

- i. Pre-Application Submittal. Before formal submittal of a MDO plan, the applicant shall apply for and attend a pre-application meeting with the Plan Review Center, and other appropriate officials deemed necessary by the City Planner. Prior to the meeting, the applicant shall provide to the Plan Review Center a conceptual site plan and brief narrative of how the development meets or exceeds the standards of this ordinance and furthers the vision for the district. The Plan Review Center will provide initial comments on the plans.
- ii. Preliminary MDO Application.
 - a. An application to develop under the MDO shall be made to the Planning Commission for its review and recommendation to City Council. The application shall be filed concurrently with a fully documented Preliminary Site Plan. The Preliminary Site Plan shall be completed in

- accordance with the review requirements as set forth and regulated in the City's Site Plan and Development Manual and Section 6.1. The MDO plan shall include the information required in [subsection 3.34.7.C](#).
- b. In those instances where it is necessary to request rezoning in order to effectuate a MDO plan, an application to rezone shall be made to the Planning Commission for its review and recommendation to the City Council. The application for rezoning shall be completed in accordance with the City's Site Plan & Development Manual.
 - c. The Planning Commission may proceed simultaneously with review and recommendation on applications for rezoning, MDO plan and Preliminary Site Plan approval, along with any associated permit reviews.
- iii. Initial Review. Upon receipt of an application for preliminary site plan, the application shall be reviewed by the Plan Review Center and referred to the Planning Commission and then City Council for initial review. Review shall be conducted at a regular meeting of each body and no public hearing shall be required to be noticed. Members of the Planning Commission and City Council will be able to provide feedback on the plans presented.
 - iv. Following the initial review, the applicant may choose to make any revisions to the plan and submit revised plans for review by the Plan Review Center before being scheduled for a public hearing before Planning Commission.
 - v. Planning Commission Public Hearing. Notice of the public hearing shall be given and the hearing held as provided by the Zoning Enabling Act, at which a review shall be conducted. Following such review, the Planning Commission shall provide its report and recommendation to the City Council. In making its recommendation to the City Council, the Planning Commission shall consider:
 - (1) Consistency with the Master Plan;
 - (2) Innovative planning and design excellence;
 - (3) Relationship to adjacent land uses, design form and layout;
 - (4) Compliance with this Ordinance, including subsections 3.33 and 3.34;
 - (5) Adherence to the City West Design Guide;
 - (5) Benefits to the community such as publicly accessible parks and open areas, and public facilities.
 - (6) Pedestrian and vehicular safety provisions.
 - (7) Aesthetic beauty in terms of design, exterior materials, landscaping, and natural features, including internal compatibility within the development as well as its relationship to surrounding properties,
 - (8) Provisions for the future users of the project.
 - (9) Impacts to existing natural features.
 - (10) The standards of Section 6.1.2.C for Special Land Uses.
 - vi. City Council Approval. The City Council shall review the Preliminary Site Plan with regard to the Planning Commission's recommendation and the review requirements and conditions set forth in Section 3.34.4.A. The City Council shall determine whether the proposed plan meets the conditions as set forth in Section 3.33 and 3.34, and the standards of [Section 6.1.2.C](#).

- a. As part of its approval of the Preliminary Site Plan, the Council is authorized to impose conditions that are reasonably related to the purposes of this section and that will:
- Insure public services and facilities affected by a proposed land use or activity will be capable of accommodating increased services and facility loads caused by the land use or activity,
 - Protect the natural environment and conserve natural resources and energy,
 - Insuring compatibility with adjacent uses of land, and
 - Promote the use of land in a socially and economically desirable manner.

All conditions imposed shall be made a part of the record of the approved Mixed Use Development Option.

- b. Deviations From Density, Area, Bulk, Yard, and Dimensional Requirements. As part of approval of a Preliminary Site Plan, the City Council shall be authorized to grant deviations from the strict terms of the zoning ordinance governing density, area, bulk, yard, and dimensional requirements applicable to the property; provided, however, that such authorization to grant deviations shall be conditioned upon the Council finding:
1. That each zoning ordinance provision from which a deviation is sought would, if the deviation were not granted, prohibit an enhancement of the development that would be in the public interest;
 2. That approving the proposed deviation would be compatible with the existing and planned uses in the surrounding area;
 3. That the proposed deviation would not be detrimental to the natural features and resources of the affected property and surrounding area, or would enhance or preserve such natural features and resources;
 4. That the proposed deviation would not be injurious to the safety or convenience of vehicular or pedestrian traffic; and
 5. That the proposed deviation would not cause an adverse fiscal or financial impact on the City's ability to provide services and facilities to the property or to the public as a whole.
- c. In determining whether to grant any such deviation, the Council shall be authorized to attach reasonable conditions to the Site Plan that will:
1. Insure that public services and facilities affected by a proposed land use or activity will be capable of accommodating increased services and facility loads caused by the land use or activity,
 2. Protect the natural environment and conserving natural resources and energy,
 3. Insure compatibility with adjacent use of land, and
 4. Promote the use of land in a socially and economically desirable manner.

All conditions imposed shall be made a part of the record of the approval of the Site Plan.

- B. Approved Preliminary Site Plan. Once the Preliminary Site Plan has been approved by City Council, no development shall take place therein nor use made of any part thereof except in accordance with the approved plan or in accordance with an approved amendment thereto. Once approval of the Preliminary Site Plan is granted, the applicant shall proceed with development of the Final Site Plan.
- C. Final Site Plan approval. A Final Site Plan shall be prepared and submitted by the applicant for approval. Review and approval shall be administrative unless the City Council requests that the Final Site Plan be submitted to it for review. The Final Site Plan shall:
 - i. Conform with the Preliminary Site Plan and meet the conditions as set forth in the Council's approval.
 - ii. Contain all the requirements as set forth in Section 6.1 of this Ordinance and the requirements as set forth in the City's Site Plan and Development Manual.
 - iii. The dedication of public rights-of-way or planned public open spaces, where proposed on the site plan or as may be otherwise required, shall have been made.
 - iv. In residential use areas, any proffered open space has been irrevocably committed to be retained as open space for park, recreation and related uses, and that all such lands meet the requirements of the City.
 - v. Where applicable, road easements or rights-of-way have been provided.
- D. Site Plan Revisions. Revisions to an approved Preliminary Site Plan or Final Site Plan shall require re-submittal of plan revisions to the City for review. Such revisions shall be resubmitted to the Planning Commission and City Council for review and approval, except those revisions permitted to be reviewed administratively under Section 6.1.1.C. Revisions requiring Planning Commission and City Council review shall include physical changes to the exterior building wall façade materials or layout alterations that will significantly change the appearance of a building or site, as determined by the City Planner. The Planning Commission and City Council, in making a review of a revised site plan, shall find that any such revisions forwarded to them for review and approval, meet all the minimum requirements of this Section, including general intent.
- E. Phasing: Where a project is proposed for construction in phases, the planning and designing shall be such that, upon completion, each phase, considered together with other completed phases, shall be capable of standing on its own in terms of the presence of services, facilities, and open space, and shall contain

the necessary components to insure protection of natural resources and the health, safety, and welfare of the users of the planned mixed use development and the residents and property in the surrounding area. Sidewalks and pathways shall be completed to avoid dead ends within the site. Plans shall clearly illustrate what is to be included in each phase. The Council may require performance guarantees in accordance with Chapter 26.5 to ensure that permanent facades are constructed. In developments which include residential and non-residential uses, phasing shall be consistent with the following:

- i. At least thirty (30) percent of all proposed residential units and non-residential floor area shall be constructed no later than concurrent with the first phase of construction.
- ii. At least an additional thirty (30) percent of all proposed residential units and twenty (20) percent of non-residential floor area shall be constructed no later than concurrent with any second phase construction; and
- iii. The balance of all proposed residential units shall be constructed no later than concurrent with any third phase of construction. For purposes of implementing the residential/non-residential phasing requirements set forth above, the percentages shall be reasonable approximations, as determined in the discretion of the City Council, and such percentages may be substantially modified should the City Council determine in its discretion that the applicant has presented adequate and effective assurances that both residential and non-residential component(s) of the development shall be completed within a specified period.

8. Plan Information

A. MDO Preliminary site plans shall include the following:

- i. All requirements listed in the City's Preliminary Site Plan Checklist
- ii. Statement of intent of proposed use(s) of land and any phasing of the project, including anticipated completion dates.
- iii. Evidence of market need for the use(s) and economic feasibility of the project.
- iv. Qualifications of applicant/developer including information of past projects, size, location, type etc.
- v. A Contextual plan sheet with the general layout and all uses within 300 feet of the property lines to demonstrate the proposed project in context with the surroundings.
- vi. Existing and proposed right-of-way width of all adjoining and internal roads, and layout of all internal roads and drives.
- viii. vii. A traffic study, prepared in accordance with the City's Site Plan and Development Manual requirements, shall be submitted, unless

such requirement is waived by the Plan Review Center during pre-application conference. Proposed acceleration, deceleration, and passing lanes.

- ix. All parking areas and number of spaces and any requests for shared parking reductions. The City may permit the use of a flexible shared parking formula if a Shared Parking Study is submitted and accepted by the City Council, after review and recommendation by the Planning Commission and City's traffic consultant.
- x. The size and location of areas to be preserved as open and recreational space and intended programming of those spaces.
- xi. Demonstrated adherence to the recommendations of the Active Mobility Plan.
- xii. Density calculations, number and types of units (if applicable), and floor area per habitable space for each use proposed.
- xiii. Fair representation of each type of use, square footage or acreage allocated to each use, locations of each principal structure and use in the development, setbacks, typical layout and elevation for each type of use.
- xiv. Specification of each deviation from the applicable ordinance regulations which will be sought to be approved, and the safeguards, features and/or planning mechanisms proposed to achieve the objectives intended to be accomplished by the regulations from which a deviation is being sought.
- xv. Community Impact Statement for all projects, including impact on City services, fiscal impact analysis addressing anticipated costs and revenues to City and school district, unless such requirement is waived by the Plan Review Center during pre-application conference.
- xvi. If phasing is proposed, a plan showing what improvements will be constructed in each phase, with a description of the anticipated timing of construction.

B. Final site plans shall include the following:

- i. All requirements specified in the City's Final Site Plan Checklist and Application.
- ii. List all deviations from Ordinance standards granted by City Council and any conditions imposed.
- iii. If phasing is proposed, provide detailed plans that show what will be constructed/installed by the completion of each phase to verify that each phase, considered together with previous completed phases, shall be capable of meeting ordinance requirements on its own as

described in Section 3.34.7.E, including utilities, parking, end of pavement, landscaping, amenities, lighting, signage, any mechanisms designed to reduce noise, and visual screening features. Required Engineering and Landscape Cost estimates shall also be broken down by phases.

9. Performance Guarantees. The applicant shall comply with the requirements for performance guarantees contained in Chapter 26.5 of the Code of Ordinances, as amended.

Part V.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 3, Zoning Districts, is amended to renumber Section 3.33, General Exceptions to Section 3.35.

Part VI.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 4, "Use Standards," Section 4.12 "Group Day Care Homes, Day Care Centers, and Adult Day Care Centers" is amended to read as follows:

Section 4.12 Group Day Care Homes, Day Care Centers, and Adult Day Care Centers

1. [unchanged]
2. Day care centers and adult day care centers are a permitted use in the B-2, B-3, OST, TC, TC-1, CW districts and EXO Overlay district and a special land use in the OS-1, OSC, and PSLR districts, all subject to the following:
 - A. In the B-2, B-3, OST, OS-1, OSC, TC, TC-1, CW, PSLR districts and EXO Overlay district:
 - i. Outdoor recreation areas shall be provided, consisting of at least one -hundred fifty (150) square feet for each person cared for, with a minimum total area of three-thousand five hundred (3,500) square feet. All such outdoor recreation areas shall be fenced with self-closing gates. The recreation area may extend into an exterior side yard up to twenty-five (25) percent of the distance between the building facade and the property line.
 - ii. The hours of operation shall be limited to the period between 6 a.m. and 7 p.m. for those facilities abutting residential zoning districts.
 - iii. Facilities shall be located either within a permitted office, or commercial structure, or in a freestanding building on a site coordinated with surrounding development (i.e., traffic flow, parking

access, drop off areas, architecture and relationship to other buildings).

- iv. Screening and landscaping of outdoor recreation areas, recreation area fences and parking lots shall comply with Section 5.5.
- v. Off-street parking shall comply with Section 5.2.12. and Section 5.3.

B. [unchanged]

3. [unchanged]

Part VII.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 4, "Use Standards," Section 4.24 "Dry Cleaning Establishments or Pick Up Stations," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 4.24 Dry Cleaning Establishments or Pick Up Stations

In the B-1, B-2, B-3, CW and TC districts, dry cleaning establishments, or pick-up stations, dealing directly with the consumer are a permitted use. Central dry-cleaning plants serving more than one retail outlet shall be prohibited.

Part VIII.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 4, "Use Standards," Section 4.27, "Retail Business and Service Establishments," is hereby amended to read as follows:

4.27 Retail Business or Service Establishments

- 1. In the B-2, B-3, CW, TC and TC-1 districts, all retail business or service establishments are permitted as follows:
 - A. Any retail business whose principal activity is the sale of merchandise in an enclosed building.
 - B. Any service establishment of an office, showroom or workshop nature of a decorator, dressmaker, tailor, bridal shop, art gallery, interior designer or similar establishment that requires a retail adjunct.
 - C. Restaurants (sit down), banquet facilities or other places serving food or beverage, except those having the character of a drive-in or having a drive-through window.
 - D. Theaters, assembly halls, concert halls, museums or similar places of assembly when conducted completely within enclosed buildings.
 - E. Business schools and colleges or private schools operated for profit.
- 2. In the FS district, retail establishments to serve the needs of the highway travelers, including such facilities as, but not limited to, gift shops and restaurants, not including drive-ins are permitted uses.

Part IX.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 4, "Use Standards," Section 4.28 "Hotels, Motels, and Transient Lodging Facilities," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 4.28 Hotels and Motels

1. In the B-2 and CW district north of Grand River, hotels and motels are a permitted use provided the site does not abut a residential district.
2. (Unchanged)
3. (Unchanged)
4. (Unchanged)
5. All hotels and motels in all districts, shall provide a minimum of 30 square feet of usable open space for each room subject to the following conditions:
 - A. Usable open space shall include an unobstructed portion of a site which has a minimum dimension of ten feet in any direction, is landscaped and developed for active and passive recreational use, and is conveniently located and accessible;
 - B. The usable open space may include amenities such as pavers, benches and other landscape design elements with pervious surface materials. All such areas shall be for the benefit of the hotel patrons;
 - C. For TC, TC-1, CW, and PD-2 districts, the usable open space required per this section can be counted towards the minimum usable open space requirements for respective district standards;
 - D. The usable open space shall not be counted toward any minimum landscaping or other open space requirements of the Zoning Ordinance and required parking setback area;
6. (Unchanged)

Part X.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 4, "Use Standards," Section 4.31 "Veterinary Hospitals and Clinics," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 4.31 Veterinary Hospitals or Clinics

Veterinary hospitals or clinics are permitted as a special land use in the B-2, B-3, CW, NCC, TC, and TC-1 districts. They are also a special land use in the I-1 district when abutting residential districts. In the I-1 and I-2 districts, when not abutting a residential district, they are a permitted use. In all districts they are subject to the following:

1. In the B-2, B-3, CW, NCC, TC, TC-1, I-1, and I-2 districts:
 - A. [unchanged]
 - B. [unchanged]
2. In the B-2, B-3, CW, NCC, TC, TC-1 and I-1 (when the I-1 district is abutting residential) districts a noise impact statement is required subject to the standards of Section 5.14.10.B.

Part XI.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 4, "Use Standards," Section 4.35 "Microbreweries and Brewpubs," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 4.35 Microbreweries and Brewpubs

Microbreweries and brewpubs are permitted uses in the B-3 and CW districts and special land uses in the RC, TC, and TC-1 districts subject to the following conditions:

1. Microbreweries and brewpubs
 - A. In the B-3, CW, RC, TC and TC-1 districts:
 - i-iv. (Unchanged)
 - B. (unchanged)
2. (unchanged)
3. (unchanged)

Part XII.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 4, "Use Standards," Section 4.62 "Instructional Centers," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 4.62 Instructional Centers

In the CW and NCC districts, instructional centers, such as schools for dance, music, language, arts, or general education are a permitted use subject to the following:

1. The center must comply with all applicable state laws and licensing requirements.
2. All business, servicing or processing, except for off-street parking or loading, shall be conducted within a completely enclosed building.

In the OS-1 district, instructional centers are permitted uses provided that such facilities do not exceed two-thousand (2,000) square feet in size. However, when such uses exceed two-thousand (2,000) square feet, they shall be treated as special land uses subject to approval by the Planning Commission in accordance with the additional requirements of Section 6.1.2.C for special land uses, and subject to the public hearing requirements set forth and regulated in Section 6.2 of this Ordinance. All instructional centers shall comply with the following conditions:

1. All business, servicing or processing, except for off-street parking or loading, shall be conducted within a completely enclosed building.
2. Multiple tenants with square footage less than 2,000 square feet shall be allowed in a single building.

Part XIII.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 4, "Use Standards," Section 4.81 "Financial Institutions," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 4.81 Financial Institutions

In the CW, TC and TC-1 districts, financial institutions are a permitted use, provided that such institutions shall not have drive-thru teller or ATM facilities as the principal use of the premises.

Part XIV.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 2, Definitions, Section 2.2. Definitions, is hereby amended to include the following definitions:

Section 2.2 Definitions

Workforce Housing: A residential unit for sale or for rent with combined annual rental costs or combined annual mortgage loan debt service, property taxes, and required insurance that do not exceed thirty percent (30%) of the gross annual income of a household earning between sixty percent (60%) and one hundred and forty percent (140%) of the area median income, as defined annually by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Part XV.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 3, Zoning Districts, Section 3.1.15 EXO Exposition Overlay District, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 3.1.15 EXO Exposition Overlay District

A. Intent

The EXO, Exposition Overlay district is designed to accommodate the development of a planned exposition, convention, and conference facility, including exhibit halls; display floor area; meeting rooms; conference rooms; eating and lodging facilities; banquet, concession, and catering uses; museums; theaters; recreational facilities; space for school and civic affairs; warehousing accessory to principal uses; and off-street parking and loading/unloading space, all for the purpose of supporting the growing high-tech business base within the city and regional demand for an exposition facility.

The EXO Exposition Overlay district is intended to encourage the development of an exposition, conference, and convention facility that is located near the City West (CW) district as shown on the Master Plan for Land Use, has visual exposure to the I-96 freeway (whether directly or in combination with other property), is accessible from a major thoroughfare, and has adequate site area. Taking into consideration the need to limit the overall impact of the use, and the need to have sufficient population support for the use, in no event is it the intent to have the EXO Overlay District encompass more than 55 contiguous acres, or to have more than one EXO Overlay district until the population of the City exceeds 100,000. The EXO district is intended to be utilized exclusively in connection with the CW City West district as the underlying zoning district. The EXO district is not intended to be adjacent to residential districts. To permit quality design and sound economic value for the City, any exposition, conference, and convention facility should have unified architectural and functional design and provide an overall master plan for all phases for the complete development. The district contemplates the existence of a principal exposition, conference, or convention facility

as part of the development before, or at least coincidental with, permitted "secondary" overlay uses. It is not the intent of this district to authorize the establishment of a new area within the City for an independent commercial center or district. Rather, it is the intent of this district to recognize the special need and character of a planned exposition, convention, and conference facility, and to make provision for this special need and character in an appropriate location.

B. Principal Permitted Uses

[existing content all removed]

See the underlying zoning district CW City West for Principal Permitted uses, standards and regulations (Section 3.1.30)

C. Special Land Use (EXO overlay uses)

The following uses are permitted as part of an EXO Overlay subject to Section 3.33, Section 3.34, and Section 3.25: The supplemental conditions of Section 3.25 shall govern in the event of a conflict.

i. Exposition, conference, and convention facilities

The following uses, when part of a development that includes a use described in subsection C above:

- ii. Indoor and outdoor recreational facilities
- iii. Retail sale of products or services
- iv. Onsite support retail uses
- v. Outside exhibits, fairs, entertainment and festivals
- vi. Surface parking lots

D. Development Standards

Lot Size

Minimum lot area: See section 3.25

Minimum lot width: Not specified

Lot Coverage

Maximum FAR: 0.5 FAR

Setbacks

Minimum front yard setback: 50 ft or height of building*

Minimum rear yard setback: 50 ft or height of building*

Minimum side yard setback: 50 ft or height of building*

Building Height

Maximum building height: 65 ft or 5 stories, whichever is less

Floor area

Minimum floor area: See Section 3.25

Parking setbacks

Minimum front yard setback: 20 ft

Minimum rear yard setback: 20 ft

Minimum side yard setback: 20 ft

Notes

For additions to the above requirements, refer to Section 3.6.2 Notes to District Standards: E, M, P, and Q

See Selected references below for applicability

*See section 3.25.2.F for further regulations

Selected references

3. Zoning Districts

- CW City West
- MDO Mixed-Use Development Option
- EXO Overlay District Requirements

Subsections 4-7. [unchanged]

Part XVI.

That the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance, as amended, Article 3, Zoning Districts, Section 3.25 EXO Exposition Overlay District required conditions, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 3.25 EXO Overlay district required conditions

1. EXO Overlay required conditions

A. [unchanged]

B. An EXO Overlay district shall satisfy all of the following in order to qualify for approval:

i.-iv. [unchanged]

v. The zoning classification of the entire EXO Overlay district shall be CW, City West district.

vi. [unchanged]

2. Supplemental Required Conditions for Overlay Uses. In the event of construction of building(s) for overlay uses permitted under Section 3.1.15.C, the following supplemental required conditions shall apply:

A.-K. [unchanged]

L. Approval Process

i. Approval of an EXO Overlay district shall require the approval of a Zoning Ordinance amendment to amend the Zoning Map by the City Council, in the exercise of its legislative discretion, following a public hearing held by, and receipt of a recommendation from, the Planning Commission. An applicant seeking approval of an EXO Overlay district rezoning shall submit a rezoning petition to the City. If approved, the amendment shall place, or overlay, the EXO Overlay district over the underlying CW or OST district relative to the property which is the subject of the amendment.

ii.-iii. [unchanged]

PART XVII. Severability. Should any section, subdivision, clause, or phrase of this Ordinance be declared by the courts to be invalid, the validity of the Ordinance as a whole, or in part, shall not be affected other than the part invalidated.

PART XVIII. Savings Clause. The amendment of the Novi Code of Ordinances set forth in this Ordinance does not affect or impair any act done, offense committed, or right accruing, accrued, or acquired or liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment, pending or incurred prior to the amendment of the Novi Code of Ordinances set forth in this Ordinance.

PART XIX. Repealer. All other Ordinance or parts of Ordinance in conflict herewith are hereby repealed only to the extent necessary to give this Ordinance full force and effect.

PART XX. Effective Date: Publication. Public hearing having been held hereon pursuant to the provisions of Section 103 of Act 110 of the Public Acts of 2006, as amended, the provisions of this Ordinance shall be published within fifteen (15) days of its adoption by publication of a brief notice in a newspaper circulated in the City of Novi stating the date of enactment and effective date, a brief statement as to its regulatory effect and that a complete copy of the Ordinance is available for public purchase, use and inspection at the office of the City Clerk during the hours of 8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M., Local Time. The provisions of this Ordinance shall become effective seven (7) days after its publication.

MADE, PASSED, AND ADOPTED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF NOVI, OAKLAND COUNTY, MICHIGAN, ON THE 20th DAY OF MAY, 2024.



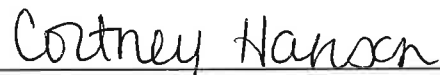
JUSTIN FISCHER, MAYOR



CORTNEY HANSON, CITY CLERK

Certificate of Adoption

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and complete copy of the ordinance adopted at the regular meeting of the Novi City Council held on 20th day of May, 2024.



CORTNEY HANSON, CITY CLERK

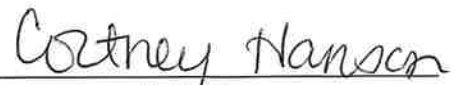
Adopted: 05/20/2024
Published: 05/30/2024
Effective: 06/06/2024

Certificate of Clerk

I hereby certify that the foregoing ordinance was published by posting a copy thereof at each of the following times and places within the City of Novi, on the 21st day of May, 2024.

1. Novi City Hall 45175 Ten Mile Road
2. Novi Library 45255 Ten Mile Road

I do further certify that on the 30th day of May, 2024 said Ordinance Amendment 18.296 was published in brief in the Novi News, a newspaper published and circulated in said City.



CORTNEY HANSON, CITY CLERK

CITY WEST DESIGN GUIDE

City West Design Guide

A Design Guide to accompany sections 3.33
and 3.34 of the City of Novi Zoning Ordinance

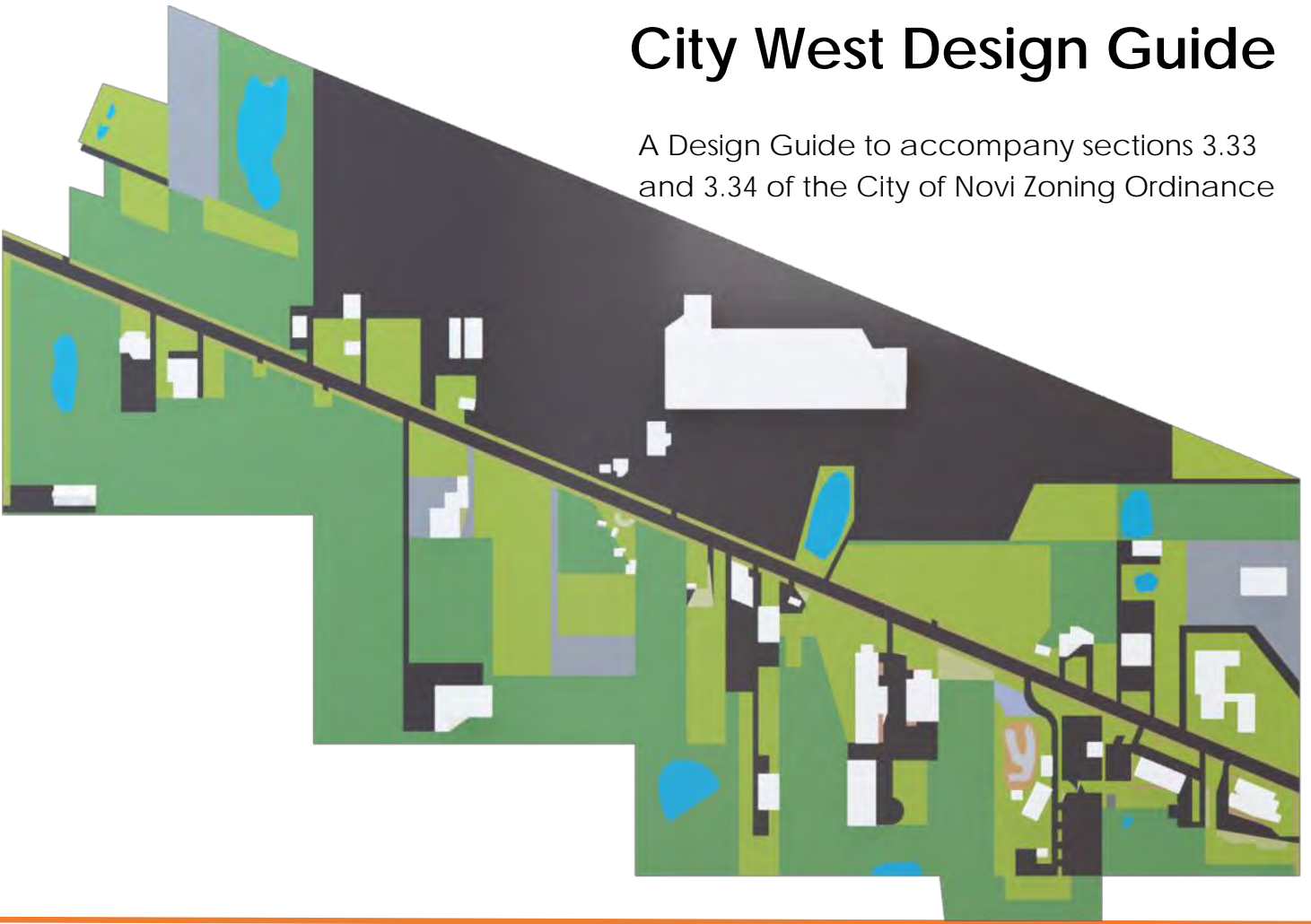


Table of Contents:

- A. Executive Summary
- B. Background & Existing Conditions
- C. Vision and Guiding Principles
- D. Form Based Design & Inspiration Images
- E. Recommended Design Guidelines



A. Executive Summary

The City West Design Guide is meant to provide guidance and visual representation of the development standards for the City West District in addition to providing design features and concepts recommended to be included in development projects. The goal of the City West Design Guide is to facilitate development that includes high-quality project design and building materials and works to create a vibrant, people-oriented district in the City of Novi.

“This area offers the potential for the creation of a prominent new district combining entertainment, convention, commercial, office and residential uses in a cohesive, high-density, walkable pattern.”

- 2016 Master Plan



Figure A1: mixed-use development and streetscape in Fishers, Indiana

Figure A2 (below): Fishers, Indiana mixed-use development; images of Indiana communities courtesy of Rowan Brady of Beckett and Raeder, Inc.

The guide includes images of developments from Novi and other communities, maps representing the current conditions of the City West area, and 3D models to illustrate standards of this district. Images and renderings are meant to serve as examples, while the Zoning Ordinance contains the actual development regulations, standards and procedures. Inspiration for the vision and guiding principles is based on the recommendations in the 2016 Master Plan and Grand River Corridor Study.



B. Background & Existing Conditions

B.1 — Land Use

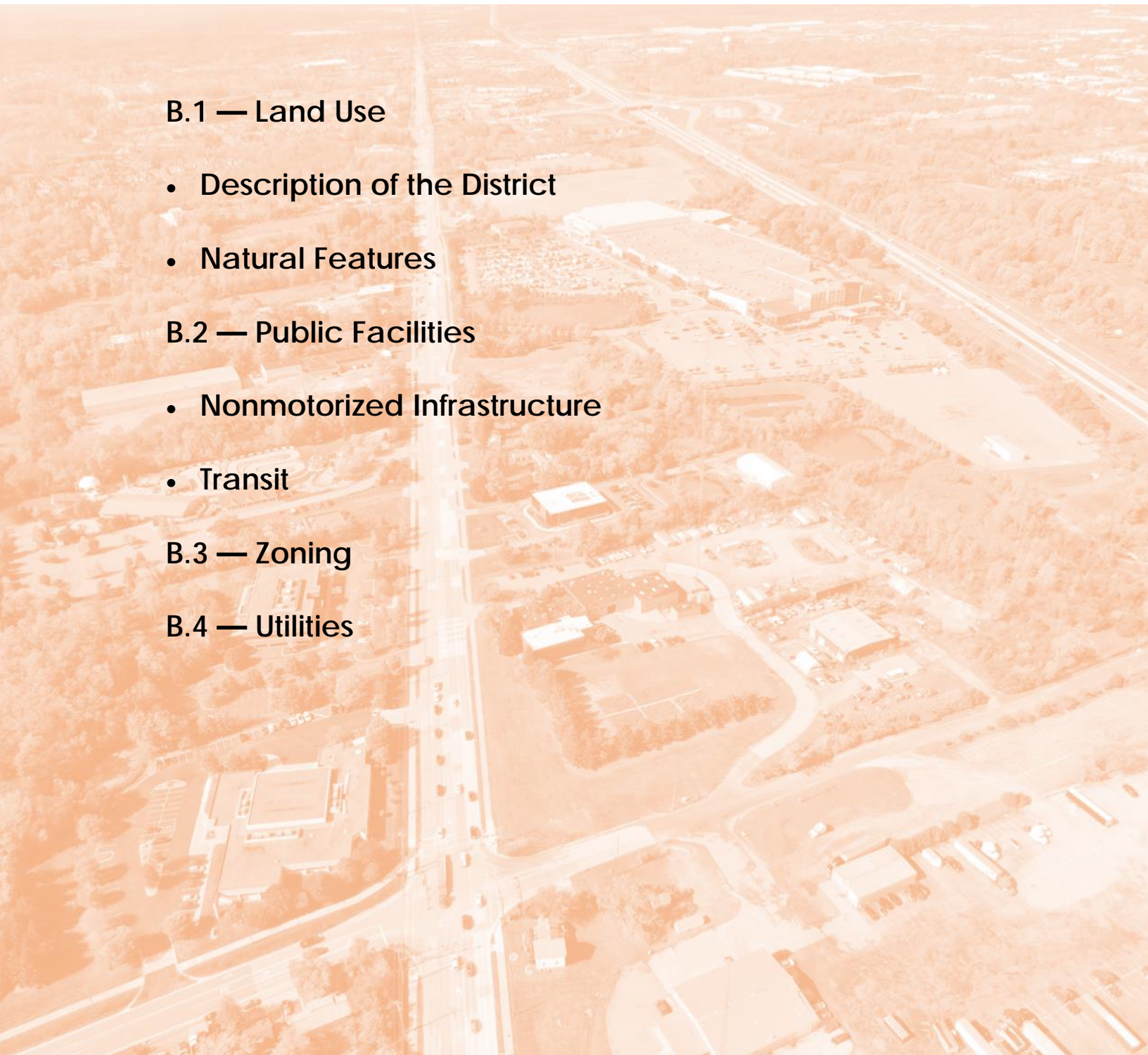
- Description of the District
- Natural Features

B.2 — Public Facilities

- Nonmotorized Infrastructure
- Transit

B.3 — Zoning

B.4 — Utilities



B. Background & Existing Conditions



Figure B2 (above): Aerial of the western portion of the City West North area , outlined in blue

Figure B1 (below): Aerial of both City West areas



Figure B3 (above): Aerial of the City West South area, outlined in green

B. Background & Existing Conditions

B.1 — Land Use: Description of the District

The City West district is situated southeast of the intersection of Interstate 96 and Beck Road, bounded by I-96 to the north, Taft Road on the east, residential communities to the south, and Beck Road on the west. The historic Grand River Avenue corridor, running from downtown Detroit all the way to Lake Michigan on the west side of the state, bisects the City West area. In this area of the city, Grand River is an auto-centric five-lane major arterial with a speed limit of 50 miles per hour. A mix of older office, industrial and manufacturing buildings, and vacant properties are present on either side. These characteristics make the streetscape inhospitable for pedestrians and cyclists.

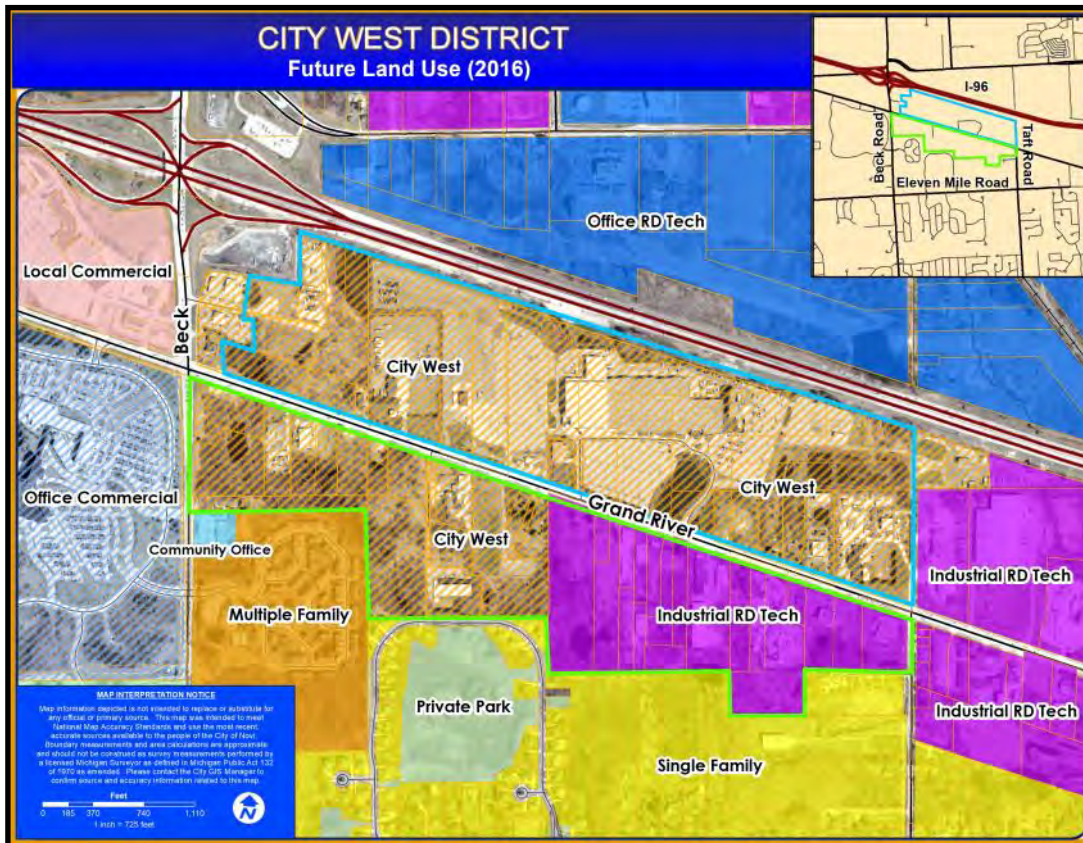


Figure B4: City West Future Land Use Map (2016)

Overall, the total land area included in the City West District is approximately 200 acres. Approximately 68.6 acres are vacant or a non-conforming residential use. Parcels developed with industrial uses that are not consistent with the desired future use for City West make up a total of about 55 acres. Destinations nearby in the corridor include Providence Park Hospital complex and Suburban Collection Showplace, which are significant economic drivers in Novi, providing jobs and bringing in visitors.



Figure B5: Providence Park Hospital;
Image source: Novi Chamber of Commerce

B. Background & Existing Conditions

B.1 — Land Use: Natural Features

A map of the natural features shows the presence of both woodlands and wetlands in the area. A significant amount of woodlands and wetlands are present in the City West South area, while there are just wetlands located in the City West North area.

The City West text allows for **up to 50 percent** of the required open space to consist of regulated woodlands and/or wetlands if they are permanently protected by conservation easements (3.33.H).

“Wherever natural open spaces shall be created or preserved, they shall be physically connected, when possible, to adjacent natural open space areas.”

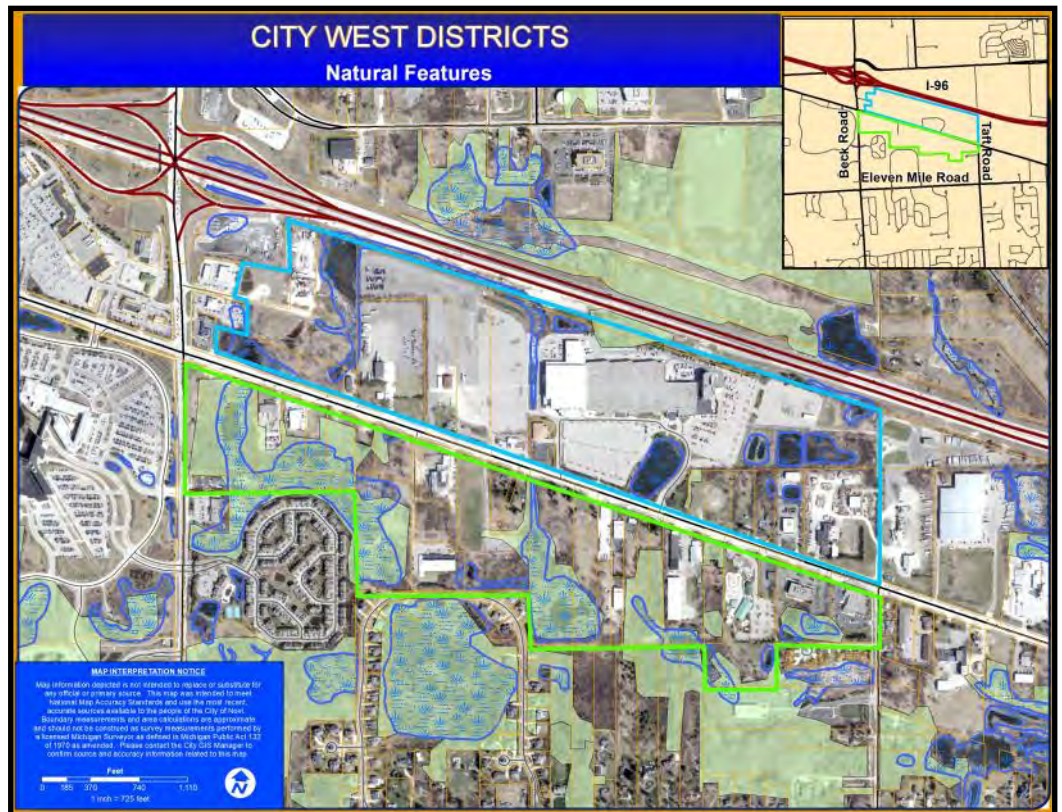


Figure B6: City West Natural Features Map, woodlands are denoted in light green while wetlands are colored in blue.



Figure B7: Aerial of City West facing east

The aerial to the left shows City West facing east down Grand River. Two large ponds (circled in yellow) are present on either side of Grand River, and the difference in woodland concentration between north and south is evident. Buffers and setbacks from natural features help preserve, protect, and maintain quality of woodlands, wetlands, and streams within the district.

B. Background & Existing Conditions

B.2 — Public Facilities: Nonmotorized Infrastructure

Public Facilities shown in [Figure B8](#) to the right include the sidewalk inventory of the district — 8-foot sidewalks line both sides of Grand River from Taft to Beck Road. Other facilities of note include traffic signals and street lights, which both can be found at important intersections. Road crossing difficulty, discussed in the Active Mobility Plan, portrays Grand River as category E, the most difficult road category to cross due to road width and speed of traffic.

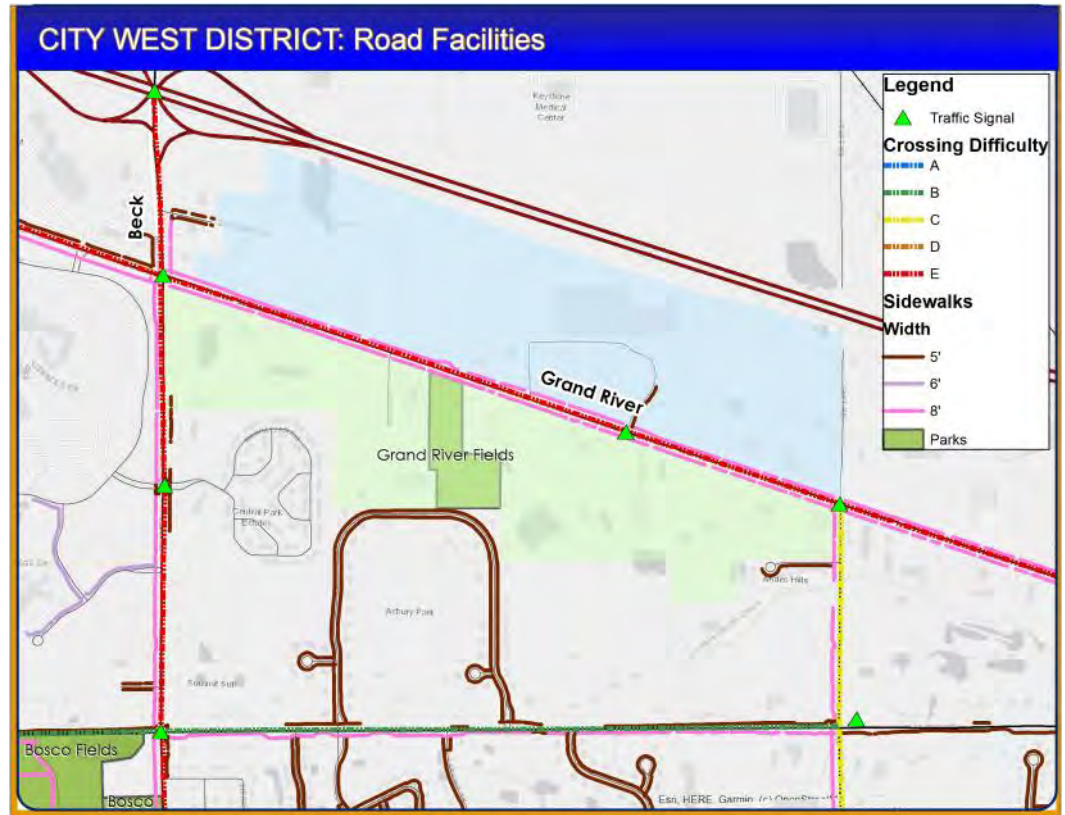


Figure B8: Roads and Sidewalk Facilities map

Beck Road runs north and south, connects with Grand River, and is identified as a major non-motorized corridor in the City of Novi Active Mobility Plan. The ITC Trail, depicted below, is a regional trail connection crossing Grand River at Beck Road. The Providence Park hospital campus has expanded their trail network, and connects with the ITC Trail.



Figure B9: the ITC Trail is a prime example of non-motorized infrastructure in the City of Novi

B. Background & Existing Conditions

B.2 — Public Facilities : Transit

Another form of public facility that is new to the City of Novi is transit. SMART has extended its service into Novi and Wixom to the west, with one route (Route 305) running directly through City West and another running nearby (Route 740). Figure B10 below shows the stops along Grand River of Route 305 within and just outside of City West

City West District SMART Stops



Figure B10: Bus Stops along Grand River within and just outside City West

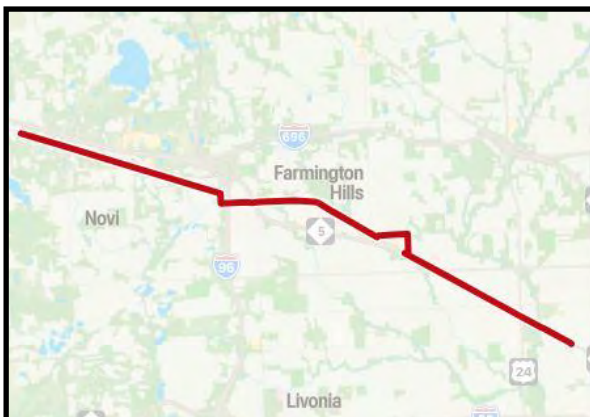


Figure B11: SMART Route 305, courtesy of Apple Maps

Transit-Oriented Development (TOD): The inclusion of bus traffic presents an opportunity to encourage development along the bus route through City West, where residents or visitors can easily reach other destinations within Novi or outside of the City without a car. Route 305, as seen to the left, runs from the Meijer in Wixom to the Meijer in Old Redford, with stops along Grand River roughly every half-mile including Novi Town Center, downtown Farmington, and other grocery, dining, and shopping opportunities.

B. Background & Existing Conditions

B.3 — Zoning

The current zoning of the City West area includes six different classifications. Approximately 140 acres are north of Grand River Avenue with 17 parcels included. The majority of the area, 124.96 acres, is currently zoned OST - Office Service Technology. The EXO Exposition Overlay District applies to a 55-acre portion of the Suburban Collection Showplace property. Approximately 10.05 acres are zoned I-1 Light Industrial. To the south of Grand River Avenue, the City West area includes 34 parcels totaling 113.48 acres. The current zoning of the majority of the area is I-1 Light Industrial.

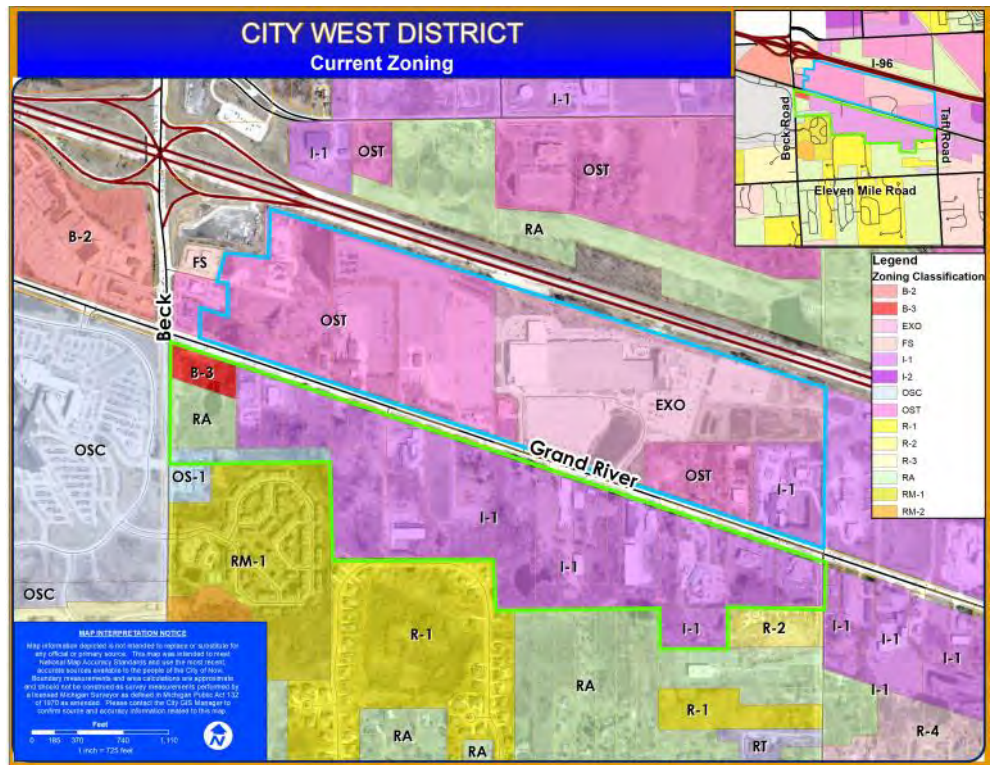


Figure B12: Current Zoning Map of the City West area

One area located at the southeast corner of the intersection of Beck Road and Grand River Avenue is zoned B-3. Fronting on Beck Road, one 6.4 acre area is zoned RA Residential Acreage, and a 3.4 acre parcel is zoned OS-1 Office Service.

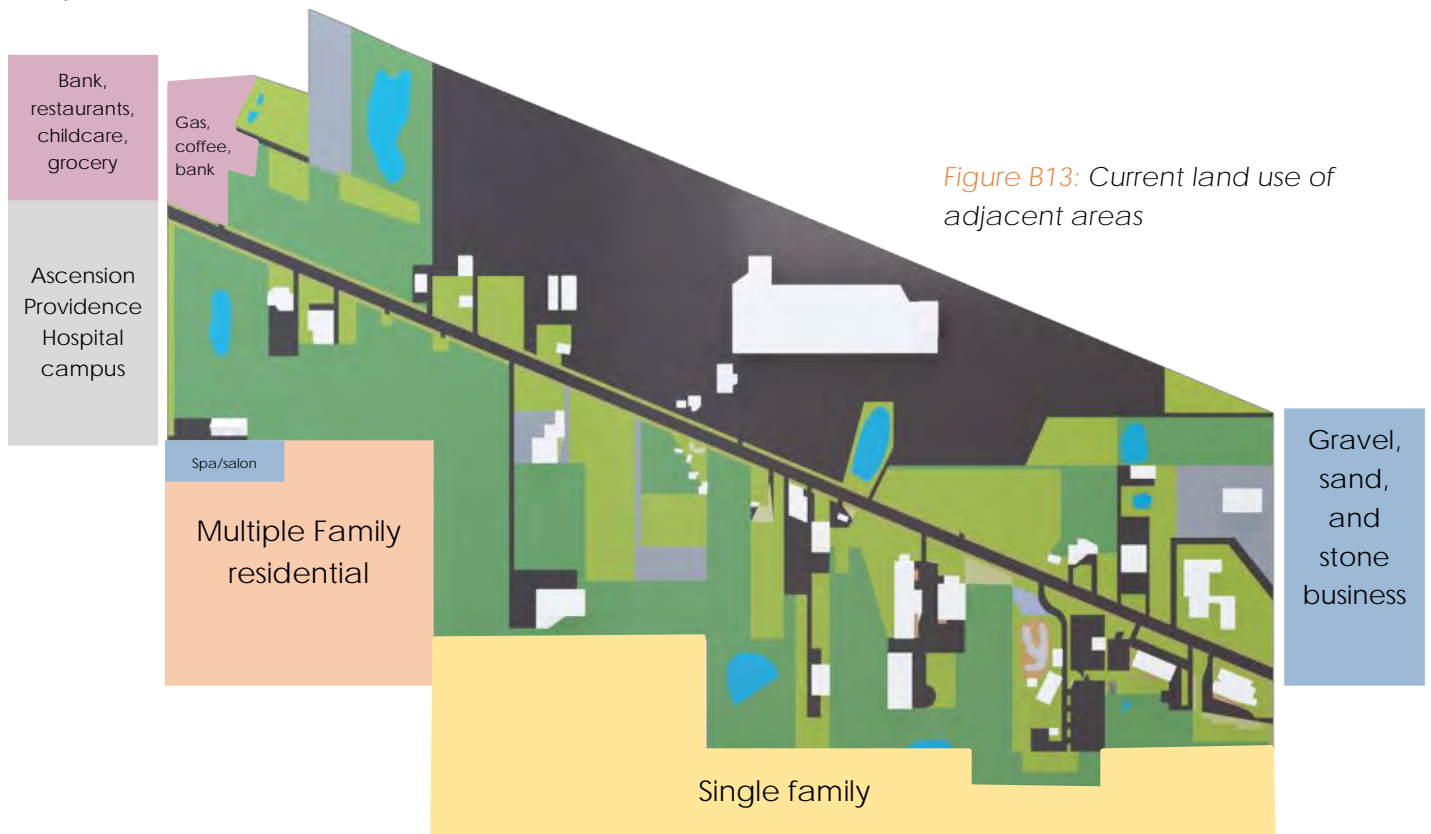


Figure B13: Current land use of adjacent areas

B. Background & Existing Conditions

B.4 — Utilities

Development in the City West area will depend on both existing and future utility infrastructure to serve the needs of residents and businesses. Some sanitary sewer improvements will need to be made before all of the area is developed. **Figure B14** below shows the sanitary districts and the locations of the current sanitary gravity mains. Developers may need to extend services to develop certain parcels.

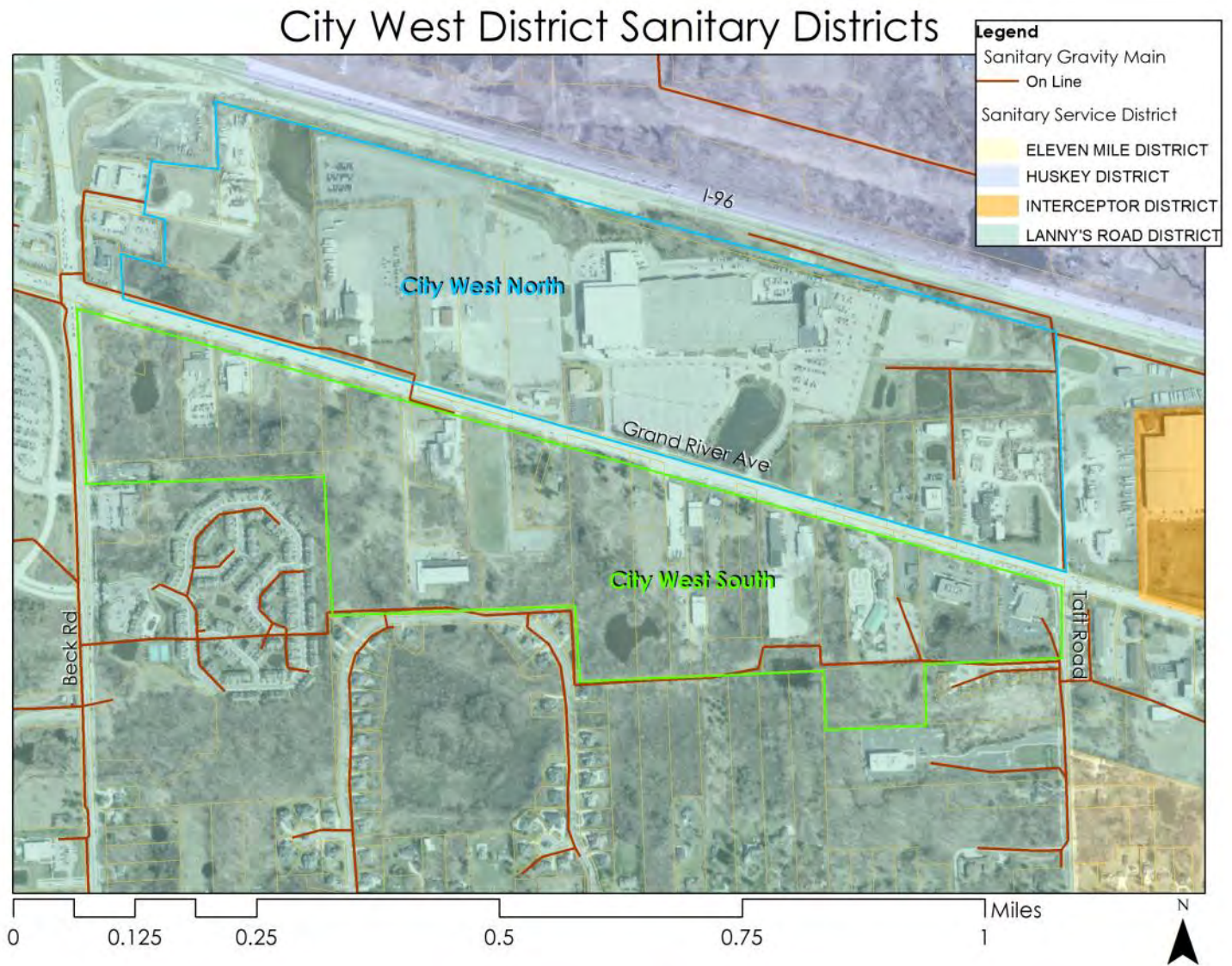


Figure B14: sanitary service districts and sanitary gravity main locations in City West

B. Background & Existing Conditions

B.4 — Utilities

Regional or shared detention basins between developments, in addition to underground detention basins, are encouraged to help consolidate properties and facilitate denser development. Figure B15 below shows the drainage districts in City West and their respective status. Properties in City West are all located within one of four regional detention districts — the North Novi District and Bosco District, which are proposed but not built, and the Taft Road District and Grand River District, which both have existing regional detention. Developers will need to confirm if capacity exists to utilize these basins, and comply with all current Stormwater Standards.

City West District Stormwater Drainage

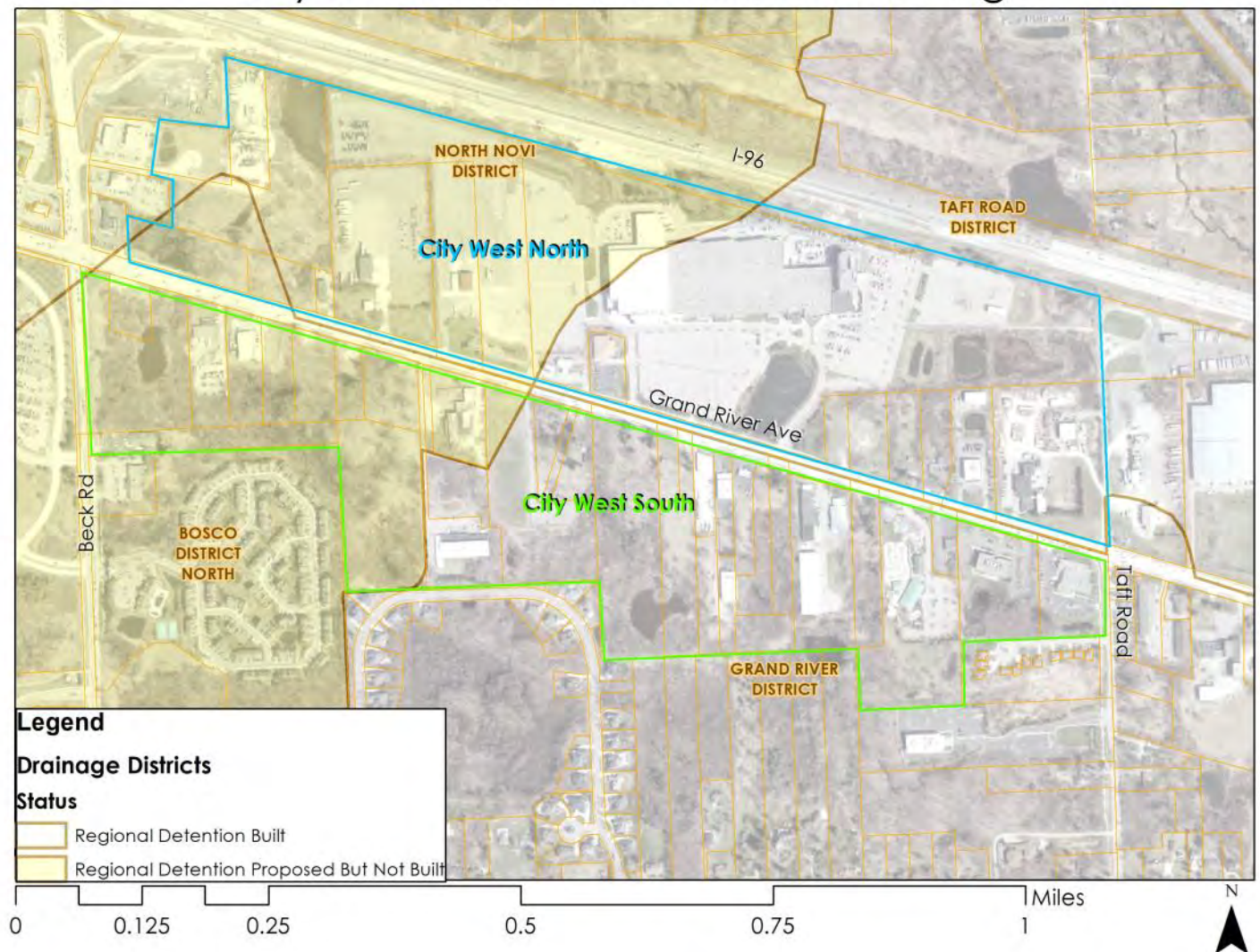


Figure B15: Drainage districts and their status in City West

B. Background & Existing Conditions

B.4 — Utilities

Figure B16 below shows current infrastructure for water service in the City West area. All of City West is located within the intermediate water pressure district. There is water provided on both the north and south sides of Grand River.

City West District Water Service

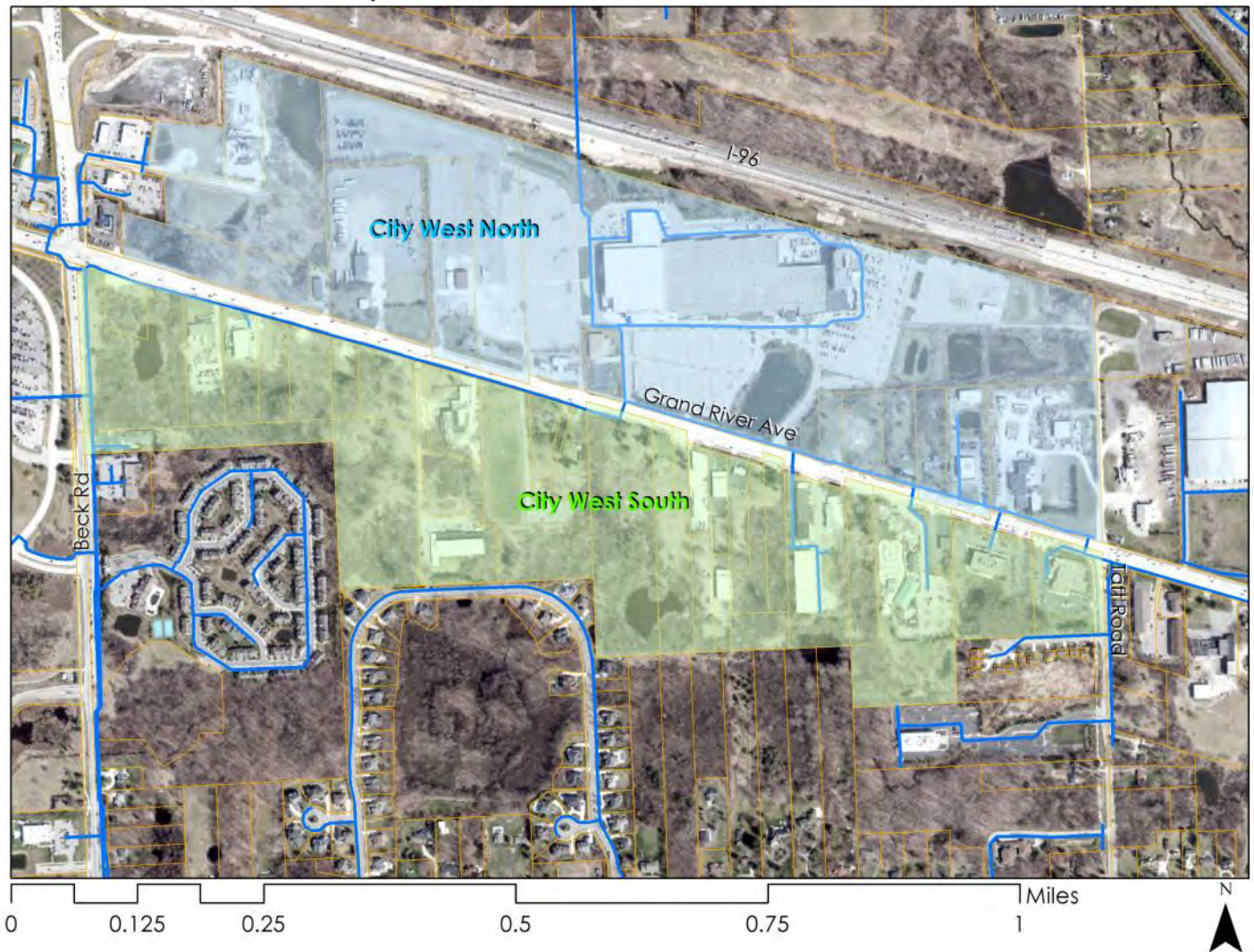


Figure B16: Water main locations in City West

C. Vision and Guiding Principles

C.1 General Vision

C.2 Horizontal Mixed Use

C.3 Pedestrian Focus — Street Design



C. Vision and Guiding Principles

C.1 — General Vision

Figures C1 and C2 below illustrate the vision for City West in terms of building form north and south of Grand River — taller buildings in the City West North area, especially closer to I-96, and scaled down heights in the City West South area. Shared access and parking, public gathering spaces, pedestrian and vehicle connectivity, and preservation of important natural features are also depicted.

Parking lots are located in the side and back of buildings with the intent of framing both Grand River and the collector streets with buildings.

Models within the Design Guide are purely conceptual and do not assume any changes to existing standards



Figures C1 (above) and C2 (left): aerial views of a part of City West with 3D model example developments overlaid. Additional development anticipated on other parcels.

It is strongly encouraged that internal access drive networks shall be established and utilized as local streets which are to be privately owned and maintained.

Buildings are to be oriented towards the primary pedestrian street

C. Vision and Guiding Principles

C.1 — General Vision

Excerpt from the 2016 Master Plan Update describing City West:

The district is envisioned as a distinct neighborhood as well as a complement to major nearby uses such as the Suburban Collection Showplace and the hospital....Creating a vibrant restaurant and entertainment scene that spills into outdoor patios and open spaces is a major goal of this redevelopment strategy.



Figure C4 (above): rendering (by Gensler) of an outdoor gathering space at San Pedro Plaza, Los Angeles.



City West District developments are expected to be designed with pedestrians in mind. Walkable connections between businesses, residences, and entertainment options should provide people with the ability to interact with one another in public areas such as the photos shown to the left and below. The images included on this page provide examples of the kind of public gathering spaces and density that is meant to take place in the City West District.

Figure C3 (below): outdoor dining in front of a vertical mixed-use development. Photo courtesy of Bethesda Magazine



Figure C5 (left): lighting and pedestrian activity at night at The BLVD in Lancaster County, California. Photo courtesy of the Congress for New Urbanism

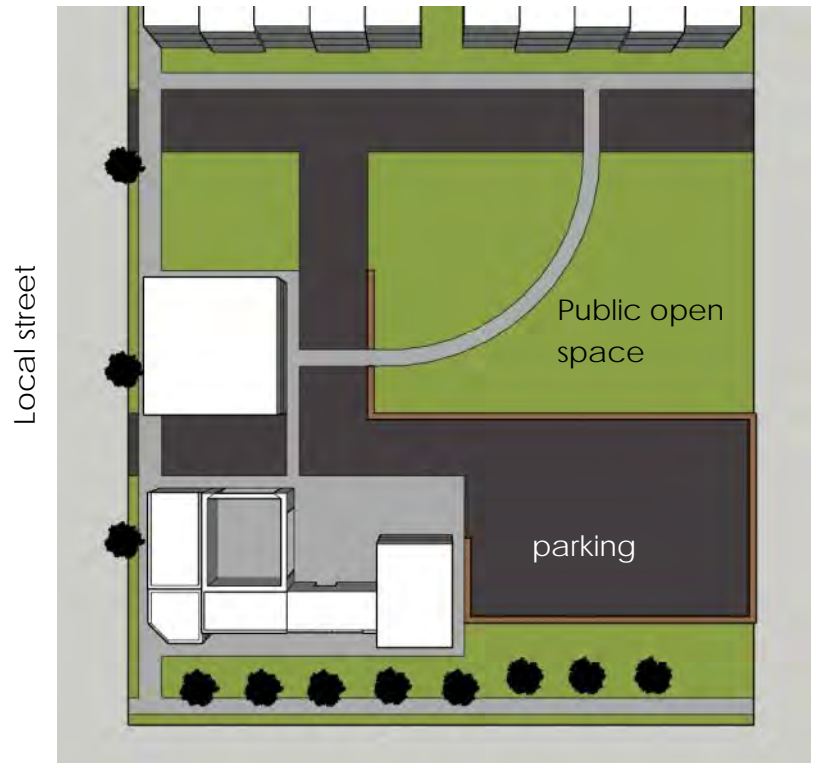
C. Vision and Guiding Principles

C.2 — Horizontal Mixed Use

Horizontal mixed-use refers to developments where the site contains separate residential and non-residential buildings, as opposed to vertical mixed-use, where multiple uses are integrated into a single building. Both types of mixed-use developments are encouraged and permitted in the City West District.

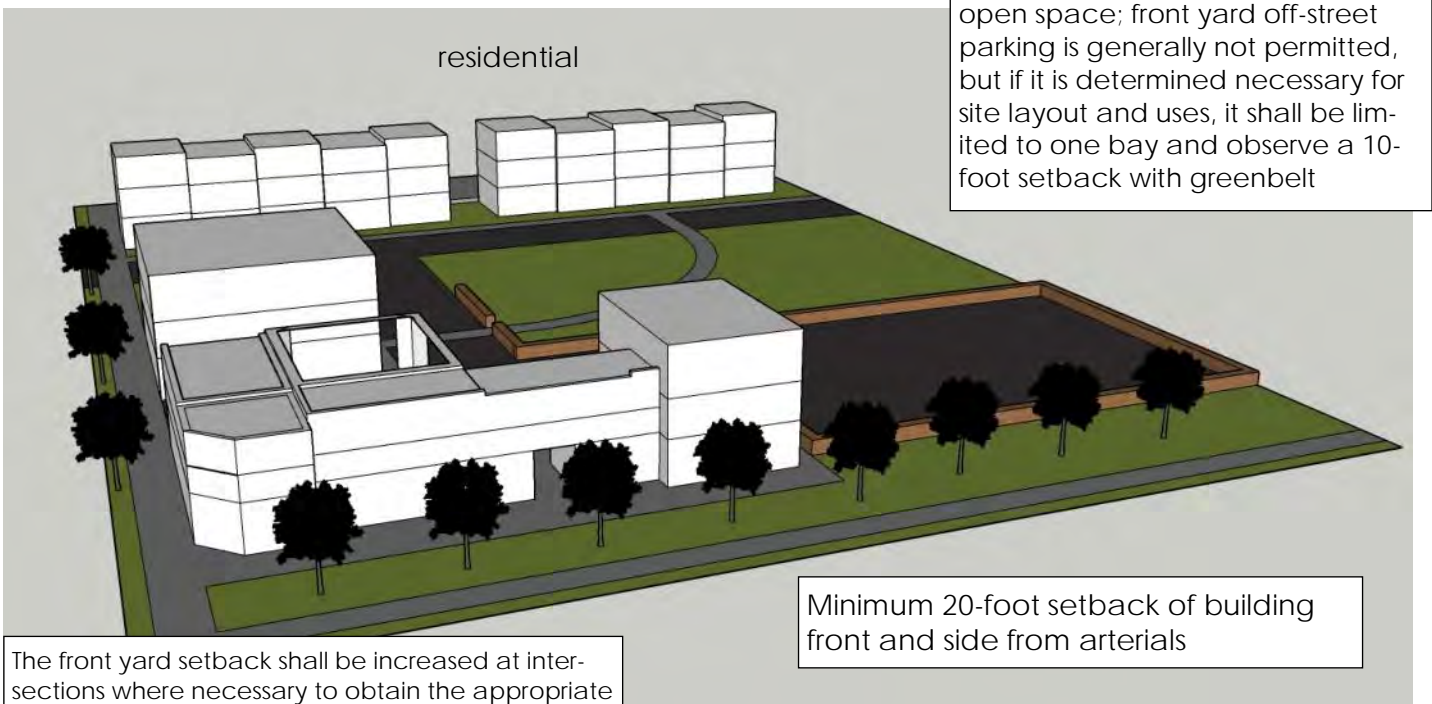
For the Mixed-Use Development Option (MDO), the development must have at least 300 feet in public road frontage

Maximum building setbacks of 20 feet from nonresidential collectors and local streets are meant to create a building presence along the street connected by sidewalks. **Setbacks are measured from the future Right of Way.**



Major arterial (Grand River, Beck, or Taft)

Figures C6 (top) and C7 (bottom): plan views of example horizontal mixed-use model



At least 15% of the development is open space; front yard off-street parking is generally not permitted, but if it is determined necessary for site layout and uses, it shall be limited to one bay and observe a 10-foot setback with greenbelt

The front yard setback shall be increased at intersections where necessary to obtain the appropriate clear vision area for vehicular traffic.

Minimum 20-foot setback of building front and side from arterials

C. Vision and Guiding Principles

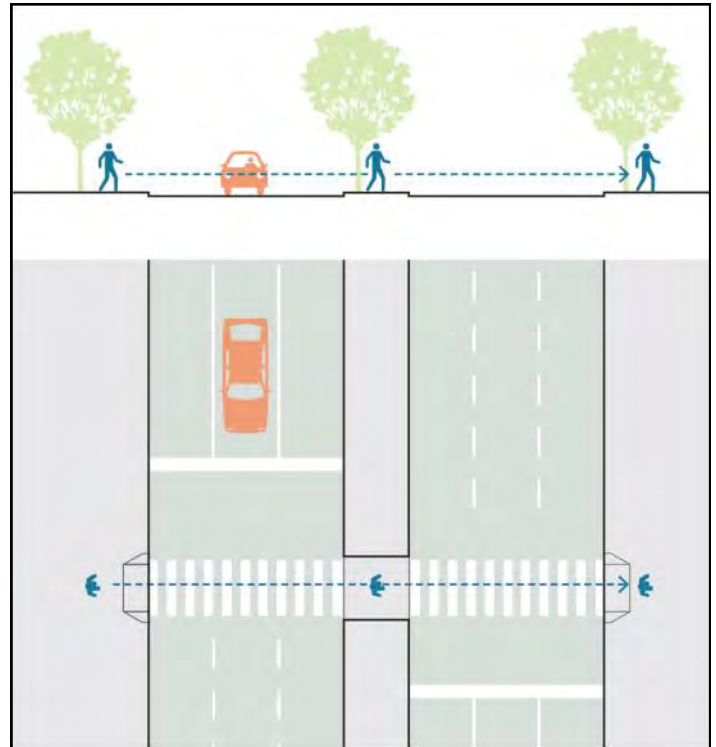
C.3 — Pedestrian Focus - Street Design

The City of Novi is committed to take part in capital projects that result in traffic-calming and a more pedestrian-oriented streetscape. Nonmotorized transportation infrastructure remains an important part in the City's goals. As it currently stands, Grand River Avenue consists of high volumes of fast-moving traffic that is not conducive to people on foot or on bike.

The diagram on the right portrays a midblock crossing and pedestrian refuge that allows for the crossing of a road like Grand River. These kinds of measures increase the ease and safety of crossing busy thoroughfares.

Sidewalks with a minimum of 6 feet are required abutting any street or internal road. Along major thoroughfares sidewalks shall be 8 to 10 feet.

Figure C8: Diagram of a midblock crossing; image courtesy of the Global Designing Cities Initiative



It is intended the internal street network and local roads created would be designed to focus pedestrian activity **off** Grand River. However, it will be necessary to provide additional connections between the north and south sides of the district. The conceptual design of Grand River shown below in Figure C9 shows an example for pedestrian-oriented changes on Grand River.



Figure C9: new design of a section of Grand River Avenue in the City of Detroit

C. Vision and Guiding Principles

C.3 — Pedestrian Focus - Street Design

Changes to and along Grand River Avenue are expected to align with the development of this denser, pedestrian-focused corridor. To connect the north and south sides of Grand River, options include implementing an at-grade crosswalk with a traffic light or the construction of a pedestrian bridge as seen in [Figure C10](#) below. Further research into feasibility will be required. Grants for funding these alternative transportation infrastructure projects should also be explored.



Figure C10: Pedestrian bridge with accessible switchback ramps in Columbia Heights, Minnesota. Photo courtesy of C.S. McCrossan

Another change to Grand River Avenue is the addition of bus traffic, with two SMART routes extending into Novi, one of which runs directly through the City West district along Grand River. See [page 7](#) for bus stop locations and route details.

The City will have to work with SMART on determining where improved bus stop infrastructure should be implemented. Bus shelters like the one seen on the right are an opportunity to incorporate details unique to Novi and City West.



Figure C11: Bus shelter in Houston, courtesy of ricedesignalliance.org

D. Form Based Design/Inspiration Images

D.1 Townhouses, Apartment Dwelling Development and Multifamily Housing

D.2 Building Density and Intensity

D.3 Density Transition from Residential Districts

D.4 Lighting

D.5 Inspiration Images



D. Form Based Design/Inspiration Images

D.1 — Townhouses, Apartment Dwelling Development and Multifamily Housing

The following text and accompanying images provide guidelines to the development of townhouses, apartment dwellings, and multifamily housing in the MDO.

Wall offsets: A wall offset is defined as a projection or recess of a façade wall of at least two (2) feet in depth. Wall offsets should be incorporated onto those building facades having a length of 40 feet or greater. Wall offsets should be a minimum of six (6) feet in length

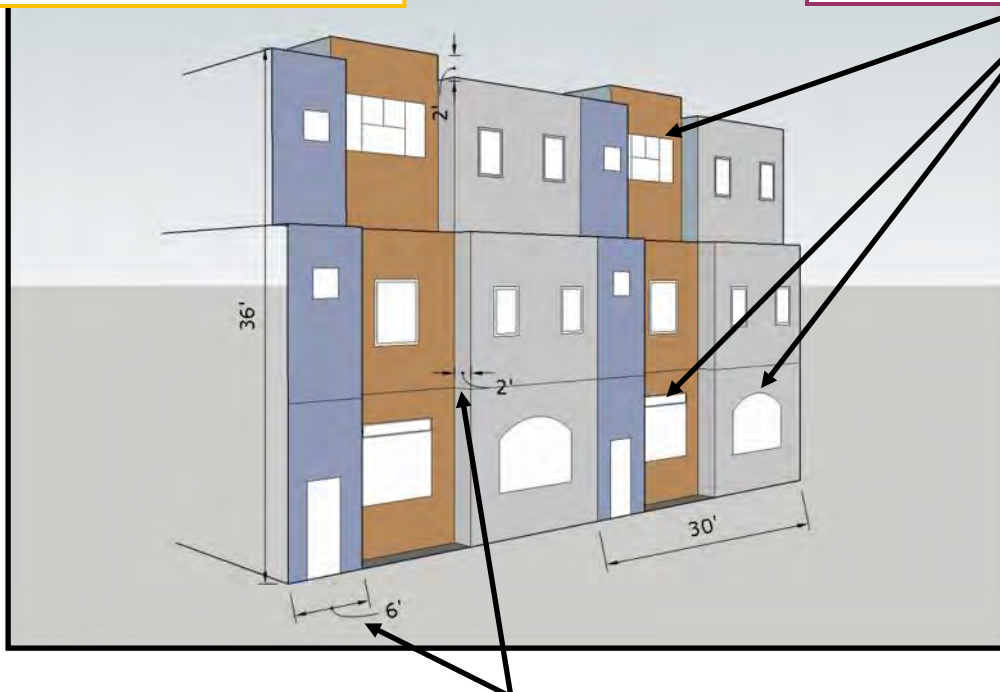
Varying roof lines and forms: Offsets or breaks in roof elevations of two (2) feet or greater in height. Incorporate roof pitch and materials of adjacent buildings into carport or garage roofs.

Windows: Decorative window features, such as arched windows, transoms, decorative pediments, and/or window shutters that are sized appropriately and proportionally to the window are encouraged on those facades fronting on streets. The use of recessed windows, moldings, decorative trim and wood frames to add three-dimensional quality and shadow lines to the façade.

Figure D1: Townhouse and apartment dwelling model

Offsets or breaks in roof elevation of two (2) feet or greater in height

Arched windows, transoms, decorative pediments, and/or window shutters are encouraged



Minimum offset length of six feet and minimum depth of two feet

D. Form Based Design/Inspiration Images

D.1 — Townhouses, Apartment Dwelling Development and Multifamily Housing



Images on this page are apartments in Exton, PA, a suburb of Philadelphia. Nearby uses include retail and commercial.

Standalone residential uses can be built under the MDO so long as nonresidential uses are within 300 feet, and connections to those uses are made.

Figure D2: Apartments in Exton, PA; courtesy of Ashbridge Apartments Facebook page



Figure D3: Amenities at Exton, PA apartments; courtesy of Ashbridge Apartments Facebook page

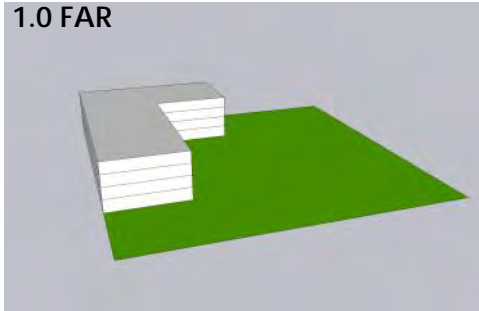
D. Form Based Design/Inspiration Images

D.2 — Building Density and Intensity

One of the key incentives for utilizing the MDO in the City West District is to permit greater density/intensity. Consult table 3.34.5.D in the City West District text for greater detail. Without the MDO, the maximum Floor Area Ratio in City West is **0.275**. Under the MDO, the density of the net site area for single-use buildings is a maximum FAR of 2.0 in the City West North area and 1.0 in the City West South area. For mixed-use buildings, the maximum FAR is 2.5 for the north area and 1.5 for the south.

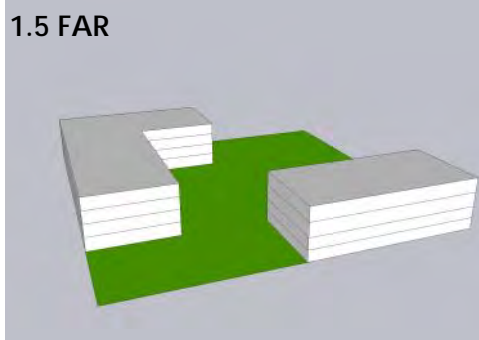
Figure D4: FAR Models depicting potential density available

Single-use buildings in City West South Area →



Four-story building covering a quarter of an acre

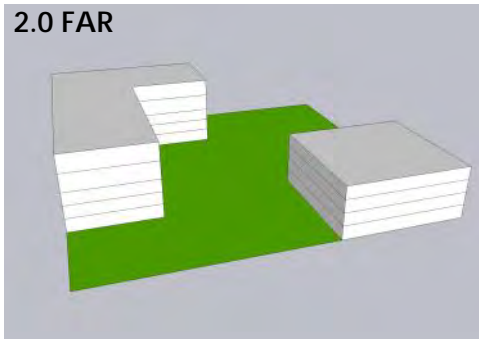
Mixed-use buildings in City West South Area →



Two four-story buildings, one covering a quarter of an acre and the other covering one eighth of an acre

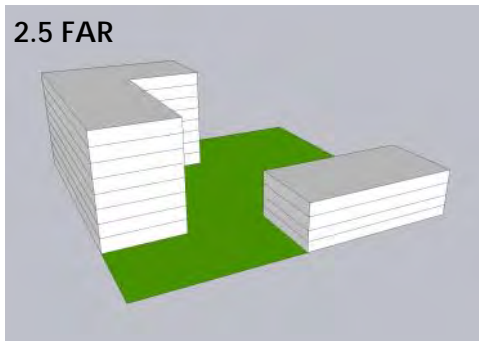
Note that other conditions such as height, parking and open space preservation must be met and may not be accurately portrayed by these massing models

Single-use buildings in City West North Area →



One six-story building covering a quarter of an acre and one four-story building covering an eighth of an acre

Mixed-use buildings in City West North Area →



One eight-story building covering a quarter of an acre and a four-story building covering an eighth of an acre

D. Form Based Design/Inspiration Images

D.2 — Building Density and Intensity

The following table is from the City West Mixed Development Option text and refers to the density of development in the district in terms of dwelling units per acre.

3.34.5.D Development Density/Intensity – Based on Net Site Area			
	Residential Only	Mixed-Use Developments	Mixed-Use Developments
Maximum Density ¹		Single Use Building	Multi-Use Building
City West North area	20 du/ac	25 du/ac	30 du/ac
City West South area	10 du/ac	15 du/ac	20 du/ac

¹For all development, density/intensity shall be calculated for the net site area of the development



Haggerty Center/The Liv in Livonia is an example of horizontal mixed-use that includes retail/restaurant and single-use residential buildings on the site. The site has a density of 27.4 du/ac

Figure D5: Aerial of Haggerty Center/The Liv



Main Street Village in Novi is an example of a site with a density of 15.26 du/ac. Developments with this density—if incorporated with a nonresidential use on the site—would be permitted in the City West South area

Figure D6: Main Street Village in Novi

D. Form Based Design/Inspiration Images

D.2 — Building Density and Intensity

The following images show other real-world examples portraying what certain density can look like. Refer to table 3.34.5.D to see the required conditions for differing levels of density.

Figure D7 (right): Rendering of The Griffin Novi, by Singh Development

The two renderings shown here are proposed developments in Novi—the Griffin Novi (top) and the Bond (bottom). The Griffin will have a density of 23.6 du/ac while the Bond will have a density of 32.5 du/ac.

A residential-only site in the City West North area or a mixed-use site with multi-use buildings in the City West South area permits a maximum 20 du/ac, slightly less than that of The Griffin.

A mixed-use site with multi-use buildings in City West North permits about 30 du/ac, which would allow for a project such as The Bond.



Figure D8 (above): Rendering of The Bond, Humphreys & Partners Architects

Figure D9 (right): Aerial of Huntley Manor Apartments in Novi. Huntley Manor has an overall density of 7.6 du/ac, which would be permitted in the City West South area in a residential-only site.



NOTE: The minimum acreage for an MDO project is 5 acres, unless otherwise approved by City Council

D. Form Based Design/Inspiration Images

D.3 — Density Transition from Residential Districts

The City West District, while intended to be one of the most high-density districts in the City, shall provide a more moderate transition where it abuts Single-Family Residential Districts in City West South as portrayed in [Figure D10](#) below.

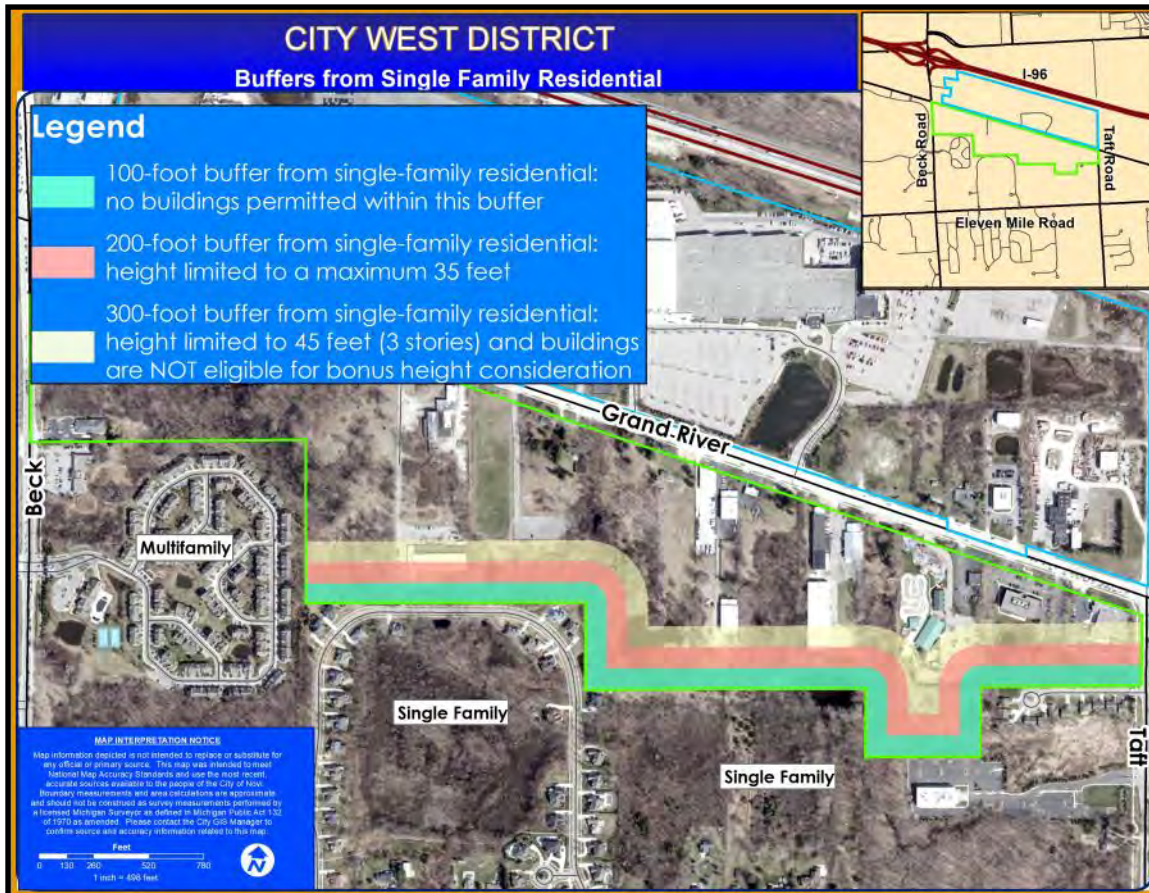


Figure D10: map of buffers from residential districts and associated conditions in City West



Figure D11: Main Street Village, pictured to the right, is an example of low-rise multi-family that could be built between 100 and 200 feet away from single family residential

D. Form Based Design/Inspiration Images

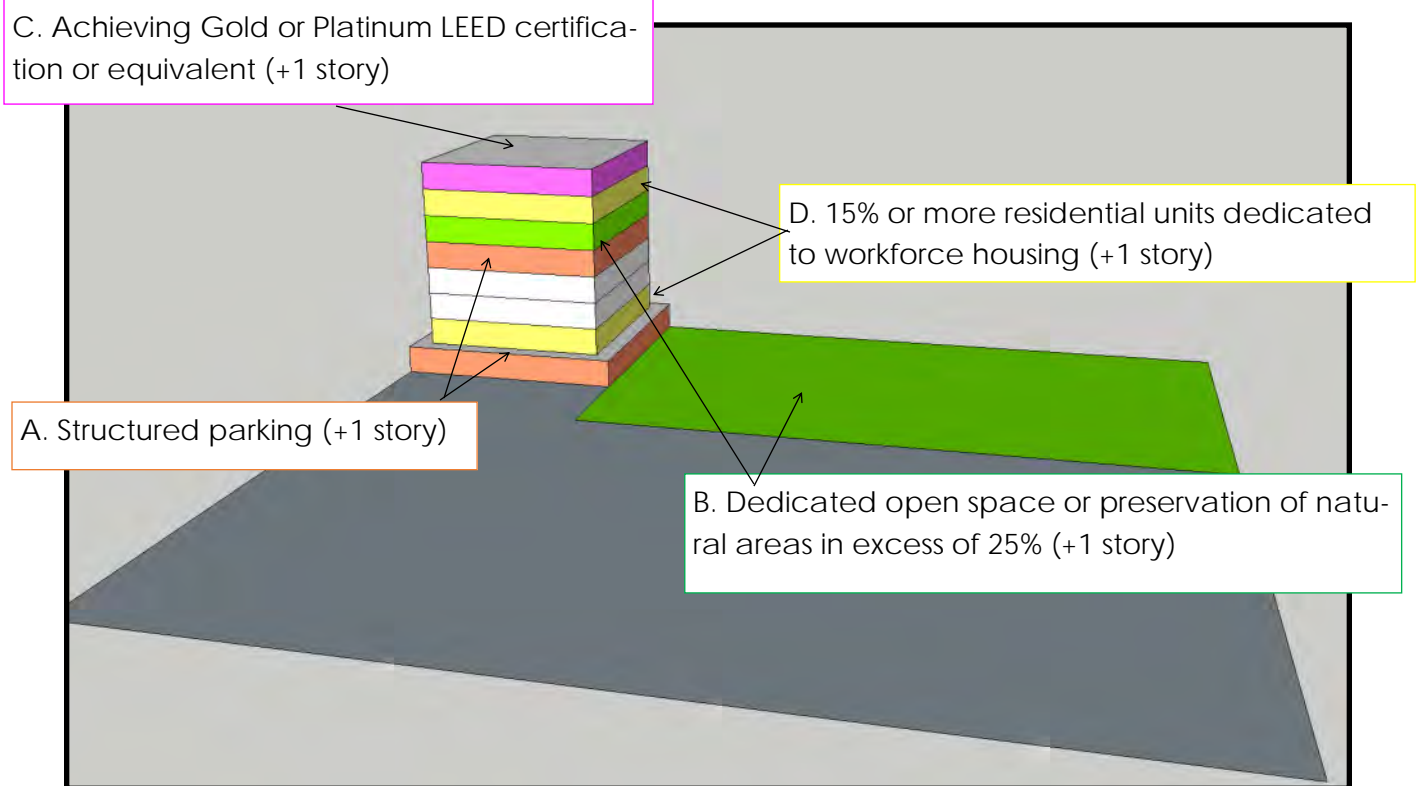
D.4 — Bonus Height

Within the City West District the minimum building height is 2 stories and the maximum building height is 3 stories. With the Mixed Use Development Option, the maximum height for City West North is 5 stories and the maximum height for the City West South area is 4 stories, but that **may be exceeded if bonus height conditions are met**.

Maximum building height in the north area may not exceed 115 feet or 8 stories, whichever is less, and in the south area no building shall exceed 55 feet or 4 stories, whichever is less.

The following model in [Figure D12](#) shows examples of how to achieve greater building height through qualifying for the bonus height conditions as described in 3.34.5.B.

Figure D12: Bonus height illustration



- A. Underground or structured parking (up to 2 additional floors—1 story per 125 spaces)
- B. Providing 25% of the total site area as open space; the image above shows the open space consolidated in one location but this does not have to be the case
- C. Applicants shall provide a narrative explaining how sustainability elements have been incorporated and quantify the impacts of those strategies
- D. As described in section 3.34.5.B; the illustration above shows a floor dedicated to workforce housing in yellow and an additional floor in yellow depicting the bonus story granted for satisfying this condition

D. Form Based Design/Inspiration Images

D.4 — Bonus Height

Figure D13 below shows minimum and maximum heights allowed in City West.

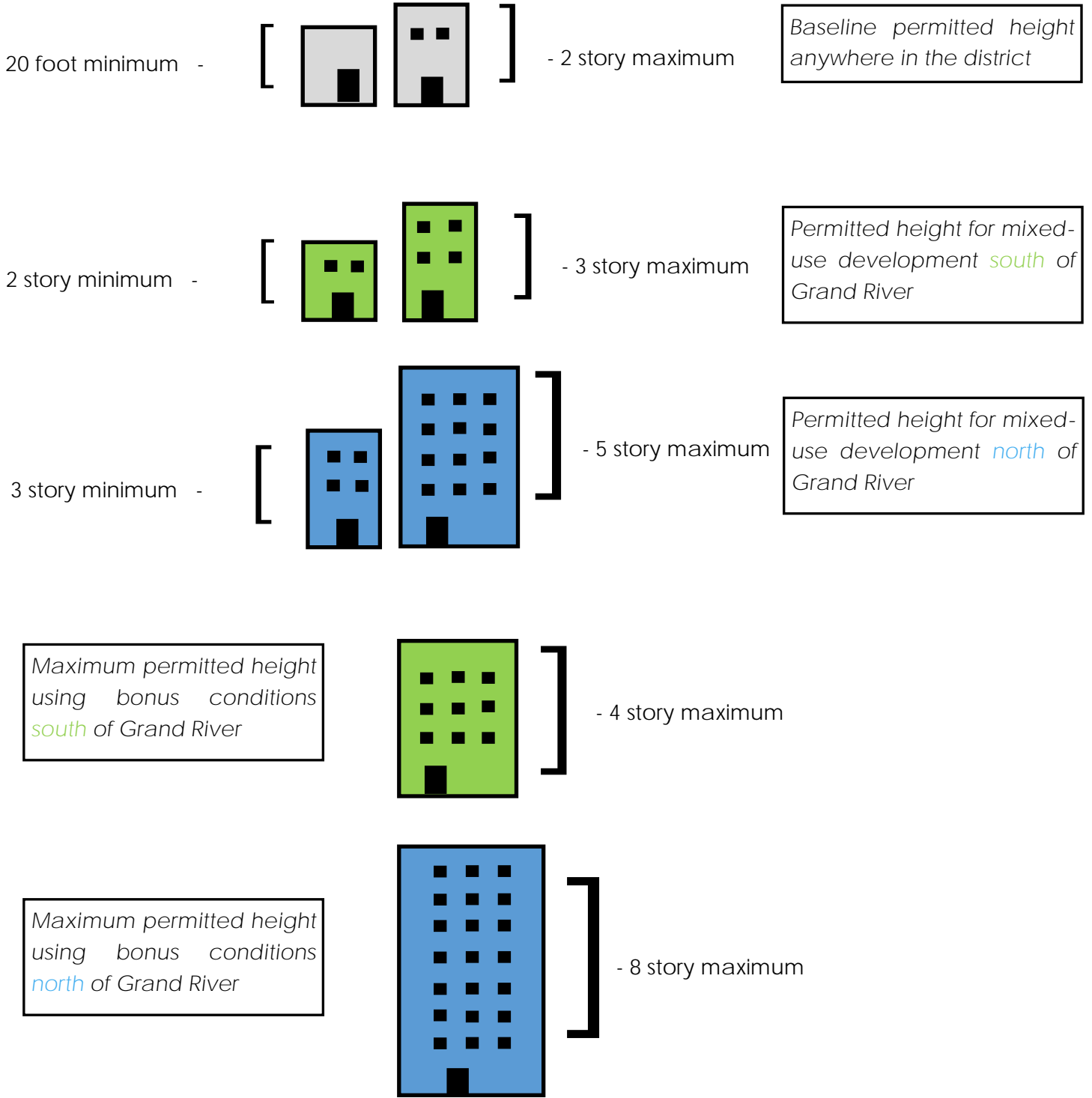
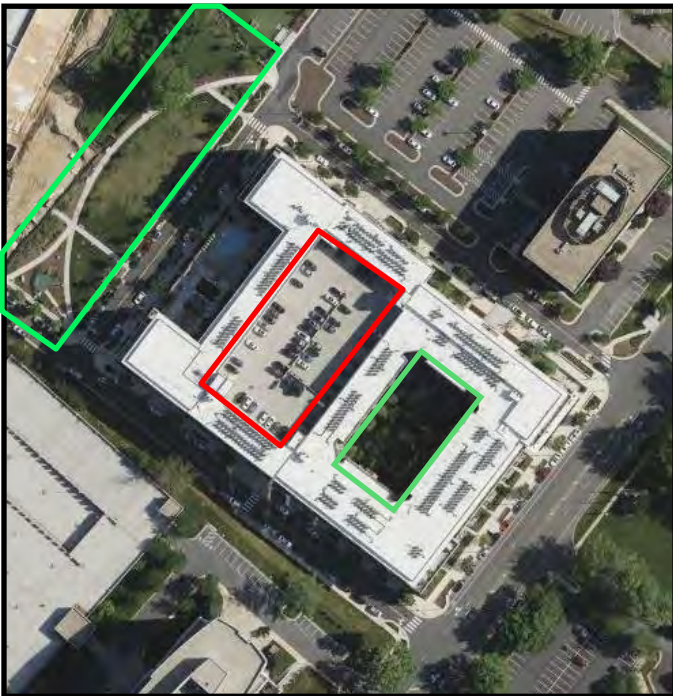


Figure D13: guide to allowable heights in City West

D. Form Based Design/Inspiration Images

D.4 — Bonus Height

Below are images of Highgate apartments, a residential building in Tysons, Virginia, a suburb of Washington, D.C. Structured parking is provided for residents with the entrance located on the ground floor. This is an example of a way for additional height to be granted through the bonus conditions as described in the City West Ordinance. **Figure D14** shows an aerial of the apartment complex and the parking structure surrounded by the building. **Figure D15** shows the street entrance to the garage and highlights the additional story granted from the inclusion of structured parking. Another way to earn bonus height is open space or preservation of natural areas in excess of 25%.

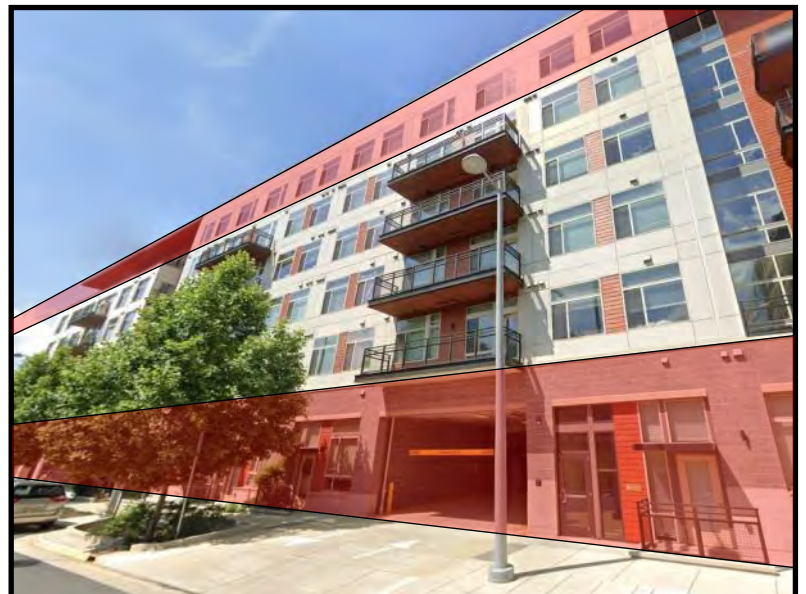


Allowing taller buildings can reduce the footprint and permit greater preservation of natural features and open space

Figure D14 (left): Aerial of Highgate Apartments in Tysons, VA with parking and open space highlighted.

The structured parking on the ground floor and the additional height granted via bonus height are highlighted in the image to the right

Figure D15: Street view of Highgate Apartments with structured parking entrance highlighted.



D. Form Based Design/Inspiration Images

D.4 — Bonus Height

Achieving gold or platinum LEED Certification or the equivalent can be done in many ways. The provision and use of energy and water efficient design, water conservation, reuse and preservation of resources, and sustainable lifestyle solutions are encouraged to be put into practice through this bonus height consideration. Visit the LEED Certification Levels web page to learn more.



Figure D16: Green infrastructure included in the streetscape; source: deeproot.com



Figure D17: Electric vehicle charging stations at the Novi Public Library; see subsection 5.2.15 for details on EV charging stations



Figure D18: Solar arrays built in parking lots on Michigan State University's campus

The images on this page are examples of sustainable components that can be incorporated in site planning. These components are integrated into a site in parking lots or landscaping areas.

D. Form Based Design/Inspiration Images

D.5 — Inspiration Images

The following images are from peer communities or within the City of Novi itself. They contain certain details that could be included in City West developments.



Figure D19 (above): Orenco Station neighborhood in Hillsboro, Oregon



D20 (left): Multi-family development in Carmel, Indiana

The landscaping and seating in the image to the right is an example of a public space being made available for nearby residents and visitors to meet. Civita Park also provides interactive fountains and play structures for children, sport courts, picnic areas, community gardens and native plantings.



Figure D21: Public seating and shade structure in San Diego, CA

D. Form Based Design/Inspiration Images

D.5 — Inspiration Images

Figures D22 and D23 show images of a development in Wayzata, Minnesota, composed of senior residential and associated services in the northern half with retail and service businesses located on the ground floors throughout the development.



Figure D22: aerial of The Promenade in Wayzata, Minnesota



Figure D23: public seating and amenity a part of Folkestone, a senior residential community in Wayzata; source: preshomes.org



Figure D24: 618 South Main Apartments in Ann Arbor provide structured parking within the building, high quality building materials, offsets in the architecture, and balconies for its residents

Folkestone and The Promenade work well together in the fact that the businesses that operate on the ground floors in and around Folkestone are often catered towards the older population.

It is the intent of the City West District to encourage developments that are complementary to one another.

E. Recommended Design Guidelines

E.1 General Standards

E.2 Pedestrian Circulation

E.3 Screening

E.4 Lighting

E.5 Site Furnishings

E.6 Bicycle Amenities

E.7 Public Gathering space/plazas/parks

E.8 Building Design

E.9 Parking Structures

E.10 Landscaping

E.11 Greenway Buffers

E. Recommended Design Guidelines

Section E — The Recommended Design Guidelines draws language from the Zoning Ordinance to explain design standards that are encouraged to be incorporated into developments in City West. Figures E1 and E2 are models containing certain aspects anticipated to be included in City West sites such as amenities for pedestrians, public meeting areas, signage, lighting, and other details as laid out in this section. The section will break each subsection into **Design Intent**, **Configuration and Scale**, and **Colors and Materials**, where possible.

Figure E1: Model of development with public gathering spaces

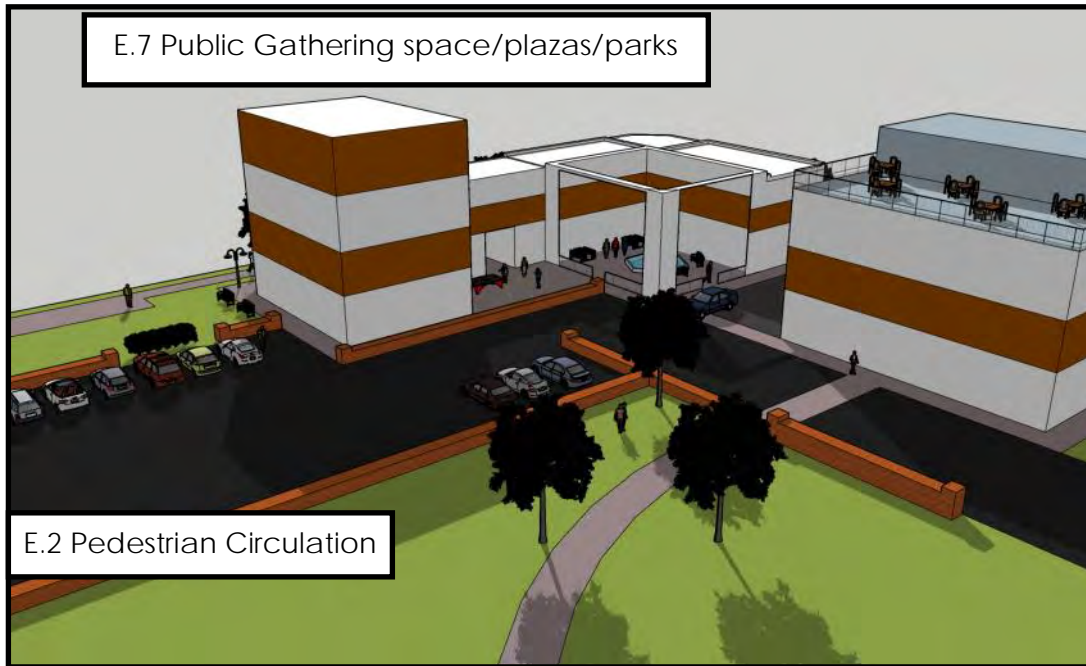
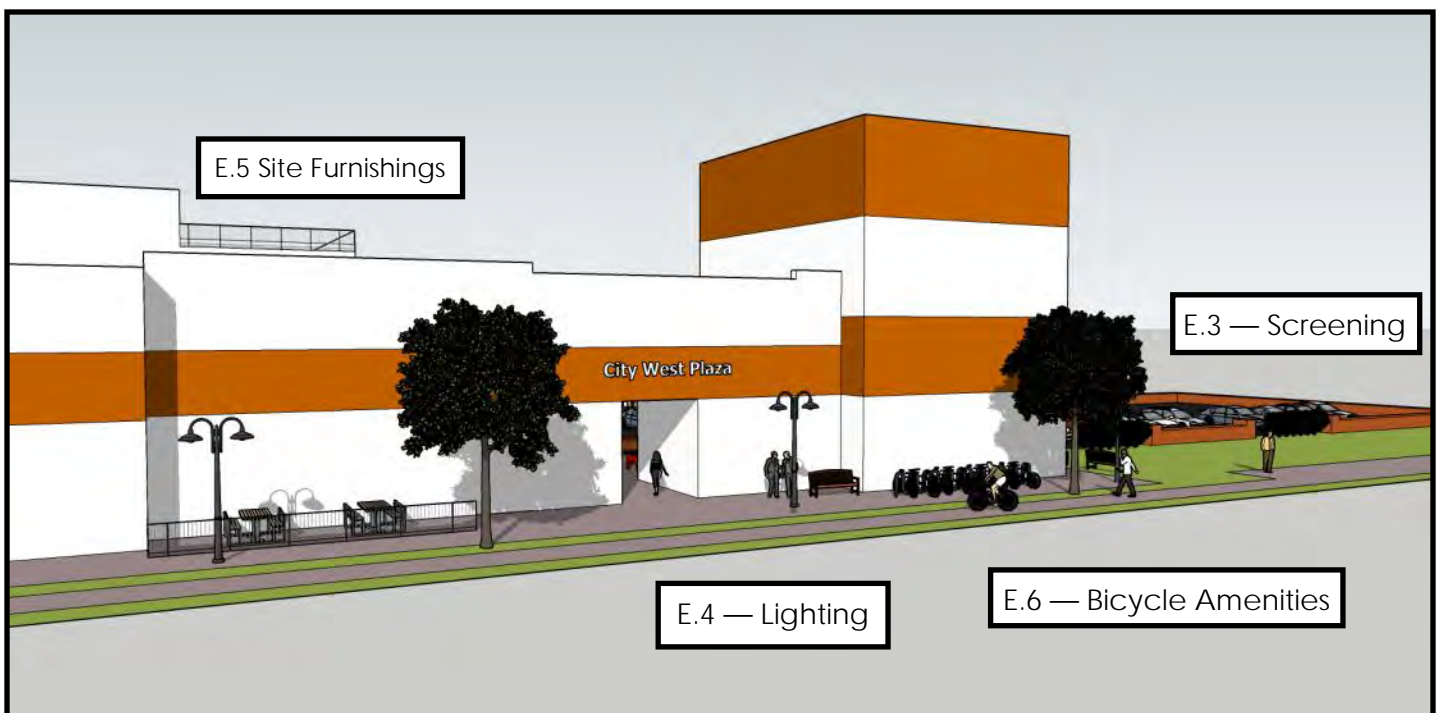


Figure E2: model with recommended design guidelines

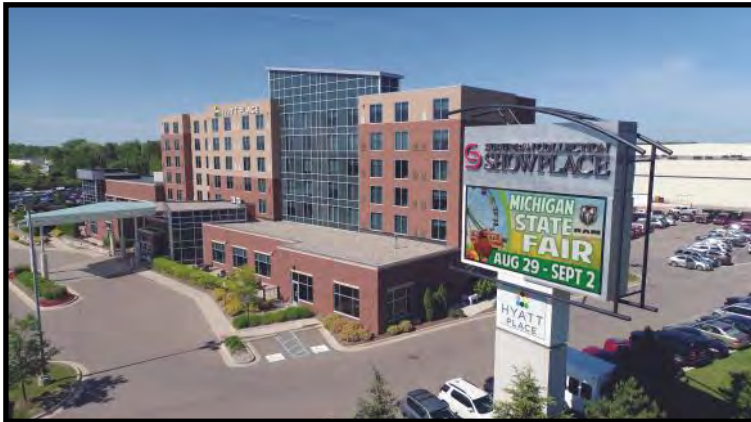


E. Recommended Design Guidelines

E.1 — General Standards

Design Intent

The proposed uses will **complement and support the intent** of the City West district, the convention center and other established uses within this area of the City. Proposed projects will demonstrate that **design coordination and connection with adjacent properties**, developed or not, has been accomplished.



The Suburban Collection Showplace brings thousands of visitors to Novi every year. The uses in the City West District are meant to provide the visitors and guests of the city with entertainment and restaurant options, and other complementary uses, within a walkable distance.

Figure E3 (left): The Hyatt Hotel at the Suburban Collection Showplace in Novi

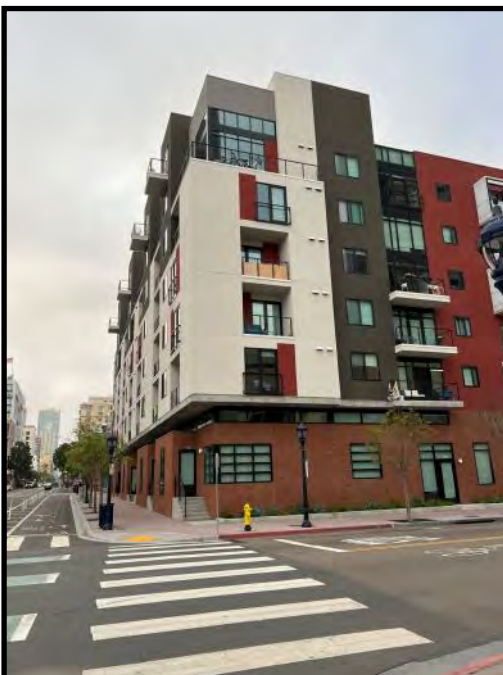
Configuration and Scale

Developments shall have an **attractive street-level environment** that focuses on the **pedestrian experience** and provides **public space amenities**.

Vehicular safety provisions and controls shall be applied particularly with regard to access to the surrounding street network



Figure E4: Splash pads in Carmel, IN



Colors and Materials

Aesthetic quality is improved in terms of design, exterior materials and landscaping, including internal compatibility within the development as well as its relationship to surrounding properties to accommodate future development

Figure E5: Apartment building in San Diego, CA with high-quality aesthetic design and exterior materials

E. Recommended Design Guidelines

E.2 — Pedestrian Circulation

Design Intent

Development will be pedestrian-oriented, with a high degree of transparency on the ground level and functional, attractive outdoor amenities such as plazas, seating and lighting. Parking is placed to the side or rear of main buildings, driveways are consolidated on the major thoroughfare, and on-street parking is permitted on secondary streets.

Scale and Configuration

All buildings shall be oriented parallel to the primary pedestrian street with direct entrances and windows facing the street.

Color and Materials

Entrance doors are encouraged to include architectural details such as contrasting paint or material colors and decorative trim.

On-street parking permitted on secondary streets



Windows and direct entrances oriented parallel to the primary pedestrian street



Figure E6: Townhomes in Carmel, Indiana

Attractive outdoor amenities such as plazas, seating and lighting

Figure E7: Pedestrian amenities in Carmel, Indiana

MDO projects with a single use may be considered for density reserved for mixed-use projects if there is a clear relationship between complementary uses, including if direct pedestrian connections and buildings entrances are located within 300 feet measured along the pedestrian route (3.34.2.B)



Signage and clear delineation of pedestrian-routes

Figure E8: Crosswalk at a residential development in Novi

E. Recommended Design Guidelines

E.2 — Pedestrian Circulation

Design intent

Site amenities shall create tidy and well-landscaped plazas and pedestrian walkways with decorative paving, pedestrian-scale lighting, seating, trash receptacles, landscape treatments, and attractive architectural features at entranceways and focal points of the development (e.g. arch, gateway, bell tower, fountain, public art). All such amenities shall be privately owned and maintained and shall be included in an open space maintenance agreement.



Figure E9: Model with fountain, pedestrian walkways, and seating

Scale and Configuration

Buildings shall be oriented on the property to emphasize a continuous street presence and provide greater pedestrian access and circulation to the site. The main entry to each building shall be from the primary public streetscape, with one entry for every 75 feet of façade along the front lot line. Alongside lot lines, functional entries are required every 100 feet, or fraction thereof, where side-walks are present.

The design of pedestrian walkways and non-motorized paths shall be reviewed with the goal of achieving **connectivity and safety**, and also considering the objectives and intent of this district.

Street trees should be planted to define the pedestrian corridor and buffer traffic lanes. It will be necessary to understand mature tree height when trees are located within utility easements.

E. Recommended Design Guidelines

E.3 — Screening

Design Intent

Developments which abut off-site single family residential zoned property, shall incorporate noise reduction and visual screening provisions such as earthen and/or landscape berms and/or decorative walls, which shall be approved as to design and location. There is a perimeter setback and screening for the purpose of **buffering the development** in relation to major highways or adjacent residential developments. Developments should include proper setback, landscaping, and massing to address privacy and compatibility with adjacent developments or land.



Figure E10: Huntley Manor Apartments in Novi has screening that separates Grand River, a major arterial, from residential units. Both decorative walls and landscaping in the form of trees were used to screen the homes from the street.

Scale and Configuration

Surface parking lots shall be screened from all major thoroughfares by either (1) a two and one-half (2.5) foot ornamental brick or stone wall with intermittent landscaped breaks, or (2) a semi-transparent screening such as brick pilaster with metal decorative fence in order to maintain attractive streetscapes as approved by the City's Landscape Architect.

The figures below show the various screening treatments. **Figure E11** shows a 2.5-foot brick or stone wall with a landscape break. **Figure E12** shows a brick and metal decorative fence.

Figure E11: Brick wall with landscape break

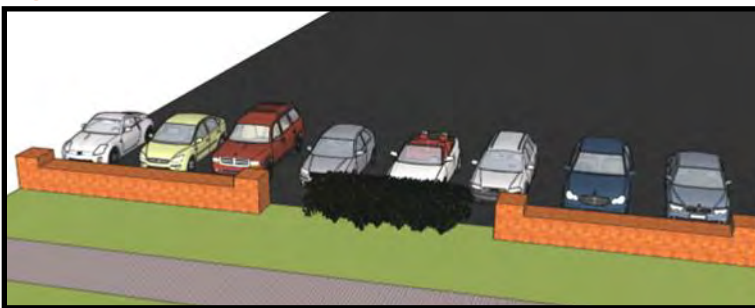
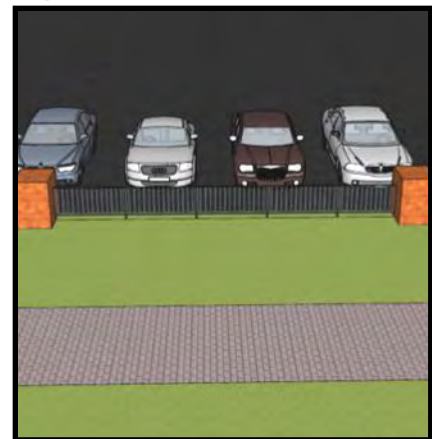


Figure E12: Brick with metal fence



E. Recommended Design Guidelines

E.4 — Lighting

Design Intent

Signage, lighting, streetscape, landscaping, building materials for the exterior of all structures, and other features of the project, shall be designed and completed with the objective of achieving an **integrated and controlled development**, consistent with the character of the community, surrounding development or developments, and natural features of the area.



LED Roadway Series; source: DTE Outdoor Lighting Catalog



LED Teardrop Series; source: DTE's Outdoor Lighting Catalog

Configuration and Scale

Height of light fixtures will depend on location in the district. The examples on the left include the LED Roadway Series, meant for local roadways and walkways, and the LED Teardrop Series, meant for downtown districts, plazas, and commercial developments.

Colors and Materials

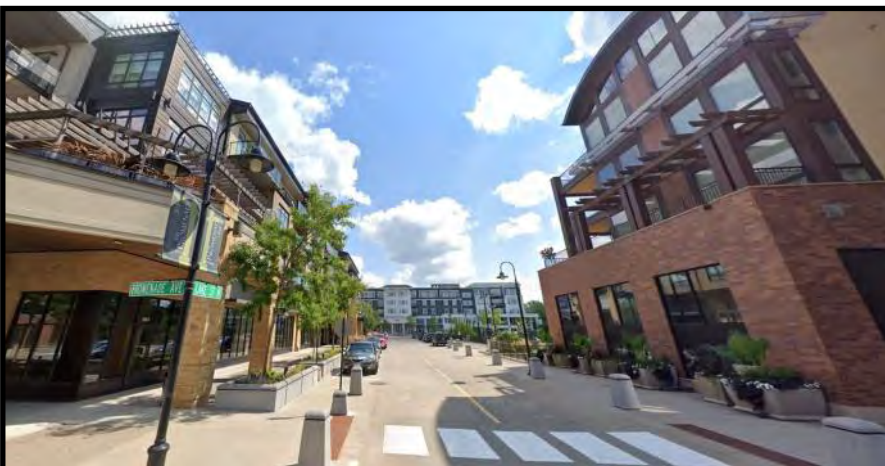
Light fixtures shall reference DTE's latest Outdoor Lighting Catalog to determine both light fixture and light pole.

Lighting and landscaping are provided along the pathway to create a controlled environment. Lighting along pedestrian pathways is essential in maintaining a friendly, safe environment at all times of day.



Figure E14 (above): Monon Greenway in Carmel, IN

Figure E13 (below): street view of the Promenade in Wayzata, Minnesota



These examples provide ample lighting in addition to porticoes to shelter pedestrians from inclement weather when they walk from place to place.

E. Recommended Design Guidelines

E.5 — Site furnishings

Design Intent

Site amenities shall create tidy and well-landscaped plazas and pedestrian walkways with decorative paving, pedestrian-scale lighting, seating, trash receptacles, landscape treatments, and attractive architectural features at entranceways and focal points of the development (e.g., arch, gateway, bell tower, fountain, public art). All such amenities shall be privately owned and maintained.



Figure E15: The receptacle shown above is encouraged to be used as a site furnishing (DuMor receptacle 107— black)



Figure E16: The bench shown above is used in parks and along sidewalks within Novi

E.6 — Bicycle amenities

Design Intent

Bicycle parking shall meet or exceed the standards set forth in Section 5.16 Bicycle parking facility requirements. **Figure E17**, shown below on the left, exceeds the standards by providing bicycle fix-it stations in addition to the standard bicycle parking.



Figure E17: Bicycle parking and fix-it station along the Monon Trail in Carmel, Indiana



Figure E18: Bicycle parking outside of the Civic Center in Novi

E. Recommended Design Guidelines

E.7 — Public gathering space/plazas/parks

Design Intent

Open Space. A minimum of fifteen (15) percent of the gross site area of a commercial or mixed-use development shall be devoted to publicly accessible, permanently landscaped usable open spaces and pedestrian plaza areas (such as internal walkways, linear or pocket parks, plazas, or other space for public gatherings accessible to non-residential occupants and invitees). Common open space and amenities that **enrich the lives** of the residents should be incorporated.

Configuration and Scale

Small strips of landscaped area, landscaped end islands, and similar areas that are less than twenty (20) feet wide shall not be counted toward the required open space on the site. Up to 50% of the required open space may consist of areas that are regulated by City of Novi woodland and/or wetland ordinances **if they are permanently protected by conservation easements**. Wherever natural open spaces shall be created or preserved, they shall be **physically connected**, when possible, to adjacent natural open space areas.



Figure E19: Huntley Manor Apartments in Novi



Figure E20: Gateway Townhomes in Novi

Figure E21: Farmer's Market in Northville; source: Northville Chamber of Commerce



E. Recommended Design Guidelines

E.8 — Building design

- A. All developments with two or more buildings shall be designed with **variation between building setbacks** and/or placement to avoid the creation of monotonous streetscapes. Site plans shall be designed with variation in both the patterns and the siting of structures so the appearance of the streetscape is not repetitive. The following design guidelines shall be considered:
- B. Varying roof lines and forms: provide offsets or breaks in roof elevations of two (2) feet or greater in height. Incorporate roof pitch and materials of adjacent buildings into carport or garage roofs.
- C. Building façade colors and materials: **At least two variations in color and materials** should be used in the treatment of the building façade. Decorative patterns on exterior materials may include scales/shingles, wainscoting, ornamentation, and similar features that incorporate texture and interest.
- D. **Bays, porches and balconies:** Incorporate smaller-scale forms such as bays, recessed or projecting balconies or porches and dormers into the design to visually reduce the height and scale of the building and to emphasize the definition of individual units.
- E. Wall offsets: A wall offset is defined as a projection or recess of a façade wall of at least two (2) feet in depth. Wall offsets should be incorporated onto those building facades having a length of 40 feet or greater. Wall offsets should be a minimum of six (6) feet in length.
- F. Windows: **Decorative window features**, such as arched windows, transoms, decorative pediments, and/or window shutters that are sized appropriately and proportionally to the window are encouraged on those facades fronting on streets. The use of recessed windows, moldings, decorative trim and wood frames to add three-dimensional quality and shadow lines to the façade.
 - On retail buildings, windows within areas of the premises to which the public is invited shall be mostly transparent.

Additional conditions for Townhomes:

- No more than 8 attached units per building
- Minimum distance between buildings of 20 feet



Figure E22: Townhomes by Caliber Homes of Ontario

E. Recommended Design Guidelines

E.8 — Building design

Design Intent

Townhouse and apartment dwellings are **designed to be compatible** with surrounding neighborhoods and land use

Configuration and Scale

Structural placement, building orientation, and landscaping treatment along the streetscape and open space areas comply with design guidelines. Site design guidelines orient and cluster buildings and design parking, landscaping and open space in ways that **connect to surrounding neighborhoods and complement view-sheds** and surrounding natural features.

Compatibility and connectivity are recommended to take high priority in site design. **Figure E23** to the right shows a clustering of residential buildings that frames the street. The plaza in **Figure E24** below sits in front of an office building and can serve as a meeting place for those who live and work in the area.



Figure E23: Townhomes as residential infill in Traverse City, MI

Figure E24 (below): rendering of a plaza in Virginia Square in Arlington, Virginia; source: arlnow.com



E. Recommended Design Guidelines

E.9 — Parking Structures

Design Intent

Buildings are encouraged to have parking on the ground level or in structured garages. Structured parking within or under the building shall be aesthetically and effectively screened through architectural design, landscaping, or other means, from adjacent drives, walkways, and buildings, and particularly from the street level view.

Color and Materials

An architectural treatment, such as a finished fascia, shall be provided to shield any unfinished structural elements (including electrical elements, exposed metal beams, and fireproofing material) or mechanical appurtenances from a viewing position at grade from the opposite side of the street.

Scale and Configuration

The perimeter of each parking structure floor above street level shall have an opaque screen or other screening mechanism to shield automobiles from public view. The screen shall be at least 3½ feet high measured from the finished floor elevation.



Figure E25: Parking structure with screening and high quality material in Ann Arbor



Figure E26: Parking structure in Traverse City

- The top floor of parking structures that are open to the sky are subject to landscaping requirements for parking areas as described in subsection 5.5.3.C.
- 35% of parking structure frontage shall have foundation landscaping (living walls could meet that requirement)

E. Recommended Design Guidelines

E.10 — Landscaping

Design Intent

The intent of the landscaping in City West is to promote walkability, create welcoming environments, and establish public areas where people may gather. Many aspects of the landscaping should be uniform across developments to promote the identity of a single district. City West is meant to be more urban in character, thus the landscape standards are less stringent compared to other areas of the City. Standards differ between commercial/mixed use buildings and strictly multifamily residential. See table 3.34.6.E in the ordinance text for mixed-use and commercial building requirements.

Configuration and Scale

In areas where the surface is made up primarily of concrete, box planters and other urban style planters can be used in front of each building, with occasional larger beds to provide visual interest. Planters should be placed to frame seating areas and in front of buildings. The quantity of trees planted shall be based on building frontage, but will be more flexible in order to prioritize healthy tree growth. For example, if steps are taken to ensure the longevity and health of planted trees, then the required quantity may be lessened. An example of this includes the use of silva cells with permeable pavers (seen below in [Figure E27](#)), or an approved equal alternative that encourages trees' survival with minimal open area.



Figure E27: Illustration of silva cells underneath urban trees; source: landscapeperformance.org

Colors and Materials

There should be a mix of evergreen and flowering plants used in planting to provide year-round interest. In order to protect trees from bike locks and other potential hazards, tree guards (seen below in [Figure E28](#)) are encouraged to be used.

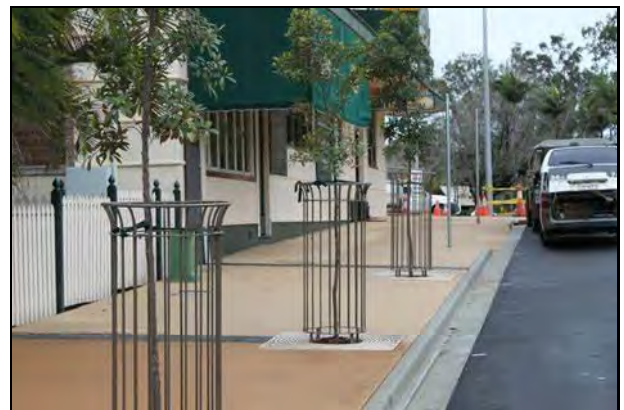


Figure E28 (above): Image of tree guards in New Zealand; source: urbaneffects.co.nz



Figure E29 (left): Image of a linear pocket park in between townhomes near Richmond, VA

E. Recommended Design Guidelines

E.10 — Landscaping

Flexibility

To allow for the necessary flexibility of urban landscape design, new landscaping standards have been established for both the residential, nonresidential, and mixed-use developments in City West. The new standards generally lessen the amount of landscaping required, including fewer canopy trees per dwelling unit, smaller greenbelts, and flexibility for paved open areas to include features such as movable planters to satisfy landscaping requirements.

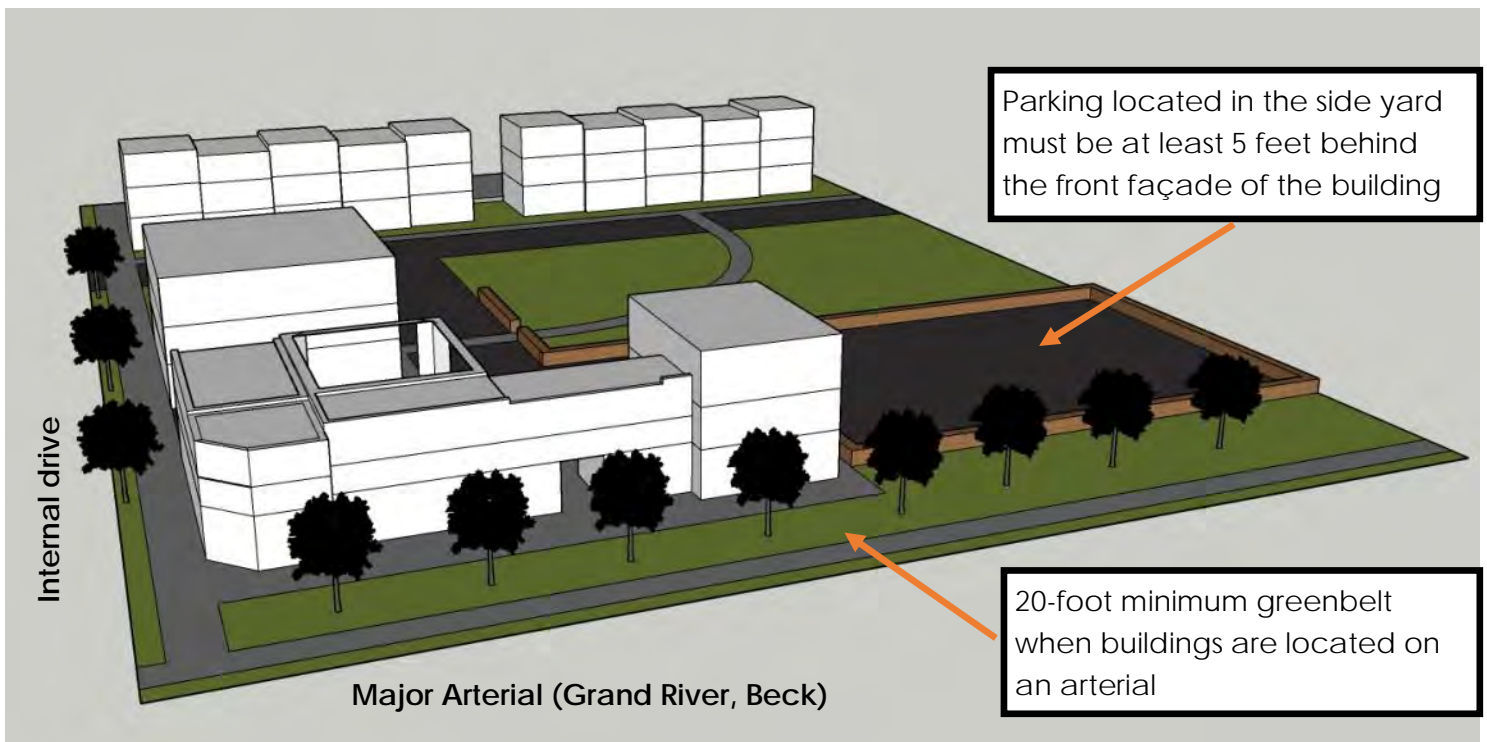


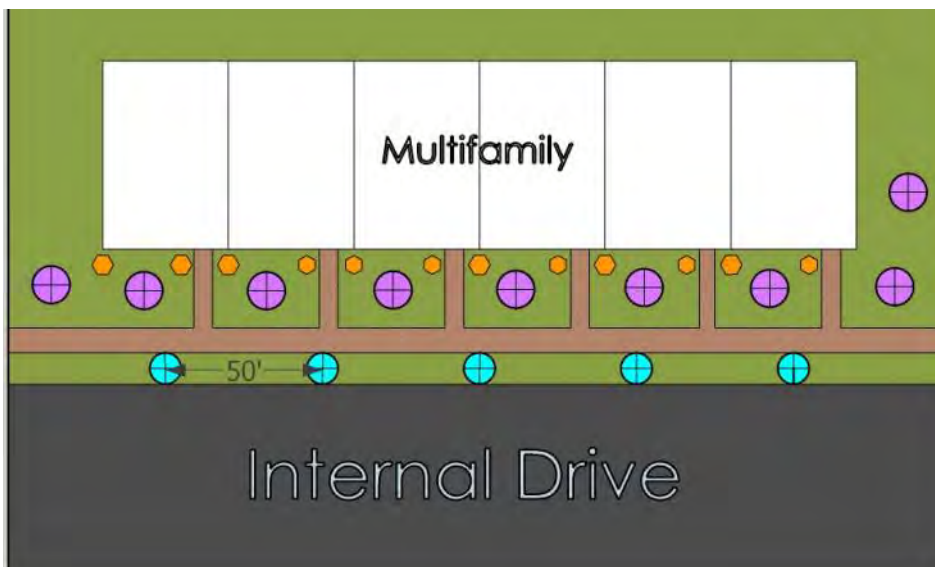
Figure E30: Model showing some new landscaping standards for City West

Greenbelt on an arterial (Grand River, Beck)

The greenbelt must meet a minimum 10 foot requirement if adjacent to parking and a 20 foot requirement if not adjacent to parking. See Figure E30 above. Even spacing of canopy and subcanopy trees is required. See Table 3.34.6.E **Landscaping Requirements for Mixed Use/Commercial Buildings** in the ordinance text for more detail.

E. Recommended Design Guidelines

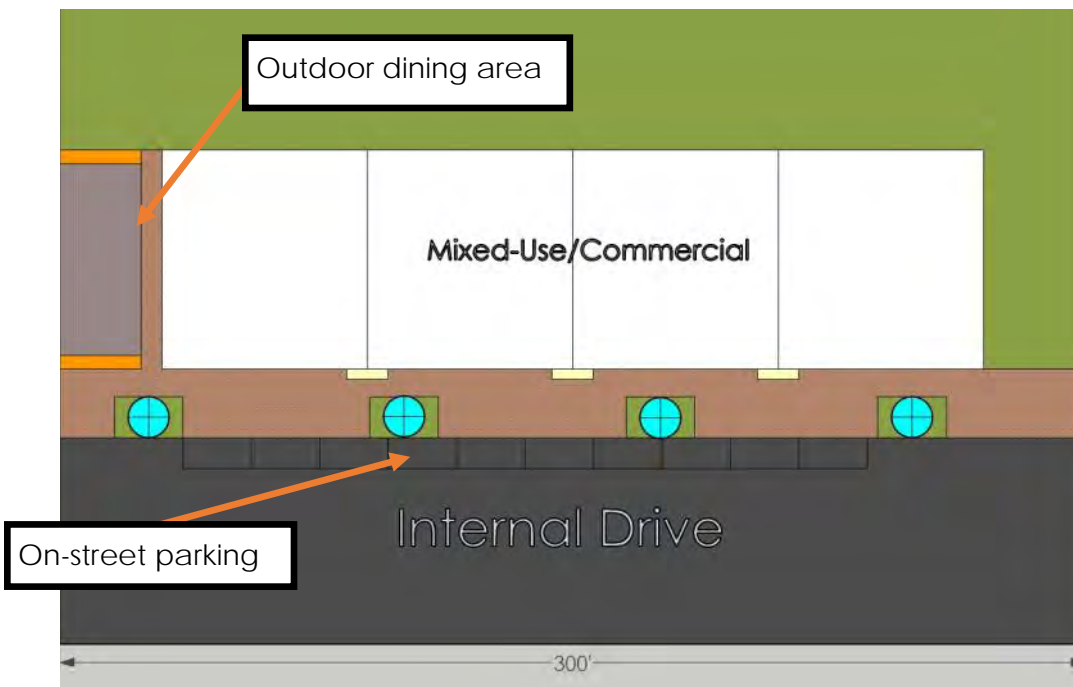
E.10 — Landscaping



For buildings that are standalone multifamily uses, the tree count will be based on the number of first livable floor units at **1.5 trees per unit**, in addition to **2 shrubs per first floor unit**. Interior street trees shall be placed **one per 50 linear feet**.

- 6 units x 1.5 trees/unit = 9 trees
- 6 units x 2 shrubs/unit = 12 shrubs
- Canopy trees every 50 linear feet, evenly spaced

Figure E31: Landscaping standards model for multifamily



Commercial standalone buildings or mixed-use buildings with commercial on the first floor in City West have more urban landscaping standards than other similar uses throughout the City. For internal drives, there shall be **1 canopy tree per 75 linear feet**, spaced not closer than 25 feet apart from each other and planted in silva cells or equivalent substitutes to ensure tree health.

Figure E32: Landscaping standards model for mixed-use/commercial

- Canopy trees every 75 linear feet, spaced not closer than 25 feet
- 60% of periphery landscaped for outdoor dining area (permanent beds or movable planters)
- If sidewalk is 12 ft or wider, 15% of building frontage shall have foundation landscaping 2-3 feet deep

2016 MASTER PLAN FOR LAND USE

EXCERPT

Redevelopment Site 2: City West

Grand River Avenue between Taft and Beck includes the Suburban Collection Showplace, a convention center that plans to expand with additional convention space and an entertainment venue. Other development in this section of the Grand River Corridor is a mix of commercial, office, and industrial uses. Many sites are underutilized, disused, or vacant. This area offers the potential for the creation of a prominent new district combining entertainment, convention, commercial, office, and residential uses in a cohesive, high-density, walkable pattern. Structured parking and diagonal on-street parking along circulation roads will help to reduce the amount of land devoted solely to pavement. This plan envisions three to five story buildings for most of the area, while buildings with frontage on I-96 may rise as high as ten stories.

Components of the District

Residential Uses

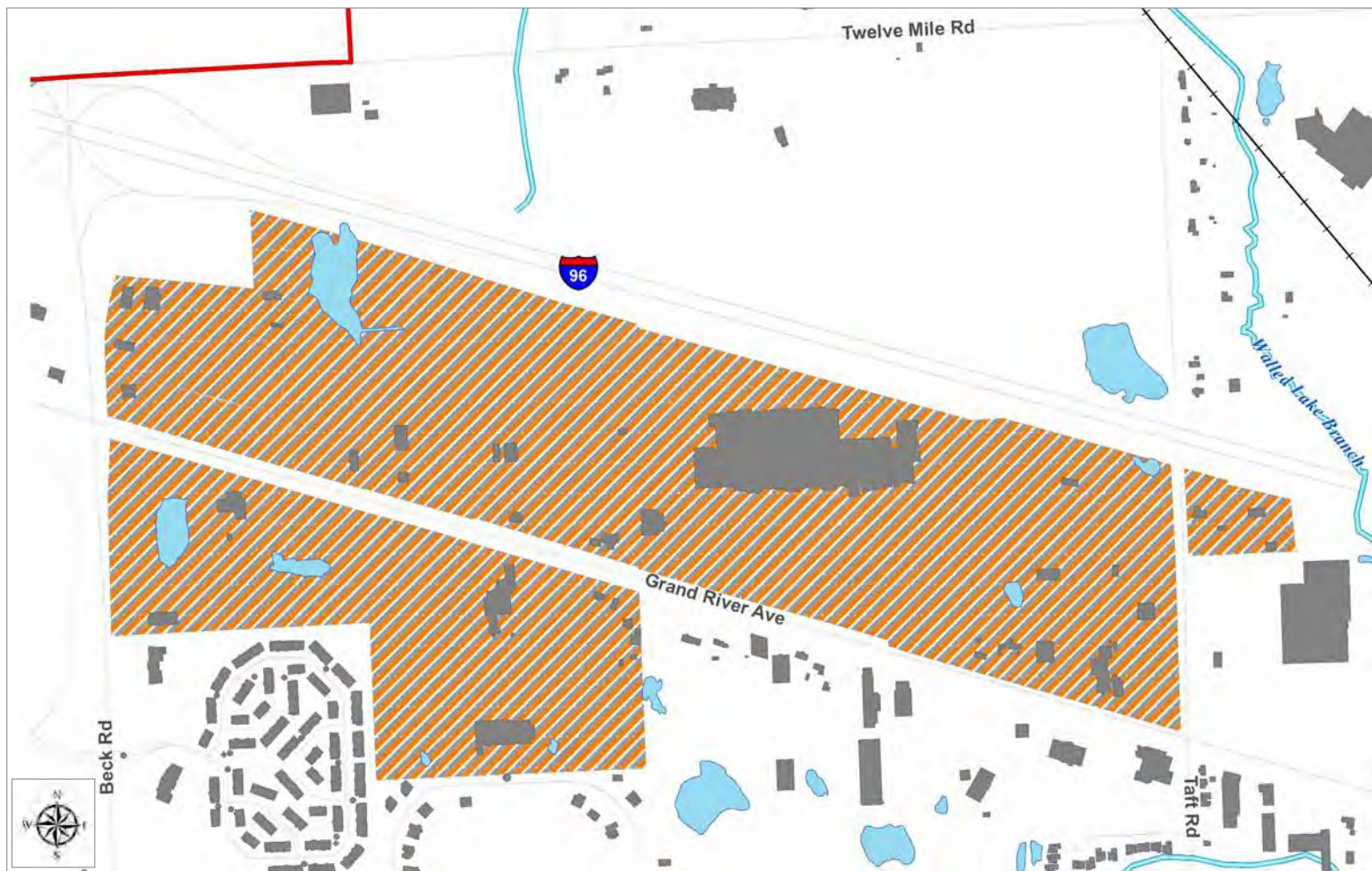
The residential components of City West should provide unique housing types, with an emphasis on types currently undersupplied in the City. In general, residential uses will be located above commercial uses, and all residential north of Grand River should be on the second floor or higher. Some ground floor residential uses such as row houses may be appropriate south of Grand River on the edge of the district as a transition to nearby neighborhoods. Live-work units may be an appropriate use as well, particularly if City West develops as an arts and entertainment district. Microapartments (small efficiency units) and small one-bedroom units may be an appropriate and viable development model for this area, especially given the needs of frequent business travelers and temporary residents at nearby Providence Park Hospital.

Commercial, Restaurant and Entertainment Uses

The district is envisioned as a distinct neighborhood as well as a complement to major nearby uses such as the Suburban Collection Showplace and the hospital. Commercial uses in this area could include specialty retail or a cluster of similar uses, such as high-fashion stores or art galleries, in addition to uses that serve nearby residents. Personal service uses would likely constitute a portion of the overall commercial picture in City West. Creating a vibrant restaurant and entertainment scene that spills into outdoor patios and open spaces, is a major goal of this redevelopment strategy.

Office Uses

Office uses in City West should be mostly limited to upper floors and, in vertically mixed buildings, may serve as a transition from retail and restaurant uses on lower levels to residential uses above.



Above, left: Map of City West land use planning area, including footprints of existing buildings. The largest building, at center, is the Suburban Collection Showplace, which is planning to expand. Above, right (clockwise from upper left): public art and gathering space amid high density mixed development in Asheville, NC; high quality building materials and ornamental landscaping in West Bloomfield, MI; finished alley with small retail use in Fort Collins, CO; public plaza and dense, mixed development in Princeton, NJ

Character of Development & Placemaking

For City West to become a true district, development must follow a unified approach. This could be achieved through the development of design standards or a form-based code to establish district-wide standards for building massing and location, streetscape, and public spaces. Building materials, landscaping, lighting, public furniture, and signage can all be addressed in standards for City West. These standards could also establish sub-districts (for instance, north of Grand River versus south of Grand River). To the extent possible, utilities should be buried.

The planned development of the City West district should include a mix of public plazas and parks that provide gathering places, as well as wide sidewalks that can accommodate outdoor dining. Programming of public spaces is encouraged to promote placemaking and strengthen the identity of the district.

Transportation

City West should be a walkable district that accommodates all road users and provides connections to Novi's existing and planned non-motorized pathways. Parking should be a mix of on-street spaces, small surface lots in side and rear yards, and, where density supports the investment, structures. Parking structures may stand alone or be integrated into other buildings, but in all cases, they should be designed to the same standards as other buildings in the district. Ground floor liner uses should be incorporated where possible. Parking plans should consider emerging trends in the automotive market such as the rapidly growing number of plug-in vehicles on the road, as well as the growth of car-sharing.

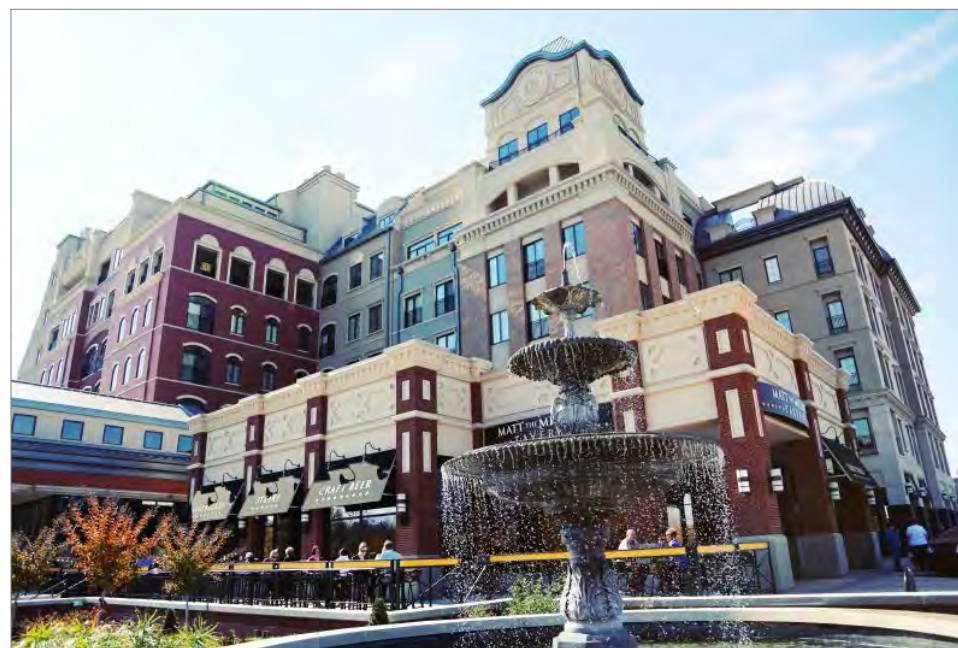
Walkability should be aided by compact development and frequent crossing locations on all internal streets, as well as signal protection at major intersections. Bicycle parking should be provided throughout the district, and sheltered where possible. Finally, if developed to its full potential, City West, with support from the hospital, could play a powerful role in the future development of mass transit on Grand River Avenue, serving as the westernmost destination point for bus rapid transit (BRT). The City should work with its neighbors to determine the feasibility of mass transit to serve the greater corridor and provide expanded mobility options for residents. The cities of Farmington and Farmington Hills have incorporated the potential for BRT along Grand River into their long-range plans.



Source: Roark Premier Team



Source: Elvert Barnes, Wikimedia Commons



Source: Carmel City Center



Source: Central Coast Low Impact Development Initiative

Clockwise from top left: Event in public space, North Hills development, Raleigh, NC, which includes a mix of low-profile buildings and taller structures, including a ten-story hotel; Main North in downtown Royal Oak, MI, is a ten-story mixed-use development with associated structured parking next to two movie theaters; Bioretention swale in Paso Robles, CA, which accomplishes some filtering of runoff before it enters the stormwater system; Carmel City Center in Carmel, IN, is a mixed use development located near the city's downtown Arts & Design District and was developed as part of Carmel's Range Line Road Corridor Plan; Arlington, VA's Pentagon Row project mixes commercial and residential uses around planned, multi-use public spaces.

Sustainability

The development of a new district presents a prime opportunity to consider development from a holistic standpoint. Development of City West should consider mitigating stormwater runoff through bioretention systems such as rain gardens and bioswales, and alleviating concentration of runoff through the use of permeable pavement. Should

development proceed in a coordinated fashion, the City and its partners may consider pursuing LEED-ND certification through the United States Green Building Council; this certification not only provides confirmation that developers have adhered to sustainable development practices, but also serves as a marketing tool for the district. Landscaping with native plants, incorporation of alternative energy systems such as solar collectors or

geothermal heat pumps into building designs, accommodations for electric vehicles, bicycle facilities, and, ultimately, integration with mass transit are all steps that can be taken to build a district that adheres in the long term to basic principles of environmental sustainability. When well-implemented, these measures can also help to limit certain long-term operational costs.



Above: Conceptual rendering of potential development of City West. This image is intended to show building massing, including one ten-story building, and provide an example of how buildings might interact with sidewalks and other public spaces. On-street parking spaces line every block, and most parking is concentrated in structures to the right of the image. Frequent programming of public spaces is encouraged

Development of the District

To facilitate and guide development of the City West district, development of a new zoning classification will be necessary. Form-based standards for the district should be considered as one method of achieving the desired development pattern. The district would likely be more effective if adopted as a stand-alone district rather than as an overlay to existing zoning.



Above: Image, based on development in St. Charles, Missouri, showing the type of streetscape that might characterize City West, along with the three-to-five story buildings envisioned for most of the area north of Grand River. Ground floor retail, space-efficient diagonal parking spaces, and upper floors devoted to office and residential uses combine with an aesthetically pleasing public realm to create a vibrant, pedestrian-friendly district that feels like a cohesive neighborhood.

LETTER TO PROPERTY OWNERS



August 6, 2024

Dear City of Novi property owner or current tenant,

City of Novi staff have been working on drafting an ordinance to establish a new zoning district that is intended to create a higher-density, pedestrian-oriented area with a mix of uses including residential, office, retail, and commercial. The City West District will lie north and south of Grand River Avenue and stretch from Beck to Taft, with a few exclusions. Please consult the included map for reference of the new district.

On May 20, 2024, the City Council adopted new ordinance language for both the north and south sides of Grand River Avenue, and rezoned the north side of Grand River to City West. The City Council left open the option to potentially rezone the south side of Grand River Avenue at a later date. At the request of Mayor Fischer, Planning Department staff is now bringing back for new consideration the rezoning of most of the south side of Grand River to the City West District,

The adopted ordinance text includes two sections, the first of which establishes the district and underlying requirements for all buildings and uses. The second section establishes the Mixed-Use Development Option, meant to incentivize mixed-use development by offering greater height, density, and more permitted uses, as well as greater flexibility in development standards. Please visit www.cityofnovi.org/services/community-development and scroll to the What's Trending section to view the adopted City West ordinance text and accompanying Design Guide.

Modifications from prior draft ordinance

Some modifications of the ordinance for the south side of Grand River since the February 2023 letter was sent to property owners and renters, include the following:

- Limitation on building height and additional building and parking setback where property abuts residential
- Additional emphasis on preserving natural features

Most of the modifications were made due to concerns heard at the public hearing from nearby residents, or by concerns raised by the Planning Commission and City Council during the review in 2023 and 2024.

Comments requested

You are receiving this letter because you own or rent property in this proposed district and your opinion on the future of this area in the city is vitally important. It is the hope of city staff that property owners in this proposed district can take the time to review both the ordinance text and the Design Guide to understand the district that the city is envisioning for City West. We hope to get as many comments as possible before a public

CITY COUNCIL

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City of Novi

45175 Ten Mile Road
Novi, Michigan 48375

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hearing is scheduled for consideration by the Planning Commission for a recommendation to the City Council.

A fillable online form can be found at the web page listed above, where we welcome your feedback. The form also provides the opportunity to input contact information if you wish to meet with us in person or virtually on Microsoft Teams. Please email Lindsay Bell at lbell@cityofnovi.org or call the Community Development Department at [248.347.0475](tel:248.347.0475) if you have any further questions or would prefer to set up a meeting directly.

Thank you,
Barbara McBeth, AICP
City Planner

PLANNING COMMISSION MINUTES

EXCERPT MAY 10, 2023



PLANNING COMMISSION

MINUTES

CITY OF NOVI

Regular Meeting

May 10, 2023 7:00 PM

Council Chambers | Novi Civic Center
45175 W. Ten Mile, Novi, MI 48375 (248) 347-0475

CALL TO ORDER

The meeting was called to order at 7:00 PM.

ROLL CALL

Present: Member Avdoulos, Member Becker, Member Dismondy, Member Lynch, Chair Pehrson, Member Roney, Member Verma

Staff: Barbara McBeth, City Planner, Elizabeth Saarela, City Attorney; Lindsay Bell, Senior Planner; Christian Carroll, Planner; James Hill, Planner; Rick Meader, Landscape Architect; Ben Croy, City Engineer

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

Member Roney led the meeting attendees in the recitation of the Pledge of Allegiance.

APPROVAL OF AGENDA

Motion made by Member Lynch and seconded by Member Roney to approve the agenda.

ROLL CALL VOTE ON MOTION TO APPROVE THE MAY 10, 2023 PLANNING COMMISSION AGENDA MOVED BY MEMBER LYNCH AND SECONDED BY MEMBER RONEY.

Motion carried 7-0.

AUDIENCE PARTICIPATION

Chair Pehrson invited members of the audience who wished to address the Planning Commission during the first audience participation to come forward.

Dorothy Duchesneau, 1191 South Lake Drive, expressed concerns after becoming aware that the City is considering the possible inclusion of Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU) to the single family zoning districts. It is an admirable idea to allow a smaller dwelling footprint that can be used to house an aging family member or full-time on-site caregiver, but this needs to be attached to the existing home, not an additional building. Older Novi residents have shown they don't want to move out of Novi as they age, but the availability of smaller homes in Novi is scarce. If the City is not careful in how this is enacted, it will become a magnet for short term Airbnb, VRBO and HomeToGo rentals and Craigslist listings. In essence, this would create in-home businesses in areas that are not in keeping with what the neighbors expected to live near. The rules for Accessory Dwelling Units should be written before ADU's are added to the Residential zoning districts. It needs to be determined how this affects the Principal Residential Exemption in Michigan.

Chair Pehrson closed the first public participation.

CORRESPONDENCE

There was not any correspondence.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

In the matter of 22585 Evergreen Court Woodland Permit, motion to approve Woodland Use Permit, PBR23-0107, for the removal of eleven regulated woodland trees within an area mapped as City Regulated Woodland at 22535 Evergreen Court for the construction of a single-family residence. The approval is subject to on-site tree replacements to the extent possible and payment into the City's Tree Fund for any outstanding Woodland Replacement Credits, along with any other conditions as listed in the Woodland Consultant's review letter.

ROLL CALL VOTE ON MOTION TO APPROVE WOODLAND USE PERMIT PBR23-0107 MOVED BY MEMBER AVDOULOS AND SECONDED BY MEMBER LYNCH.

Motion carried 7-0.

2. CITY WEST TEXT AMENDMENT 18.296

Public hearing of the staff-initiated request for Planning Commission's recommendation to City Council regarding Text Amendment 18.296 in order to create a new zoning district, CW City West, with associated changes to reference the new district as appropriate, and to amend text related to the EXO District, to reflect an underlying zoning of CW - City West.

City Planner Barb McBeth relayed that before Senior Planner Bell presents information on the draft City West Ordinance, Design Guide, and the potential rezoning of land, she would like to share a few concepts from the 2016 Master Plan for Land Use. The Chapter in the Master Plan titled Redevelopment Strategies says, "As outlined in this 2016 Master Plan Update, the City of Novi seeks to maintain its high quality single-family neighborhoods, preserve natural features, support business growth, improve traffic, and create an authentic identity. To implement this vision, three specific redevelopment sites have been identified by the City that are currently vacant or under-utilized, given their location, unique features, and size. The plan stated the redevelopment of these sites offers the opportunity to increase housing and stimulate business growth in concentrated areas of the City, allowing the rest of the City to retain its existing suburban character." Following is a summary of the three redevelopment sites.

The first redevelopment site identified in the 2016 Master Plan is located at the intersection of Old Novi Road and Thirteen Mile Road and was referred to as Pavilion Shore Village. The plan envisioned that redevelopment of this area could establish a unique sense of place by providing housing and commercial uses that are inspired by the natural and recreational features of the nearby park and lake.

Following the approval of the Master Plan, and the submittal of the developer's plans that went through the Planned Rezoning Overlay process, that area of Novi has now been redeveloped with 20 homes within the Lakeview development. Many of the new homes have a view of Walled Lake and Pavilion Shore Park as anticipated in the master plan.

The second redevelopment site identified in the Master Plan is located at the northeast corner of Grand River Avenue and Town Center Drive and has been known as "The Anglin Property." The property is approximately 10 acres in size and had been used as a car wash and garden supply yard.

Following the approval of the Master Plan, a developer presented plans for the site (and an adjacent property) to allow for redevelopment of the properties using the City's PRO process. The development is now called Sakura.

The approved plan shows an Asian-themed mixed-use development with access points off Grand River Avenue and Eleven Mile Road. The commercial portion of the project will consist of four buildings containing office, retail and restaurant spaces. Up to 132 multifamily residential rental units in 22 townhome buildings would be located on the northern portion of the site with access to Eleven Mile Road. The existing pond on the west side of the site would serve as a focal point and public gathering space, to be enhanced with Japanese-style gardens and a walkway with amenities around the perimeter. The Sakura site has been cleared and graded and the applicant is now in the final stages of site plan approval for this project.

City West is the third redevelopment site that was presented in the 2016 Master Plan and is being

presented and discussed this evening, with the goal toward implementing some more of the Master Plan's recommendations. Implementation of this recommendation is being done through the development of detailed zoning ordinance standards, and through the city-initiated rezoning of the involved property. Lindsay will provide detailed presentations regarding both matters in a few minutes, but I will share a few of the details of the Master Plan's guiding principles for City West that provided the direction for the proposed ordinance language.

The Master Plan noted that Grand River Avenue between Taft and Beck Road includes the Suburban Collection Showplace, a convention center with space to expand if needed, as well as a mix of commercial, office, and industrial uses. The Master Plan noted that many sites along this part of Grand River are underutilized, disused, or vacant, but the plan also noted that this area offers the potential for the creation of a prominent new district combining entertainment, convention, commercial, office, and residential uses in a cohesive, high-density, walkable pattern.

The Master Plan envisioned three to five story buildings for most of the area, while buildings on the north side of Grand River, with frontage on I-96 may rise as high as ten stories. While the Master Plan anticipated buildings as high as ten stories, during the evaluation and drafting of the proposed ordinance, the maximum number of stories as currently proposed will be limited to 8 stories on the north side of Grand River, and a maximum of 5 stories on the south side of Grand River. Lindsay will explain this further during her presentations.

Components of the District anticipated that the new City West district would consist of Residential Uses, as well as commercial, restaurant and entertainment uses. Townhouses may be appropriate south of Grand River on the edge of the district as a transition to nearby homes and neighborhoods. Mixed-use buildings including commercial on the first floor and residential on the second floor or higher was also anticipated for other areas of the district.

The City West district is envisioned as a distinct neighborhood as well as a complement to major nearby uses such as the Suburban Collection Showplace and the Ascension Providence Park hospital. The Master Plan notes that Commercial uses in this area could include specialty retail stores or art galleries, in addition to uses that serve nearby residents, and personal service uses. Creating a vibrant restaurant and entertainment scene that spills into outdoor patios and open spaces is a major goal of this redevelopment strategy.

Finally, the Master Plan talked about sustainability aspects within the City West District. The Master Plan notes that development of a new district presents a prime opportunity to consider development from a holistic standpoint. The development of City West should consider mitigating stormwater runoff through bioretention systems such as rain gardens and bioswales, and alleviating concentration of runoff through use of permeable pavement. As the Commission knows, the City's Wetland Ordinance and Woodland Preservation Ordinances will still apply to any developments within this new district and will be reviewed in detail along with individual site plans as those are submitted to the city for review.

Further sustainability aspects include Landscaping with native plants, incorporation of alternative energy systems such as solar collectors or geothermal heat pumps into building designs, accommodations for electric vehicles, bicycle facilities, and, ultimately, integration with mass transit. The plan noted that these are all steps that can be taken to build a district that adheres in the long term to basic principles of environmental sustainability. When well-implemented, these measures can also help to limit certain long-term operational costs.

The Planning Commission is aware that the staff and the City attorney have been working on the details of the draft ordinance and the design guide over an extended period of time, with updates provided to the Implementation Committee along the way, incorporating the committee's recommendations into subsequent drafts. We are looking forward to your comments as a part of the implementation of the recommendations of this part of the Master Plan.

Senior Planner Lindsay Bell relayed as City Planner McBeth has outlined, the 2016 Master Plan provided a clear vision for what City West could become. The challenge for staff over the last 4+ years has been to

craft an ordinance that would allow, support and encourage that vision to become a reality.

Working with the Planning Commission's Implementation Committee, and the City Attorney's office, we have developed the City West Zoning Ordinance text to provide the standards under which properties in the new district will be developed, as well as a Design Guide that offers visual examples that the Master Plan and ordinance language are working together to accomplish. The Design Guide complements the ordinance language and will be made part of the ordinance by reference. It includes background information on the area, inspiration images from around Novi and other communities, and 3D models to visually show certain requirements or suggestions. The intent is that both documents would be used in conjunction to guide development within the district. Each 3D model shown in the Design Guide is conceptual only; actual projects would need to be designed by professional architects and engineers based on specific on-the-ground information not currently available to staff.

The history and existing conditions of the proposed area to be rezoned will be presented for the Zoning Map Amendment public hearing.

As the current 2023 Master Plan update effort continues, Novi continues to grow, as evident from the 20% population growth from 2010-2020. At the recent community open houses, 74% of participants indicated the City West area should be "transformed" when given the definition "long-term and large-scale change in the appearance and function of an area with the intent for dramatic shift in use, design, and accessibility." Another 21% indicated the area should "evolve," while only 5% thought the area should be "maintained" in its current state.

The City West area provides an opportunity to expand the housing choices available for young professionals, empty nesters, and other residents who prioritize a more urban, walkable community, easy access to the highway and destinations within Novi, and entertainment opportunities. Grand River Avenue is a major corridor with greater road capacity than many areas of the city. SMART has recently released its proposed route expansion, and has proposed extending bus service along the Grand River corridor through Novi and into Wixom. One of the proposed locations for a transit stop would be within the City West area.

Over time, the City West ordinance has evolved to incorporate elements of the Town Center districts, Gateway East and the Planned Development options. We also drew from examples of mixed use districts in other communities, as well as best practices in planning guidelines.

The City West District includes a baseline level of development for principal permitted uses, which would be allowed at a similar intensity to what can currently develop in the I-1 District. At the baseline level of development, building height is limited to three stories.

The ordinance includes an optional Mixed-Use Development Option (MDO) which permits a wider range of uses and higher intensity development in order to encourage the creation of a dynamic mix of compatible uses. While the MDO provides greater flexibility in parking and landscaping, as well as setbacks and building height to allow a more urban form of development, projects will still be subject to other applicable codes and regulations of the City, including Wetland and Watercourse protection, the Woodland Ordinance, Stormwater detention standards, façade and landscape requirements, as well as lighting and noise ordinances.

Approvals of MDO projects are up to the discretion of City Council, and subject to the project meeting various criteria.

One of the project criteria to be evaluated is whether a proposed site design and layout minimizes negative impacts on existing natural features. Other criteria provide stipulations that surrounding landowners shall not be unreasonably burdened, and the proposed development is deemed to be compatible/harmonious with surrounding area.

While the proposed ordinance standards allow for greater height along the north side of Grand River for MDO projects, staff believes that most projects will have 3-5 story buildings, with additional height

potentially requested for mixed-use buildings, or for a signature office building or hotel. The maximum height is limited to eight stories in the proposed ordinance for developments on the north side of Grand River Avenue, and five stories on the south side of Grand River Avenue.

The proposed provisions permitting higher buildings involves meeting specific criteria:

- Preservation of open space (25% of site or more)
- Using sustainable building elements and design strategies (ex: LEED Best Practices)
- Allocation of units for Workforce Housing (at least 15%); or
- Lower-level parking or parking garage to limit impervious surfaces

The Grand River Avenue corridor, running from downtown Detroit all the way to Lake Michigan on the west side of the state, bisects the City West area. In this area of the city, Grand River is an auto-centric five-lane major arterial with a speed limit of 50 miles per hour. Staff would pursue funding to study alternatives for making this area safer for pedestrians and bicyclists to get between the north and south sides of the district as marked crossings are currently available only in three locations: the Grand River and Beck Road signal, the signal at the main entrance to the Suburban Showplace, and the Taft Road signal. The Design Guide provides samples of elevated pedestrian bridges and street-level crossings with a raised median as possible design options to consider, however those are not the only alternatives. Traffic calming measures may also be recommended, such as reducing the speed limit through the district.

Development in this district is required to meet specific design standards to ensure future development is cohesive and walkable. Buildings are meant to front on internal street networks rather than Grand River to create a more pedestrian-friendly development than the thoroughfare can offer. Shared off-street parking facilities are encouraged. Development projects are required to provide public plazas and open spaces for gathering.

City West is meant to have sidewalks and pathways throughout the district, providing connections to the City's non-motorized network beyond the district. The recently expanded Ascension Providence campus trail network provides miles of non-motorized opportunities, and connects to the ITC Trail. Bosco Fields park is accessible via Beck Road less than 1 mile away. The planned project to expand Beck Road between 11 Mile and Grand River includes the completion of missing sidewalk segments on the east side of Beck Road. Taft Road already includes on-road bike lanes as well as an 8-foot pathway (except for a small segment near the intersection of Taft and 10 Mile where it drops to 5 feet) on the west side of the road from Grand River to south of 9 Mile. This facility connects the City West area to several Novi schools, as well as the library and Civic Center campus. Pathways along Grand River also provide a direct connection to the Town Center area within a 1-2 mile distance.

Residential uses can be developed under the MDO, either as a stand-alone use or as part of a mixed-use project. The granting of a Mixed-Use Development Option requires review and recommendation by the Planning Commission and approval of the City Council. As part of the review and approval process, and in light of the potential additional uses and flexible building standards, the development will be subject to certain conditions, and will have to demonstrate conformance with the Design Guide adopted by the City as part of this ordinance. The MDO process is similar to the approval process for the PD-1 and PD-2 Options, with City Council authorized to grant deviations to area, bulk, yard and dimensional requirements, as well as density, if found to be an enhancement in the public interest and to not be detrimental to the natural features and resources of the affected property and surrounding area, or would enhance or preserve such natural features and resources.

The City West area south of Grand River Avenue is directly adjacent to areas designated for multi-family and single-family residential. This portion of the district is intended to provide a gradual transition to the surrounding uses, with buildings between two to five stories tall. Within 100 feet of existing single family residential areas to the south, non-residential uses are not permitted, and residential buildings are limited to 35 feet in height to ensure a proper transition and prevent undue impact on the existing neighbors. The 100-foot setback for non-residential uses is consistent with current I-1 District requirements, to insure that no new hardship is created on landowners, and adjacent residents are afforded the same protections that exist today.

Residential buildings are required to be set back a minimum 2 feet for each foot of building height. If the maximum building height of 35 feet is proposed, that structure would require a minimum 70-foot setback from the single-family district. By way of comparison with existing multiple family zoning districts in Novi, in the RM-1 and RM-2 Districts, the minimum side and rear yard setbacks are 75 feet. As a comparison, the existing Central Park Estates buildings are setback about 70 feet from the property line. The City West district also requires a 50-foot setback for any parking areas adjacent to single family zoning districts, as well as the installation of a wall or landscaped berm to provide screening. The landscape ordinance requirement for a 6 to 8 foot screening wall or berm would also apply where adjacent to single family districts.

The creation of the new district also requires some amendments to other parts of the Zoning Ordinance, especially for various Use Standards in Chapter 4, and for the sections related to the EXO Exposition Overlay District. As we are proposing to change the underlying zoning to City West, that requires changes also be made to the description and permitted uses of the EXO, and the required conditions, while still allowing the exposition facility to remain and expand, as needed.

Staff have engaged with property owners and relevant stakeholders through mail notifications, in-person meetings with developers, tenants, and landowners of all 54 parcels subject to the rezoning, and by providing a feedback form on the City website. All the responses from landowners within the district have showed positive support for the amendment to the Ordinance. Some property owners were concerned over how the change would affect a current use that would become nonconforming, but that concern was eased after explaining how nonconforming uses or structures would be permitted to continue, and even expand in a limited capacity. Some current nonconforming uses would actually become more conforming under the proposed standards, such as restaurant uses in the I-1 district.

Staff also met with representatives from the Asbury Park Homeowners Association, who shared their concerns about noise, visibility, drainage, and property values. Issues of traffic and school impacts were also raised. Staff discussed the existing City regulations related to stormwater management, wetlands and woodland protection ordinance, which all projects would be subject to, and how the new ordinance was designed to minimize impacts to the existing neighborhoods through use and height restrictions, setbacks, and buffer requirements.

Although some adjustments were made to the draft text amendment based on the feedback received, other items were left as standards that could be determined on a case-by-case basis in the MDO process -- this is where some conditions or deviations can be up to Planning Commission and City Council's discretion to allow some flexibility to accommodate site-specific circumstances if it makes sense within the context of the development, neighboring uses, and the overall intent of the district.

Since the introduction to the proposed text amendment on April 5th, staff have continued to work on the draft ordinance to make improvements. We included new landscaping standards within the Mixed-Use Development option to recognize that the more compact development style would need more urban-style landscaping. The height limits have been clarified throughout, and buildings within 200 feet of single-family residential districts are now proposed to be limited to 40 feet and will not be eligible for bonus height increases. Staff has added a requirement that applicants include a contextual plan sheet with general layout and uses within 300 feet of their property lines to illustrate a proposed project in context with its surroundings. Planning Commission will need to consider Special Land Use standards, along with other items, in making its recommendation to City Council when MDO projects are considered.

Parking requirements for residential uses, based on number of bedrooms, have been included, which are consistent with the requirements in the Town Center district. Sidewalk requirements were also expanded on. An item was added to the approval standards to require applicants to demonstrate that the proposed layout of the site is designed to minimize the negative impact on existing natural features, including woodland and wetland areas.

Staff recommends approval of the proposed text amendment and Design Guide, with any necessary modifications as it continues to move through the process, as it is in compliance with the Master Plan for Land Use, which recommends the establishment of the City West district, as a vibrant, walkable, mixed-use district.

The Planning Commission is asked to hold the public hearing on the proposed text amendments, and consider making a recommendation to the City Council on adopting the text amendment. We are happy to answer any questions you may have.

Chair Pehrson opened the public hearing and invited members of the audience who wished to participate in the public hearing to approach the podium.

Pat Torossian, 26165 Mandalay Circle, relayed he is on the Board of Asbury Park Homeowner's Association, and has been a resident of Novi for 35 years. The northern and northeastern border of Asbury Park adjoin the City West zoning proposal. Mr. Torossian stated he understands the proposed zoning is unique to any zoning in the City and made specifically for City West multi-use with very little concern for the residential impact. Nowhere in the City is there a multi-use impact to a residential area like this. The zoning has been in progress since 2016, and only now are residents being made aware when letters were sent to those within 300 feet of the zone. We feel this type of zoning change should have been discussed with the residents impacted by this change for their input prior to the plan being developed. The proposal shows density that is unacceptable and no regard for the wetlands. There is a very large pond to the northeast of the subdivision where all the water drains into. As each developer comes forward with a proposal, it will be evaluated for wetland and woodland impact, but that is a major source of water retention for the subdivision. You've left the responsibility protecting the surrounding area in the hands of multiple developers to do the right thing and are not protecting the residential area with the proper zoning. Residents in Asbury Park are all for progress near Grand River, but not near residential homes. It seems it's been forgotten who pays taxes and votes in this City.

Ali Ozbeki, 26484 Mandalay Court, relayed he would like to ask the Planning Commission to reflect on the Novi Road, Main Street, Fountain Walk and the Walmart shopping center developments. Although he is not sure if the current Planning Commission members were those who approved these developments, Mr. Ozbeki has lived in Novi since 1986 and all the developments he mentioned have come since then. The City of Novi will never have a downtown like Northville, Rochester Hills, Birmingham, or Plymouth. You cannot manufacture a downtown area on Grand River. The marketing brochures are excellent, but what is the rate of occupancy of restaurants, residential areas, and office space on Main Street? Restaurants continue to turn around in Fountain Walk. A self-assessment needs to be done if we are doing a good job. If not, we walk away. Now another development is being proposed which could be a vacant lot.

Rob Massard, owner of Redford Lock Security Solutions, located on Grand River, relayed he is in favor of the proposed zoning change although he is not sure how it affects an existing industrial business and questions if there are plans for sewer along Grand River.

Lynne Paul, 45761 Willingham Drive, relayed she is a former Planning Commission member and City Council member. She is very happy to see so many familiar faces and recognizes the very hard job Commissioners and Council members have to do. A lot of the Master Plan was a big question when it was looked at in 2016 and Ms. Paul can understand why. The zoning being proposed is extremely dense, it doesn't fit our City, the building height and buffers are a problem, and ordinance to protect natural resources of wetlands and woodlands is not sufficient. Ms. Paul requests that the Planning Commission considers tabling or denying it the proposed City West ordinance. Blair Bowman is a wonderful businessman; he comes to the City and asks for so much. He's been buying the property, which is his right, but we have given him so much as residents. On record, total tax abatements since 2001 was \$4,092,163. If we increase the density and the height of the buildings all we are doing is giving more money to one single developer. Are we being fair to all our businesses? Some hotels and apartments in the area might like to have the height that will be allowed. Ms. Paul would like to propose we look at the development on the highway in Royal Oak. There are beautiful brick condos, and lots of people want to funnel into that area. Like Novi, they have good schools, but our density is more controlled. The landscaping and sidewalks are beautiful, and they have done a wonderful job with amenities. Mixed use is a good idea,

not more restaurants, not more commercial. As a City, Ms. Paul proposes we look at areas that are truly in need, such as Fountain Walk and Main Street. We can do a lot more for amenities and bring people in. Ms. Paul is not against development and changes in the proposed City West district but in keeping with our Master Plan and Ordinance, not in creating a district that would be so close to Asbury Park, which is not acceptable. These are beautiful homes that we need to respect. If it was your neighborhood, or mine, Ms. Paul would be livid. Ms. Paul is here as a citizen to state this is not the development for our City. Ms. Paul would like it to look like Royal Oak or another beautiful city, not like Southfield with high rises.

Rida Salim, Mandalay Circle, relayed she is a High School student who moved to Novi about three years ago from Texas. One thing she really appreciates in Novi that she did not have back in Texas is all the greenery and nature. Everyday Ms. Salim, her friends and siblings go for bike rides, and walks around in the safety of her neighborhood. A concern with the zoning proposal is that there will be additional traffic impacting the safety of the neighborhood and disruption of the greenery that is enjoyed every day. Ms. Salim is in support of and acknowledges the benefits of this proposal for the North side of Grand River but has deep concerns about the disruption of greenery that will occur with this change as well as the safety of residents in Asbury Park. Ms. Salim urges the Planning Commission to amend the proposal, so it does not affect the south side of Grand River.

Khurram Abbas, 26508 Mandalay Court, relayed he would like to echo the concerns his neighbors have expressed. Mr. Abbas has been a Novi resident for over a decade, previously he was on the southeast side of Novi where he was in close proximity to a busy mixed commercial and dense residential area. One of the reasons Mr. Abbas moved to Asbury Park was to be surrounded by trees and wetlands while still in the Novi school district. Mr. Abbas expressed concerns with adding more dense residential areas and overcrowding the school district. The north side of Asbury Park touches the proposed City West district and Mr. Abbas has concerns about that. He is concerned about the reduction of trees and wetlands, about unsightly buildings that will be in view from the neighborhood, about the lack of buffer and noise abatement between the neighborhood and the City West district, and the possible reduction in property values. Although the replacement trees go to the tree fund, those trees won't go into the Asbury Park neighborhood; they will go elsewhere in the City which is an injustice to the Asbury Park residents. The Expo event held last year, a Monster Truck rally, impacted residents as a huge nuisance but Mr. Abbas appreciated that the owner of Suburban Showplace reached out and indicated he is willing to work with the residents in the future. Civil Engineers Mr. Abbas has spoken with have expressed concerns with water runoff from the wetlands that may become an issue for Asbury Park homes. Mr. Abbas also expressed concern with the rezoning from Light Industrial to City West as he does not think the City has the infrastructure to support it. He urges the Planning Commission to take a second look at the proposed zoning district and address some of the residents' concerns.

Swanand Dhayagude, 26348 Mandalay Circle, relayed due to the location of his home he will be most directly impacted by this zoning change and construction. He has a young family and is concerned about the noise, pollution, and any people from the multi-family that would be trespassing through the backyard, which is not appreciated. This will lead to more of that. Also, losing trees and some of the wetlands is a big concern. Mr. Dhayagude asks that the City reconsider this zoning change.

Kai Yuan, 26362 Mandalay Circle, relayed his backyard directly faces the new development. Along with all the other concerns brought forward, a major concern is all the kids in the neighborhood that bike and play together, wandering around in a very safe environment. If we cut down the trees and have a direct access to the new City center, that will really create a lot of attraction for the kids. Often time they wander off, but right now because of all the trees and wetlands, it actually protects them in a safe way, but now they can easily have access to a new world so a lot of concerns for the kids that go wander and play near there. This will also potentially bring a lot of unwanted people to the neighborhood, so there are a lot of safety concerns. Looking at the northwest side of the subdivision, there is multi-family rental property that a lot of parents chose to live in to have their children attend Novi schools. Even though they don't own their property, Mr. Yuan wants to have a voice for them because a lot of the kids there are facing the same concern with access to big parking lots and a lot of restaurants. Also, even though now there is a building beyond the backyard, there are a lot of trees screening it, with future taller buildings they will be seen from the bedroom windows. Mr. Yuan kindly suggests adjusting the zoning to make sure there are adequate trees, protective fencing or other safety measures to protect the kids from potential

dangers. Again, looking at the south side of the subdivision, there are a lot of families there that will be directly impacted. Mr. Yuan's preference is to have the City plan for adequate preparation and reduction of noise from any construction rather than hearing a lot of complaints as that would be a smoother process for everyone.

Kara Murtha, 26223 Mandalay Circle, relayed she moved here in 2012 from Florida where she lived very close to her neighbors. The reason she chose the Asbury Park neighborhood was the tall trees. Ms. Murtha grew up in New Jersey in the pine barren, so she was used to having really tall trees. Sitting in her backyard, she can hear birds, which is beautiful. Ms. Murtha implores the Planning Commissioners to come and walk the neighborhood rather than look at a piece of paper. Looking great on paper is not reality. If a five-story building is built near the back of the neighborhood, it will be hideous, and everyone will want to move out of the neighborhood. The property values will plummet. Ms. Murtha implores the Planning Commissioners to think of the impact on the community and the reason why people are attracted to Novi and its nature. Ms. Murtha had to replace 44 tree credits on her lot which was fully wooded, they were all planted back on her lot with no money donated to the tree fund. Ms. Murtha loves Novi due to its nature. She has children and does not want them to be able to walk to something that is dangerous and would never allow her children to ride their bikes to Beck Road or Grand River as it's too dangerous. Ms. Murtha asks that the security aspects of people coming in and out of her neighborhood, the views, the impact to nature, and the impact to the schools all be considered.

Surabhi Sardesai, Mandalay Circle, relayed her concerns that 75-100 feet is too close. Right now, looking out to her backyard, it is beautiful with the tall trees. Seventy-five feet is unacceptable. She pleads that this zoning change does not happen. She has two little kids who play in the backyard, it's not going to be safe. From her second floor she can basically only see trees right now and that privacy will be gone. Ms. Sardesai asks the Planning Commission to please consider cancelling the zoning change.

Haramesh, Mandalay Circle, relayed as her fellow residents have said, she would implore the City Council and Planning Commission to walk through the Asbury Park neighborhood. The reason she was convinced to move from Texas to Michigan was not the Michigan roads, it was Michigan's natural beauty. She enjoys walking in the evenings and biking with her children due to the tall trees, the wetlands, the sounds of the birds. Unfortunately, if we go through with the City West zoning, we won't see that, we will hear noise pollution and smell smoke, which will be a health risk.

A resident, no name given, relayed he has some questions about the presentation tonight. There were comparisons to other communities, and he would like to know which communities that were referenced. These are holes in the analysis because it wasn't indicated that this matches the general idea that you can pick and choose, which isn't right. That includes examples of buildings that were compared to. As far as the survey of residents that was referenced, was the target of the survey adjacent residents or the community as a whole, as he is just newly aware of this. Grand River is a unique road from beginning to end, from one side of Novi to the other, trying to develop it as a marketplace to stop doesn't make sense as it's a road frequently used to commute and avoid the freeway. As a 40-year resident of Novi, he was involved with City Council and the Planning board back in the 1980's, and was associated with an organization called PLAN - People Looking After Novi. The organization tried to make sure residents were represented. At that time, Novi was looked at as a community of residents, and didn't look to become a community like Southfield with high rise buildings. That was the intent of City Council and the Planning board at the time so it's not clear why we are trying to deviate from that, as that has been the intent of Novi all along. Notable City Council members at that time were Hugh Crawford and Nancy Cassis. What is the status of the restaurant atmosphere of Main Street, as it seems everything goes in there and dies. Why are we trying to move it somewhere else along Grand River, which is a busy road, that seems to make absolutely no sense. We keep allowing things to be built, they don't work, so we move on to another area and allow it to go there.

Beth Hinman, lives on Christina Lane, relayed she has a lot of questions about this proposal. Who is behind it, who is sponsoring it, who is pushing it, what is the benefit or reward that the Planning Commission is getting, who is the Staff we keep hearing about that is pursuing this proposal. How will additional development of a highest intensity district, with the destruction of more woodlands and wetlands and five to eight story buildings along Grand River, bring any value to the existing residents of Novi. Why is the

Planning Commission's goal to make Novi as congested and unpleasant to reside in as West Bloomfield or Southfield. Grand River doesn't need to turn into another Orchard Lake Road. She objects to this proposal - the density, congestion, the destruction of woodlands and wetlands, without any recourse. The idea of high-rise buildings will significantly degrade the overall quality of Novi. There is absolutely no added value to the existing residents of Novi. She is asking the Planning Commission to listen to the protests and concerns and for once put the needs of the residents above the developers. That hasn't happened for a long time in Novi; do the right thing for a change.

Megan Sedghi, 26529 Mandalay Circle, relayed her property is close to Eleven Mile, but she will be impacted like all the other properties in her subdivision by this development. She already can hear the highway even though she is far away from it. Reducing the green zone is not going to benefit anyone. While the presentation showed something really grand, it doesn't seem to fit with what Novi is. Novi has a small city feel, which we love. We are surrounded by trees and are family-oriented. She is hoping we are not losing sight of that when we are trying to put something out of another city into a place that may be underdeveloped. She knows we can do better than what the presentation showed. Ms. Sedghi is an architect by education and does not see how we can construct something like this on these parcels. As previously stated, there are other parcels in Novi that we started developing and somehow abandoned. Now there is someone who is trying to purchase these parcels and develop them; Ms. Sedghi thinks we should focus on the developments we started already, reduce what the presentation showed, to consider existing homeowners who will be impacted by this rezoning.

Humza Salim, 26433 Mandalay Circle, moved to Novi on January 1st, 2020, in the middle of Junior year of High School. Two months later COVID struck, and he was left alone at home. He had no friends as he had just moved. To spend time, he walked the green streets of Mandalay Circle, which was very nice. He found a lot of peace there. He and his brother played basketball every day for a few hours a day as it is a very safe neighborhood. With the introduction of this plan that won't be possible; the safety net will be gone. Now he is a Sophomore at the University of Michigan and every weekend he comes back just to have the solace again. Mr. Salim strongly recommends that this proposal not move forward.

Aaron Martinez, a 30-year resident of Novi, relayed a lot of his comments have already been stated, but he thinks we can do better than the proposal that is before the Planning Commission at this point. There are a lot of concerns in the community that still need to be addressed. A lot has been heard tonight; people are worried about what this zoning change could mean for them, and Mr. Martinez asks that the Planning Commission take this seriously. As this is considered tonight, Mr. Martinez thinks the proper step would be to table this. It could be sent back to the drawing board, we could collaborate a lot more with the residents, hear their concerns and allow those concerns to be reflected in the plans before a vote is taken.

Mark Weinbaum, is an owner of the Novi Mile, LLC parcel, which is at the northeast corner of Beck and Grand River, behind the Chase Bank, USA to Go and Starbucks. Mr. Weinbaum purchased the property over 15 years ago. He can't speak to the other parcels, or their owners, but he has always found this community to be very mindful and thoughtful about the type, nature and character of development and zoning, such that he has not developed the site in the time he has owned it. The right ideas have not come along. Mr. Weinbaum develops in Milford, Brighton, and Fenton. With all due respect to the homeowners, he hears and appreciates their comments; however, in every development he has done, he has heard the same refrain. The day after a project is completed, people are out riding their bikes and walking. The greatest pleasures of a good developer are that they develop something that is economically viable, serves the community, and is something that they can be proud of as in his particular case, this is not something they will build and leave and go off and do another thing. He is part of the southeast Michigan development community, and their reputation is very important to him. Mr. Weinbaum believes Staff has come up with a very proactive approach. He had no role in developing this, he watched from the sidelines as the Master Plan was developed in 2016-2017. He was approached recently and gave input. There are parts that could be refined further, but the idea that this is going to remain a park or forest is not realistic. There is a significant industrial area to the north of a subdivision. Mr. Weinbaum has developed a lot of industrial properties and the last thing he would want is to live south of an industrial building. There are trucks coming in and out, there is noise all hours of the day. There is a need for good quality, affordable, attainable housing in this community. He would encourage residents

to think through this. He appreciates Staff's thoughtfulness and thinks this is a good foundation for prospectively and holistically activating this whole section in a way that is going to protect the environment, retain quality woodlands and wetlands, and give an opportunity for everyone to be involved in a larger, grander plan.

Ali Ozbeki, who spoke previously, wished to add a comment. Chair Pehrson noted only one comment is permitted per resident during the public hearing. Mr. Ozbeki stated that he has a house that he would be happy to sell at a 20 percent discount of market value to Mr. Weinbaum.

Mike relayed he moved to Mandalay Circle in Novi a year ago. What drew him to Novi, as his neighbors have said, is the greenery, it's a special place. However, the writing is in front of us. What he does not like is driving down Grand River, seeing "Now Hiring" signs at places like Suburban Showplace and Kroger. There are a lot of developments that don't have staff. Day one, everything will be beautiful, there will be TV cameras and ribbon cuttings. What will happen a year down the road when the employees are not there anymore? There will be more help wanted signs, it's a vicious cycle.

David Landry, 45471 Kimberly Court, relayed he is representing members of the Joanne M. Ward trust who own the ten-acre parcel on the southeast corner of Grand River and Beck Road. The northern three acres are zoned B-3, the southern acres are zoned RA. Mr. Landry relayed the family has owned the parcel since the 1940's. Looking at a 1990 aerial, the houses and buildings shown were their family business. In fact, looking back at a 1949 aerial, the buildings shown were their family business, so they are very much invested in this property. Mr. Landry asks that the ordinance treat the southeast corner the same as the it treats the northeast corner; carve out the B-3. He has no objection to the RA piece being included in City West. This particular corner is unique in the sense there is a hospital right across the street, which is a very intense regional use. There are intense business uses to the northwest with a Home Depot along with the other businesses there. The northeast corner is carved out, with the bank and a Starbucks, a fancy gas station. This whole corner is a classic B-3 use, so he asks to be treated equally. Secondly, with respect to drive-thru uses, Mr. Landry previously drafted a letter to the Planning department and asked for it to be forwarded to the Planning Commission. He was concerned that the version of the ordinance he saw did not allow drive-thru for businesses. However, since the April 5th Planning Commission meeting, Mr. Landry is aware that the administration has amended a few things and recommended as a Special Land Use that drive-thru is included for retail, restaurant and pharmacy businesses. Mr. Landry is in support of how the Ordinance is currently worded that a drive-thru is a Special Land Use. Like all drive-thru's, there is a concern for adjacency, sound, traffic stacking, things of that nature and Special Land Use takes care of that. Mr. Landry concluded he is in support of the drive-thru aspect in the Ordinance and asks that recommendation be passed on to City Council and asks to be treated like the northeast corner with B-3 zoning.

Jeff Wainwright, 45799 Grand River, relayed that this address is his business, Paradise Park. It is a very family-based business, and he likes the idea of a lot of families and a lot of kids in the area. He wants to see the area of Grand River developed well that is west of his business. This ordinance has gone through an unbelievable amount of work to get to the point it is, and the Staff have tried to craft something that answers everybody's needs. It's never going to be perfect, but Mr. Wainwright, as an engineer, has a few suggestions that could answer some of the concerns brought up tonight. The setbacks are set in general against the residential area at 100 feet. In thinking about a setback in principle, a parking lot will not be any less attractive whether it is 25, 50 or 100 feet back. The issue can be resolved with proper berming, proper landscaping that can be added to the Ordinance. It does not need to be a 100-foot setback which is punishing to developers, who won't be able to develop at that setback distance. There are only 33 parcels in that sector, which is 133 acres, that averages 3 acres per parcel. A 100-foot setback on a 3-acre parcel makes it unbuildable. We need to give pause to that and come up with a solution for the residents when they look out their window see good landscape like what was done at Paradise Park. Mr. Wainwright compels the Planning Commission to give thought to this and send the Ordinance back for one more revision.

Megan Zatkoff, 50735 Chesapeake Drive, relayed she lives in Island Lake and wanted to bring up the issue of traffic and congestion in the area as it has not been mentioned enough. While she empathizes with the residents on Mandalay Circle and other nearby areas, traffic increasing to this area would be

detrimental to all nearby neighborhoods, down Beck Road, Wixom Road and Napier Road. They are already feeling the effects from nearby construction. That gives an idea of what would happen if this area becomes overly congested without a plan for the vehicles which typically now use Grand River as a thoroughfare. Are those vehicles going to start spilling over to Ten Mile? Where will they go when I-96 is backed up? Offer that as something else to consider, not only what do we do with the land, but what is the impact of traffic nearby.

Blair Bowman, owner of the Suburban Collection Showplace, relayed he is very proud of what he has been able to accomplish. After some assistance with tax abatements, they are one of the largest taxpayers in Novi. One thing that must be understood is this is not something that they have pushed in any way. They are certainly interested in seeing what is going to develop from this Ordinance process. If it's any consternation at all, removing the Showplace and the surrounding properties used to support it is fine, and concentrating more towards the west where the intersection and interchange is. Mr. Bowman does also represent some of the properties on the south side of Grand River and has met with the Asbury Park Homeowners' Association. He cannot commit to anything that is going to develop out of this Ordinance, he can only speak to what he would develop, and how he would develop the parcels immediately north of Asbury Park. Mr. Bowman referred to a plan that would preserve 98 percent of the wetlands, and most of the woodlands. The structures he would propose are a single-family residential townhouse style apartment community, immediately 100 feet north, but over 400 feet away would be the first three story style building. Mr. Bowman welcomes the opportunity to work with the residents only if and when we get to that point.

Andrew Mutch, 24740 Taft Road, relayed there were a few things that he recognized in going through the Ordinance that raised concerns for him. One of the things that stood out, while there have been changes since the initial draft, there are still areas where this Ordinance is deficient in comparison to comparable ordinances particularly in the area of adjacency to residential areas in terms of setbacks and buffering. For example, the building setback requirements, while they have been increased, are still less than what is required for I-1, RM-1 or RM-2 which would be a minimum of what we would want. Those building setbacks are absolute, so it's not a matter of how tall the building in RM-1 is, it's setback 75 feet. In the case of this Ordinance, if you have a building that is not as tall, you can move it closer to the property line potentially increasing the impact on adjacent residential properties. We need some clarity on what constitutes residential, as there are other uses permitted in this that are traditionally listed in residential land use category such as live-work, daycare centers, and private schools. If these are considered residential uses, then the non-residential setback does not come into play. Those uses could be a lot closer to residential property lines than otherwise might be allowed. Another area lacking compared to other zoning districts is the open space requirement. This Ordinance requires 150 square feet per unit, every other district, such as RM-1, RM-2, TC, TC-1 where we have these kinds of more urban residential areas, require 200 square feet per unit of open space. Why are we cutting back here compared to other areas in the City? Another thing that has been reflected in many of the comments tonight is the impact on natural features and resources. The Ordinance and all the material that has gone out with that talks about the importance of conservating natural resources, yet we get these concept plans that show the areas being blown away. Reading through the City West Ordinance language, there is nothing in there that protects woodlands and wetlands beyond what our Woodlands and Wetlands Ordinance does today. Mr. Mutch does not have confidence that those Ordinances would be enforced in a way that would protect those areas in a meaningful way. Mr. Mutch believes that there needs to be substantial language in the City West district if adopted, that protects those areas because that is what is being counted on to help buffer those adjoining residential areas. While berming helps, it does not replace mature trees. There is a lot more work to do with this if it goes forward, and Mr. Mutch hopes the deficient areas get addressed.

Matt Heinz, 24551 Kingspointe, relayed many of the residents have done a phenomenal job sharing their concerns, and the Staff has done a lot of work putting this plan together. One thing that has not been discussed is there is a big difference between the woodland permit that was heard prior to this which was a very specific plan, with the outcome being option A or option B to have trees replanted or not. One of the largest deficiencies of this proposal being discussed at length, is there is not much defined. There are suggestions of initiatives related to sustainability or other mentions to be environmentally friendly and energy efficient, but much of the language in the proposal is "might", "should", "mostly". If you were to

ask anyone here what this is going to look like, there would not be a clear projection. To vote on something that is not clear on what it will be could lead to a terrible mistake. This needs to be much more fleshed out and developed into a concrete plan.

Natalie Jocz, 45144 Nine Mile Road, relayed even though she lives far from the proposed City West district she has concerns as a Novi resident. The first concern being the height of the buildings, which would be taller than the local hospital or mall. It is concerning that the residents who are living nearby are not being listened to. If this were to be approved, Ms. Jocz would hate to live near a ten-story building. Another concern is talk of lowering the speed of Grand River as that is a four-lane road, in some parts five-lane. How can the speed be lowered when there is so much traffic that goes through there? As has been mentioned, we need to look at the traffic and where that flow would go. Before we do that, we really need to look in more detail at this project.

Seeing no other participants, Chair Pehrson closed the public comment. Member Lynch read the written correspondence:

- Support from Thomas Meyer
- Objection from Paulette and Louis Alioa
- Letter from David Landry representing the trust of Joanne B. Ward
- Objection from Rafael Barkas and Kasia Barkas
- Objection from Khurram Abbas
- Objection from Giles McGill
- Objection from Alex and Lisa Ljucdjonaj
- Support from Novi Mile, LLC/Mark Weinbaum
- Support from WixMix LLC, Jeffrey Heyn
- Support from Central Park, LLC/South Grand Equities, LLC/Nobe Property Group, LLC/Nobe II Property Group/Peter Scodeller
- Support from Grand Beck Venture Group, LLC/Servman, LLC/Blair Bowman
- Support from Blair Bowman
- Objection from Bijan Sedghi
- Objection from Jason Wright
- Objection from Kelly Kasper
- Objection from Annett Hoermann
- Objection from Joe and Jennifer Patton
- Objection from Michael McDougal
- Objection from Swanand Dhayagude
- Support from Mary N. Frankfurt and James M. Frankfurt
- Objection from Claire Smith
- Objection from Charles Smith
- Objection from Surabhi Sardesai
- Objection from Lauren Santeiu

Chair Pehrson closed the audience participation and turned the matter over to the Planning Commission for consideration.

Member Lynch relayed it is his understanding that Staff got the assignment four years ago to do something with the mishmash of parcels on Grand River. First, when Member Lynch first looked at this project...

Member Avdoulos offered a clarification that this is not a project or proposal, it is a rezoning of a large piece of property. We are looking at a district, and at a text amendment for the whole area. To clarify, we are not approving a specific project, as that seems to be where there is a lot of confusion.

Member Lynch relayed in terms of the rezoning, as he brought up in the past, Grand River Avenue right now is four and five lanes. His advice to City Council would be they might want to take a look at a traffic calming proposal that came up a few years ago where boulevards were put in. Similar to Van Dyke, it calmed the traffic to a point where it would be appropriate in this district. Member Lynch also relayed he had initial concerns with the proposed height. His understanding is in the Ordinance the height will be a maximum of eight stories on the north side. City Planner McBeth confirmed that a maximum of eight stories

will be allowed on the north side, only if they apply for and receive the additional bonus stories.

Member Lynch inquired as to his understanding that we are allowing vertical development to preserve more of the wetlands and woodlands. City Planner McBeth confirmed that is one of the purposes.

Member Lynch referred to the references made to Southfield, and stated we need to be careful about that, but he can only advise City Council. Novi has its own character. Something needs to be done to put uniformity there – looking at the various zones south of Grand River there are quite a few parcels that are currently zoned industrial, so if someone wanted to come in and put in, for example an extrusion business, they could.

City Planner McBeth stated that is correct, everything that is permitted in the Light Industrial district, which is the majority of the parcels on the south side, except for the residential and office to the west, could be built there under the current zoning.

Member Lynch inquired if there were industrial uses in the proposed zoning change. City Planner McBeth confirmed there are no light industrial uses included in the new Ordinance. The existing light industrial uses that are there would be grandfathered in, until they decide to move. When someone else comes to develop the property, it will be under the new Ordinance.

Member Lynch inquired as to what the current setback is on the south side of Grand River adjacent to the residential area. Senior Planner Bell relayed that in the current I-1 district nonresidential uses must be set back 100 feet. In the proposed City West district, nonresidential uses would maintain the 100-foot setback. Residential uses, like a townhouse, would be limited to 35 feet in height and for every foot of building height, the building would have to be set back two feet from the property line. Member Lynch confirmed his understanding that the new district doesn't change the current setbacks and berming, but improves it in some areas. Senior Planner Bell confirmed this what we've attempted to do.

Member Lynch inquired how many different property owners there are in the proposed district. Senior Planner Bell stated that there are 54 properties, some owners own multiple properties.

Member Lynch relayed he appreciates the work that has been done and he thinks it best overall to have an overriding zoning district although a concern was the permitted building heights. This would be a perfect opportunity to implement a traffic calming plan on Grand River, and make it more attractive, very similar to what was done on Beck Road between Five and Six Mile Roads.

Chair Pehrson added we are not suggesting any design standards other than what is in the manual. There is a hope that all the parcels will become uniform, and at some point, we address the traffic.

Member Becker relayed that our job is to listen to everyone in the City. Whenever an opinion is expressed to the Planning Commission and they do something contrary to the opinions expressed, it does not mean that they didn't listen and consider the opinions.

Member Becker referred to comments made regarding why the City does not go back and try to redevelop West Oaks or Main Street. The City doesn't develop property, and the City does not go in and help a business succeed or fail or replace a business. The City decides what business fits the zoning.

Member Becker relayed it is often remarked that one way to preserve green space and open land is to build up and not out and some of the suggestions in the proposed Ordinance would allow for that. As was pointed out, all the industrial zoned properties could take away all the trees with a parking lot and industrial building that will never look as nice as a well-done residential building. There are setbacks which allow for trees to be maintained, and probably a lot less lighting than there might be in some industrial settings. What this proposed zoning district is actually doing is trying to protect some of the features that the residents have mentioned. As Member Becker is frequently bent on asking, would the Asbury Park residents consider how many trees and wetlands were taken away to build their homes?

Member Dismondy relayed that his understanding is that the City's mission here is to activate a part of

the City that is aging. The average life of the properties along that stretch is 43 years. Industrial hasn't taken root in that corridor to date. As City employees, the staff are looking to make the City a better place and come up with progressive ideas with best practices from around the country. That's what we saw today, which was years of work to come together. Inevitably, we feel like we see it too late to have an opinion, which is what we are experiencing tonight. This wasn't done hastily by any means. There are things to it that Member Dismondy likes very much and some things that he does not think will work without further revision, namely the speed of traffic. Member Dismondy does not think he is ready to make a decision on the outcome but will wait to hear from his colleagues on the Commission.

Member Verma relayed listening to the public and in the written correspondence there are so many positives and negatives brought forth as well as ideas that have come. Member Verma would like to wait for another ten to fifteen days to combine those thoughts with what our Staff has already presented.

Member Roney relayed he has been on the Implementation Committee and has seen this for the last couple of years, and thinks it has exciting potential. It's not a proposal, we need to yet see the proposals. This is opening the possibility for developers to start talking about what they can do in that area. Member Roney likes the proposal and supports it. He appreciates Member Lynch addressing the setback concerns and is glad to hear they are not different than what they are today. He would rather have something like what this vision is than have a manufacturing plant in his backyard.

Member Avdoulos relayed this is not a project nor a proposal. It is taking an area, looking at how it is currently zoned, then thinking about what potential projects can go there and rezoning it to allow some flexibility and allow interesting projects to come in. It is up to the developers to come in and show us what they are thinking. Just like the gentleman said earlier, the woodland permit was one project that came forward on one site and asked for the removal of eleven trees. In the same way with this area, any project that comes in has to go through the planning process, has to go through site plan approval, has to follow all the ordinances, and has to maintain wetlands and woodlands. Right now, the majority of the properties are zoned residential, which means someone could put up a light industrial building that is 100 feet abutting residential.

Any project still must follow all the other requirements we have for all other projects. The concern with the height, as City Planner McBeth indicated there are requirements for that. The tallest buildings will be on the north side of Grand River. The heights on the south side of Grand River for residential are a minimum of two stories and a maximum of three stories. If there are mixed use, then four stories are permitted on the south side and five stories are permitted on the north side. These are just ideas, there are no planned projects yet.

For a frame of reference, the nearby hospital is seven stories to the top of the penthouse. It is actually closer to eight stories because hospitals are allowed a higher floor to floor height on the first couple of floors. There wouldn't be anything taller than the hospital in the City West district.

What this whole process is looking at doing is not dictating what should be built here, but allowing some flexibility for developers. At some point, these properties are going to be developed. The City wanted to put something together to help guide that so it does protect the residents who are close to Grand River. The document was driven by maintaining the wetlands and woodlands. Member Avdoulos has been on the Planning Commission long enough to see how diligent the City is to help maintain that. That is why a lot of people move to the City as has been indicated. As a resident of Novi for 30 years, Member Avdoulos has seen it develop much better than a lot of cities. This document has a lot of work put into it and is improving what we currently have on the boards. We are not saying what goes in there, we are just zoning it to give flexibility to developers who want to build there.

Chair Pehrson relayed he agrees with much of what's being said. This is to drive a conceptual idea that has to be brought forward by whomever the developers are. As mentioned, some of these properties have been sitting fallow for 43 years. This is not something that is going to happen between now and next month. There are properties that are going to have to be adjoined. All the plans brought before the Planning Commission need to go under the same scrutiny relative to all things such as setbacks and woodlands. What we are looking to do here is to create something as uniform as the Town Center when

that was developed. Most of the development will be abutting Grand River, not be sitting in the backyard of the residents. As individual projects come to the Planning Commission, they will make the hard decisions as to whether that particular application has the correct setback and intent for the given area. As has been stated, we are not building another Southfield. The max height on the north side will likely be five stories, and 35 feet on the south side. This is to create flexibility, so we can help developers come forward with their best ideas. What we are trying to do is give those who want to invest in the City of Novi the opportunity to do that within some guidelines to this specific design standard. We hear everything said about setbacks and the applicability of safety and what that means. There are certain things we have no control over, we can ask for with inside the plans certain lighting conditions, certain exit gates to prevent people from wandering into neighborhoods. Just because we vote a certain way, doesn't mean we are not listening. Chair Pehrson appreciates everyone's input and really appreciates the respect given the Planning Commission and hopes that we afforded the same to you.

Motion to recommend approval to City Council to adopt the City West district into the Zoning Ordinance made by Member Avdoulos and seconded by Member Lynch.

In the matter of Text Amendment 18.296, motion to recommend approval to City Council to adopt the City West District into the Zoning Ordinance as shown in the draft amendment for the following reasons:

1. The 2016 Master Plan for Land Use recommended the creation and adoption of a new zoning district for this area of the City in order to foster redevelopment of underutilized parcels, and to create a vibrant, walkable, mixed-use district,
2. The Master Plan for Land Use objective to foster a favorable business climate is fulfilled by allowing more flexible development standards for a unique area of the City,
3. The Master Plan for Land Use objective to support and strengthen existing businesses and attract new businesses is fulfilled by allowing existing businesses to expand and creating new development opportunities in a mixed-use environment,
4. The Master Plan for Land Use objective to provide a wide range of housing options is supported as the new district allows residential use in a mixed-use setting,
5. The Master Plan for Land Use objective to develop the City West/Grand River and Beck area in a manner that supports and complements neighboring areas through the use of setback and height restrictions to provide buffers to single family districts, and
6. It provides an opportunity for long-standing businesses to remain at their current location.

ROLL CALL VOTE ON MOTION TO RECOMMEND APPROVAL TO CITY COUNCIL TO ADOPT THE CITY WEST DISTRICT INTO THE ZONING ORDINANCE AS SHOWN ON THE DRAFT AMENDMENT MOVED BY MEMBER AVDOULOS AND SECONDED BY MEMBER LYNCH.

Motion carried 7-0.

3. CITY WEST ZONING MAP AMENDMENT 18.741

Public hearing of the staff-initiated request for Planning Commission's recommendation to City Council regarding the rezoning of property in Section 16, located east of Beck Road, west of Taft Road along both sides of Grand River Avenue from OS-1 (Office Service), RA (Residential Acreage), I-1 (Light Industrial), B-3 (General Business), and OST (Office Service Technology) to CW (City West). The subject properties total approximately 250 acres.

Senior Planner Lindsay Bell relayed historical photos of the area show the land was largely agricultural fields and orchards in the 1940s. When I-96 was constructed in 1957 there was a highway rest stop until the Suburban Collection Showplace was constructed in 2005 in its location. The Fairlane Motel appears to have been developed on the north side of Grand River in the 1950s, and is still open today. By the 1970s there was greater industrial activity in the area, including the Wix-Mix concrete plant, trucking operations, outdoor storage yards, various industrial buildings, and a gas station near the intersection of Beck and Grand River. Over the last 20 years many of the remaining homes and vacant structures have been torn down after falling into disrepair, and the properties have not yet redeveloped. As stated in the 2016 Master Plan, "Many sites are underutilized, disused or vacant."

Approximately 144 acres are north of Grand River Avenue with 21 parcels included. The majority of the area, 128.13 acres, is currently zoned OST Office Service Technology. There is an EXO Exposition Overlay District over a 55-acre portion of the Suburban Collection Showplace property. Approximately 14.06 acres are zoned I-1 Light Industrial. A mix of offices, industrial and manufacturing businesses, and vacant properties are present on either side.

To the south of Grand River Avenue, the City West area is recommended to include all of the parcels between Beck Road and Taft Road. These properties are currently zoned OS-1 Office Service, I-1 Light Industrial, B-3 General Business, and RA Residential Acreage.

There are some significant areas of wetland in the southern portion of the district. Preserving those wetlands would help to provide natural buffers between the City West developments and the residential districts to the south.

Of the existing structures in the area, the average age is 43 years, with many built between 1967 – 1978. Excluding a few building additions, only two new projects have been developed over the last 10 years: PetSuites (2020) and Beck Plaza, which contains the Starbucks (2016). During this same period development has not lagged in the rest of the City.

The number of permitted uses under I-1 zoning is limited when adjacent to single-family districts, which may have contributed to the lack of investment in this area. Restaurant uses in the I-1 district are only permitted in limited circumstances, so the existing restaurants south of Grand River have been non-conforming uses and have not been permitted to expand or make desired improvements such as adding covered outdoor patio areas. The expense of extending public utilities may have also discouraged new development.

Approximately 110 acres in the district are vacant or have a non-conforming residential use. Parcels developed with industrial uses that are not consistent with the desired future use for City West make up a total of about 32 acres. Development nearby in the corridor includes destinations such as Ascension Providence Hospital System and Suburban Collection Showplace, which are significant economic drivers in Novi, providing jobs and bringing in visitors. Commercial uses have developed by the I-96 interchange at Beck Road north of Grand River.

You may notice that the boundaries for City West have changed from what was recommended in the 2016 Master Plan. On the north side, the Implementation Committee agreed with staff that the small parcel east of Taft Road next to I-96 did not seem to be necessary to include, and the drive-through uses just east of Beck did not seem to fit with the vision for City West. On the south side of Grand River, leaving the eastern half toward Taft Road planned for Industrial did not seem to make sense given one of the main pedestrian crossings between north and south is at the main entrance to the Suburban Showplace. Many of the existing uses in that area also were not incompatible with the uses permitted in the proposed district. Meetings with some of the landowners in that area confirmed that they would like to be included in the district. The Implementation Committee agreed that the district should be extended all the way to Taft Road.

As mentioned previously, staff sent mail notifications to landowners of all 54 parcels subject to the rezoning, and by providing a feedback form on the City website. All the responses we received from landowners within the district have showed positive support for the rezoning.

Staff recommends approval of the proposed Zoning Map Amendment for the following reasons:

- ❑ The requested zoning is in generally in compliance with the Master Plan for Land Use, which recommends the establishment of the City West district, as a vibrant, walkable, mixed-use district.

- ❑ The requested rezoning would help further the objective of providing a wide range of housing options.
- ❑ The requested rezoning would help retain and support the growth of existing businesses and attract new businesses to the City of Novi.
- ❑ The requested rezoning would further the objective of developing the City West/Grand River Avenue and Beck Road area in a manner that supports and complements neighboring areas.

The Planning Commission is asked to hold the public hearing on the zoning map amendment and consider making a recommendation to the City Council regarding the rezoning. Staff is happy to answer any questions you may have.

Chair Pehrson opened the public hearing and invited members of the audience who wished to participate in the public hearing to approach the podium.

Mike Duchesneau, 1191 South Lake Drive, relayed he has attended many of the meetings that led to this proposal from the Master Plan update and would like to say that resident's concerns have been discussed in those meetings. The Staff has done a good job considering residents' input, concerns about traffic, and limiting curb cuts. The proposal tends to encourage larger parcels of property to be combined so there is not a hodge podge of one ups. The meetings are ongoing and are monthly. Residents should be voicing their concerns there where changes made as has happened in the meetings Mr. Duchesneau has attended. His reason for being involved in the first place is due to the 2016 Master Plan which adversely affected him in many of the same ways as was discussed and mentioned here today.

Resident (name not discernable), Asbury Park, relayed some of the things he is hearing from the Planning Commission is what they are offering is better, and maybe it is, however he would like to let everyone know that the Light Industrial zoning limits height to 25 feet, whereas the City West zoning allows multiple stories. The residents understand the setback is the same, but the height is a concern. There is an existing building, Screenworks, zoned in I-1, and there has never been a problem.

Blair Bowman, relayed he has a question regarding buffering. Along the common property line there is a 30-foot easement where the City installed a sewer line many years ago. If it is possible, that area might offer an opportunity for a developer to plant replacement trees along the easement. This would create a nice additional buffer, using the existing area there that is within the 100-foot setback and enhancing that by planting in the easement. The question is can you plant in an easement? Mr. Bowman pledges again as this rezoning progresses, and if this is something that does come to a reality, he is happy to meet with the homeowners association to go over plans and whatever they can do to enhance the screening and buffering.

Chair Pehrson closed the audience participation and turned the matter over to the Planning Commission.

Member Lynch relayed after getting the package on Friday, he drove through the surrounding neighborhoods. He gets the feeling most people are not aware how much industrial is currently there and is glad to hear we are not making it any worse than it currently is. In fact, Member Lynch would prefer to see a lot less noise and light intensity being put into the area over what it is currently zoned for. Member Lynch, putting himself in the resident's shoes who live nearby, would not want to see an extrusion plant in his backyard.

Member Roney referred to Mr. Bowman's question regarding planting in an easement. City Engineer Ben Croy relayed that in general it is not good practice to plant in an easement. There will be some opportunity to look for that. Generally, we try to keep trees off of the area directly over the main and in this particular area there is no road nearby so if we have to get equipment back there, we have to drive along the route of the sewer. As long as it is not restricting maintenance access, there may be an opportunity to plant some trees in the easement.

Member Roney remembers discussing during Implementation Committee meetings the northeast corner and why it was excluded, but the Committee did not discuss the southeast corner. If this is moved forward,

is there a way to suggest City Council consider whether that corner should have the same consideration as the northeast corner. City Planner McBeth relayed that it is a good idea to forward that recommendation to City Council and include that there are a couple of pieces we don't have a lot of information on, however Staff is happy to go back to the land owner for additional information.

Member Avdoulos relayed as Member Roney indicated, he is also on the Implementation Committee, and they have been looking at the City West rezoning for some time. All the meetings are open to the public. Our diligent citizens who attend the meetings look out for not only their area but also are good at making sure the Committee keeps residents' thoughts and concerns in mind. Member Avdoulos is a practicing architect by profession and works on a lot of urban projects. He would like to reiterate that the idea was not to create something that would be a hardship to the area but create something that would provide good opportunities and would help existing businesses.

Member Avdoulos relayed it was his understanding that this rezoning would allow Gatsby's to have outdoor seating, which is not currently allowed based on existing zoning. City Planner McBeth confirmed that Gatsby's would like to make some improvements that would expand beyond their existing seating and add a canopy and other improvements, so they are excited that this may be moving forward. Member Avdoulos said we want to create opportunities like this and help support our local businesses. There is an instance when we were working on the Adell Center, and anyone who has property can develop their property, there was a lot of back and forth, through the process we were able to have an open space provided. That is what we are looking for in this area.

Member Avdoulos wants to let the citizens know we are not looking at this cavalierly, but with a lot of information. The Staff has been doing a phenomenal job of putting this together, there were two site visits in Indiana to look at similar plans. We held two Open House meetings where we looked at the Master Plan and this is one of the areas we looked at.

Motion made by Member Avdoulos to recommend approval to City Council to rezone the subject property and seconded by Member Lynch.

In the matter of Zoning Map Amendment 18.741, motion to recommend approval to City Council to rezone the subject property from OS-1 (Office Service), RA (Residential Acreage), I-1 (Light Industrial), B-3 (General Business), and OST (Office Service Technology) to CW (City West) for the following reasons:

1. The 2016 Master Plan for Land Use recommended the creation and adoption of a new zoning district for this area of the City in order to foster redevelopment of underutilized parcels, and to create a vibrant, walkable, mixed-use district,
2. The Master Plan for Land Use objective to foster a favorable business climate is fulfilled by allowing more flexible development standards for a unique area of the City,.
3. The Master Plan for Land Use objective to support and strengthen existing businesses and attract new businesses is fulfilled by allowing existing businesses to expand and creating new development opportunities in a mixed-use setting,
4. The Master Plan for Land Use objective to provide a wide range of housing options is supported as the new district allows residential use in a mixed-use setting,
5. The Master Plan for Land Use objective to develop the City West/Grand River and Beck area in a manner that supports and complements neighboring areas through the use of setback and height restrictions to provide buffers to single family districts, and
6. It provides an opportunity for long-standing businesses to remain at their current location.

ROLL CALL VOTE ON MOTION TO RECOMMEND APPROVAL TO CITY COUNCIL TO REZONE THE SUBJECT PROPERTY FROM OS-1 (OFFICE SERVICE), RA (RESIDENTIAL ACREAGE), I-1 (LIGHT INDUSTRIAL), B-3 (GENERAL BUSINESS), and OST (OFFICE SERVICE TECHNOLOGY) to CW (CITY WEST) MOVED BY MEMBER AVDOULOS AND SECONDED BY MEMBER LYNCH.

Motion carried 7-0.

**EXCERPT FROM THE
CITY COUNCIL
MEETING MINUTES
JULY 10, 2023**

**REGULAR MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF NOVI
MONDAY, JULY 10, 2023 AT 7:00 P.M.**

Mayor Gatt called the meeting to order at 7:00 P.M.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

ROLL CALL: Mayor Gatt, Mayor Pro Tem Staudt, Council Members Casey, Crawford, Fischer, Smith, Thomas

ALSO PRESENT: Victor Cardenas, City Manager
Thomas Schultz, City Attorney

APPROVAL OF AGENDA:

Mayor Gatt added to Mayor and Council Issues "Garage Sales".

Mayor Pro Tem Staudt added to Mayor and Council Issues "Landscaping and Fiber Conduit in Meadowbrook Glens".

CM 23-07-085 Moved by Fischer, seconded by Casey; CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY

To approve the Agenda as amended.

Roll call vote on CM 23-07-085 **Yeas: Staudt, Casey, Crawford, Fischer, Smith, Thomas, Gatt**
Nays: None

PUBLIC HEARINGS: None

PRESENTATIONS: None

MANAGER/STAFF REPORT:

City Manager Cardenas thanked everyone for coming out that evening for the reception, it was very nice to see everyone and let them know by residents coming out to celebrate this new chapter. He looked forward to these next multi decades to be here in the City. He appreciated everyone's support.

Mr. Cardenas said the Great Lakes Water Authority (GLWA) has been working on many different projects to create a redundant loop. He mentioned we have seen the closure of Meadowbrook Road just north of 12 Mile Road and we have some construction on 13 Mile Road as they are laying in a new 36 inch pipe that is going to help redundancy in our water network. He stated we were assured last year that it would be done in May. He said we are hearing specifically that Meadowbrook and 12 Mile is going to go on until next May. They have run into some engineering issues. He said as you go north, they are making that pipe make the turn on to 13 Mile Road, he noted currently it is two-way traffic. He said we have been told, starting next Monday, they are going to make that one way going east. He commented that the Great Lakes Water Authority has been in contact with us, and we have shared our discouragement and our dismay about these

new changes and the time this is taking. He said they were sending out a communication piece explaining it to the residents of that area and hopefully even the residents that go to the Walled Lake Schools in that area as well to explain what is happening. He stated there will be a meeting with Brightmoor Church, Fox Run, Walled Lake Schools and Crosspointe Meadows. He said they have all felt the pain of these closures. He said it is not the most ideal situation in the world and we must share that with them. He said they have been meeting weekly with Sheryl Walsh-Molloy, Jeff Herczeg, Jordan McBee, and with our team meet with on the site individuals weekly to talk about what is going on. He said unfortunately, the goal lines continue to move backwards, and they apologize profusely. He said he would be happy to answer any questions and if there is more information get it back to you if you need it.

Mayor Gatt thanked Mr. Cardenas for the report. He said he was going to let the whole Council weigh in, but he was going to go first and just say that it is unacceptable. He said it is unacceptable that Meadowbrook Road has been closed for a year, and now they want to close it for another year. He said that impacts all our residents, but especially the thousand plus people who live at Fox Run and their workers who need to get their emergency services who need to get there. He said we have a brand-new school that just opened on 13 Mile Road, and this is impacting them. He understood the importance of the Great Lakes Water Authority doing this. He understood it is a major utility and water we have been having some bad experiences in the last couple of years with some water main breaks out of Novi that apparently this is going to fix. He said the citizens in Novi should not have to look at another year of being subjected to not going up and down a road they are paying taxes for. He believed that the Great Lakes Water Authority should be told and maybe our attorneys can get involved. He did not know if we have a legal standing, but he would like to at least attempt. He said they are not loaning their greatest effort to this project. He said they should be working 24/7, they should be doubling their workforce. He said there is no way that he could imagine a job like that taking over two years to put the citizens of this city in jeopardy. He said it is jeopardy, that people in Fox Run deserve better, the people at the school deserve better, the people down 13 Mile Road deserve better. He said he knew there are hundreds, if not thousands of people that use Meadowbrook Road from the south to get up to 12 Mile Road to get up on the freeways. He said it did not make sense to him that it would take this long. He asked Mr. Cardenas to get with City Attorney Schultz and his firm. He said if there is a firm that specializes in this sort of thing, perhaps we want to put them on board, but he said we shouldn't just take it from them saying well, we are sorry. He said sorry does not cut it at this point, not after a whole year.

Member Thomas expressed the same disappointment, especially living in the area. She said north of 11 Mile Road is closed, there is only one place to get out and that is Grand River, and it is filled with all the traffic from 10 Mile Road, can we finish a section before we rip up another road. She said it was frustrating. She said in her area, there are not as many people, but you cannot get to Tollgate Farms, and that is a gem of the community that we are not able to utilize for such a long time. That is incredibly frustrating. She wondered if they could finish a section before they move on so that everything is not closed at the same time.

Member Smith agreed with the previous speakers. He said he works off Meadowbrook Road between 12 Mile Road and 13 Mile Road, so he has not been impacted as badly as the people between 11 Mile Road and 12 Mile Road. He said it is challenging for our people to get into work sometimes, especially this last week. He thought that anything we could do to get Great Lakes Water Authority (GLWA) get that watermain finished would be great.

ATTORNEY REPORT: None

AUDIENCE COMMENTS:

David Landry said he was representing the Joanne Ward Trust and he wanted to speak briefly on Item No. 2 on the Agenda, which is the proposed Zoning Map Amendment for City West. He stated the Ward Family Trust owns the property on the southeast corner of Grand River Avenue and Beck Road. Mr. Landry said the actual corner of the intersection is zoned B-3. He said his client owns three acres currently zoned B-3. He explained that south on Beck Road there are seven acres that are zoned R-A, we have no objection to the inclusion of the R-A portion. He said on the corner of Beck and Grand River on the southwest corner is Ascension Providence Hospital zoned OSC, and on the northwest corner is Home Depot Plaza zoned B-2 and on the northeast corner is a bank, zoned OSC, all commercial, it would, in his mind only be consistent to include the southeast corner and leave it as B-3. He said the intent section of the proposed City West ordinance states that the intent is to create a corridor of buildings massed along Grand River Avenue. He commented that there is nothing mass on the north side of Grand River Avenue, because there isn't, in his mind be consistent to mass buildings, it would be inconsistent, and it would just be lopsided. He said they supported City West for the seven acres to the south, but as far as the actual southeast corner, it has been zoned B-3 forever. He stated they were there to simply as the City Council for consistency purposes, it is a commercial corner, and they would ask them to leave it.

Joe Bertera, 130 Rexton, Lake Wall Subdivision, Novi. He said he has been here multiple times talking about the Lakefront Protection Ordinance. He missed the last meeting, so today he wanted to talk about the Lakefront Protection Ordinance from the City Council Minutes from 1986 which he presented on the overhead screen for the audience. He read certain sections because he was not sure what the city attorney is really telling you and what he is not telling you. He said you could see here in Ordinance No. 86-18.20 which is how this was referred to back in 1986. He read verbatim from the previous city attorney from David Freed in 1986. He said this is where several lake area residents in the audience were concerned regarding their own access to Walled Lake. He stated that the person who owned his house previously submitted a letter which he showed at a previous Council meeting, talking about his 1919 Subdivision which he also mentioned which is Lake Wall Subdivision and using our lake access lot access was given to them as part of their deed which he already brought up in other meetings, he had concerns about this Lakefront Protection Ordinance. He said Mr. Freed stated, "That this ordinance does not have any application to existing subdivisions or multiple dwellings." He said he quoted the ordinance where it indicated no parcel of land shall in the future. He noted

he could not read the rest of that because somehow the document had been lost or destroyed by the city. He commented the city attorney in 1986 said this does not apply to existing subdivisions, which is what he has been telling you for the last eight meetings that he has attended. He said the second part says Mayor Karevich stated, "that the word hereafter or something else would have to be put in the safe future development into the Lakefront Protection Ordinance which we know it is about future development", but now you are trying to say that it applies to our 104-year-old subdivision. He reiterated that we could see that the city attorney in 1986 said this does not apply to existing subdivisions. He said the mayor said we need different wording inserted into the into the ordinance stating, you know, into the future, which is exactly what he has been saying all along. He said if you fast forward to 2007, our current City Attorney, Tom Schultz, Mr. Bertera wondered what he said about this ordinance. He said the current attorney said in 2007, "to our knowledge, the City has not applied this provision to Lot 12 or similar properties around the lake whose use in development predated it." Mr. Bertera said now you have two city attorneys that said the same thing that he has been saying for eight City Council meetings.

Khurram Abbas congratulated Victor on his appointment. He said he lived in Asbury Park subdivision and was on the Asbury Park Homeowner Association. He mentioned they had many Asbury Park residents that attended the Planning Commission meeting and voiced their concerns associated with the City West zoning proposal, particularly regarding the proximity of the south part of City West. He stated the concerns range from environmental impacts to noise related concerns. He said many other residents of Novi showed up or wrote about valid concerns about the proposal in general, mostly stemming from the massive amount of development that the project incurs. He hoped to see the City Council go over the audience comments in meetings, meeting Minutes from the Planning meeting in May. He stated during the Planning Commission meeting, it did not appear to him that the Planning Commission members were well informed of what the project entails. He said they were asking a lot of vague questions during the discussions. He said some of them were somewhat receptive about the overwhelming concern from nearby residents and one more time to review the details, but still unanimously voted to recommend this proposal for approval with the City Council. He stated some of them made comments to justify the recommendation by telling them that we had to cut trees in our subdivision as report, which by the way is not true. He stated that they claim that the rezoning would be better for them without being informed on what the existing setbacks and height limits apply to the existing I-1 Light Industrial zoning that is in place right now north of their subdivision. He spoke for all the residents of Asbury Park when he said their homeowners are extremely disappointed by the Planning Commission's lack of consideration. He said they were hoping to have the Planning Commission at least advise some modifications to the proposal for the city where southside by ensuring that the setbacks and height requirements for the existing won't be retained which would be 200 feet setback and two to three story maximum for the residential units. He hoped the City Council, unlike the Planning Commission, would do the right thing and take the residents' concerns into account. He said there seems to be a growing disconnect amongst Novi residents with all the development particularly the dense residential proposals and it

would be in their best interest to address those concerns adequately before voting to approve or reject this proposal. Thank you.

Eddie Hesano said he was the proprietor of Eddie's Walled Lake and a Novi resident at 1359 East Lake Drive, Novi. He mentioned they are on the Agenda for our Firework Show, which is the Walled Lake and Novi Community Firework Show. He said this is a show for us and for our families that we can enjoy, he was very pleased that it is on the Agenda and that it will come into fruition. He said Novi is looking better and better every day, he has been here since 1995. He thought Novi was doing a spectacular job. He said he knew a lot of people that work for the City, and they are amazing. He wished he had that in his city where he worked.

CONSENT AGENDA REMOVALS AND APPROVALS:

CM 23-07-086 Moved by Crawford, seconded by Casey; CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY

To approve the Consent Agenda as presented.

- A. Approve Minutes of:
 June 26, 2023 - Regular Meeting
- B. Enter Approval to purchase Courts and Law Enforcement Management Information System (CLEMIS) and Fire Records Management System (FRMS) fees and services from Oakland County for the 2023-2024 fiscal year in the amount of \$61,060.
- C. Approval to purchase a 2024 Ford Expedition vehicle for the Novi Police Department from Lunghamer Ford of Owosso, LLC through the Macomb County cooperative purchasing contract, in the amount of \$61,851.
- D. Approval to award engineering services to Spalding DeDecker to evaluate the City's existing surveying benchmarks in the amount of \$27,500.
- E. Approval to award engineering design services to AECOM for the design of the southern portion of the Lakeshore Park Parking Lot Reconstruction in the amount of \$36,345.66
- F. Approval to award condition assessment services to Pure Technologies for inspection of PCCP water main, in the amount of \$61,700.
- G. Approval of a Street Light Purchase Agreement with Detroit Edison Company for the installation and ongoing operation cost of seven (7) standard streetlights at six (6) intersections along Ten Mile Road between Meadowbrook Road and Haggerty Road.
- H. Approval of request for Fireworks Permit by Eddie's Barrel of Wine to be operated by Gen-X Pyrotechnics, on Saturday, July 22nd, 2023, on Walled Lake.

- I. Approval of a Resolution to close the westbound of Grand River Avenue from Taft Road the to 46850 Grand River Avenue for the 2023 Michigan State Fair 5K Run from 7:30 AM to 9:15 AM on Saturday, September 2, 2023.
- J. Enter Executive Session immediately following the regular meeting of July 10, 2023, in the Council Annex for confidential written communication for legal counsel and to discuss Union negotiations.
- K. Approval of claims and warrants – Warrant 1135

Roll call vote on CM 23-07-086

Yeas: Casey, Crawford, Fischer, Smith, Thomas, Gatt, Staudt

Nays: None

MATTERS FOR COUNCIL ACTION:

- 1. Consideration of Zoning Ordinance Text Amendment 18.296 in order to establish the new City West zoning district, along with associated ordinance changes to reference the new district, and to amend text related to the EXO District, to reflect an underlying zoning of CW - City West. Establishment of the City West District was recommended by the 2016 Novi Master Plan Update to create a vibrant, walkable mixed-use district in proximity to the Suburban Collection Showplace and Ascension Providence Hospital. FIRST READING**

City Manager Cardenas stated this has been a project that has been in the works since 2016. He said as the Mayor mentioned in the reading of the motion sheet, this is the first reading. He explained the timeline that we have, and Lindsay Bell is going to present to you a comprehensive presentation on what City West is all about. He said this started back in 2016, 2017 in terms of different actions by the Planning Commission. He mentioned as stated this was to help it create a vibrant area in and around Ascension Providence Park and Suburban Collection Showplace along the stretch of Grand River from Beck Road to Taft Road. He mentioned there have been many different points that we have interacted and talked about in terms of hiring consultants, implementation of committee reviews, and it is finally coming to Council for your consideration, in two different meetings. He said there will be a Text Amendment and Zoning Map which is the item after this, again, only a first reading.

City Planner Lindsay Bell explained the 2016 Master Plan established a vision for the creation of a new district called City West. She quoted from the Master Plan "This area offers the potential for the creation of a prominent new district combining entertainment, convention, commercial, office, and residential uses in a cohesive, high-density, walkable pattern..."

Ms. Bell stated the challenge for staff over the last 4+ years has been to craft an ordinance that would allow, support, and encourage that vision to become a reality. She said it was exciting to be here with you tonight to present the results of all our efforts for your consideration. She stated they have gone through many drafts and revisions,

adapting to new strategies and learning from the application of existing districts in the City. She gave a quick context, she explained she was referring to the area along Grand River both north and south, generally east of Beck Road and west of Taft Road.

Ms. Bell stated the City West area provides an opportunity to expand the housing choices available for young professionals, empty nesters, and other residents who prioritize a more urban, walkable community, easy access to the highway and destinations within Novi, and entertainment opportunities. She said Grand River Avenue is a major corridor with greater road capacity than many areas of the city. She said SMART has recently released its proposed route expansion and has proposed extending bus service along the Grand River corridor through Novi and into Wixom. One of the proposed locations for a transit stop would be within the City West area, which makes the establishment of this district very timely.

Ms. Bell stated they have been working with the Planning Commission's Implementation Committee, and the City Attorney's office, they have developed the City West Zoning Ordinance text to provide the standards under which properties in the new district will be developed, as well as a Design Guide that offers visual examples that the Master Plan and ordinance language are working together to accomplish. She said the Design Guide complements the ordinance language and would be made part of the ordinance by reference. It includes background information on the area, inspiration images from around Novi and other communities, as well as 3D models to visually show certain requirements or suggestions. She noted the intent is that both documents would be used in conjunction to guide development, creating a structure for developers while permitting flexibility when it is determined to make sense.

Ms. Bell said for projects that are not mixed use, City West District includes a baseline level of development for principal permitted uses, which would be allowed at a similar intensity to what can currently develop in the I-1 District on the south side of Grand River. She stated the baseline level of development, building height is limited to three (3) stories. Uses permitted include office, retail, restaurants, day care centers, banks, and instructional centers.

Ms. Bell explained the proposed ordinance includes an optional Mixed-Use Development Option (MDO) if eligibility criteria are met, which permits a wider range of uses and higher intensity development to encourage the creation of a dynamic mix of compatible uses.

Ms. Bell said residential uses can be developed under the MDO, either as stand-alone use or as part of a mixed-use project. The granting of a Mixed-Use Development Option application requires review and recommendation by the Planning Commission and approval of the City Council. She said the MDO process is like the approval process for the PD-1 and PD-2 Options, with City Council discretion over deviations to area, bulk, yard, and dimensional requirements, as well as density. She noted the Planning Commission will need to consider Special Land Use standards, along with other items, in making its recommendation when MDO projects are considered.

Ms. Bell said while the MDO provides greater flexibility in parking and landscaping, as well as setbacks and building height to allow a more urban form of development, projects will still be subject to other applicable codes and regulations of the City, including Wetland and Watercourse protection, the Woodland Ordinance, Stormwater detention standards, façade, and landscape requirements, as well as lighting and noise ordinances. She stated applicants are required to demonstrate that the proposed layout of the site is designed to minimize the negative impact on existing natural features, including woodland and wetland areas.

Ms. Bell said the proposed ordinance standards allow for greater height along Grand River for MDO projects, however, staff believes that most projects will still have 3-5 story buildings, with additional height potentially requested for mixed-use buildings, or for a signature office building or hotel. She noted for areas greater than 200 feet from single-family districts, the bonus height provisions permitting higher buildings involves meeting one or more specific criteria such as providing or preserving over 25% open space, using sustainable green building elements and design strategies (ex. LEED Best Practices), allocation of units for Workforce Housing (at least 15%) or lower-level parking or parking garage to limit impervious surfaces.

Ms. Bell said the maximum height is limited to eight (8) stories or 115 feet in the proposed ordinance for developments on the north side of Grand River Avenue. This is the same height limit as currently permitted in the OST zoning district which allows building heights up to 115 feet for the area north of Grand River as all that area is within 1,200 feet of the freeway.

She stated that south of Grand River the maximum possible height is limited to 5 stories, or 70 feet. Any height increases would have to be approved by City Council.

Ms. Bell stated the City West area south of Grand River Avenue is directly adjacent to areas designated for multi-family and single-family residential. This portion of the district is intended to provide a gradual transition to the surrounding uses. Within 100 feet of single-family residential areas to the south, non-residential buildings are not permitted, and residential buildings are limited to 35 feet in height to ensure a proper transition and prevent undue impact on the existing neighbors. She said the 100-foot setback for non-residential uses is consistent with current I-1 District setback, to ensure that no new hardship is created on landowners, and adjacent residents are afforded the similar protections that exist today. She noted any building within 200 feet of single-family residential districts is proposed to be limited to 40 feet and will not be eligible for bonus height increases.

Ms. Bell said in addition to the height limits, residential buildings are required to be set back a minimum of two feet for each foot of building height. If the maximum building height of 35 feet is proposed, that structure would require a minimum 70-foot setback from the single-family district. She noted by way of comparison with multiple family zoning districts in Novi, in the RM-1 and RM-2 Districts, the minimum side and rear yard setbacks are 75 feet. She commented that the existing Central Park Estates buildings are built 70-

75 feet from the property line. She said the City West district also requires a 50-foot setback for any parking areas adjacent to single family zoning districts, as well as the installation of a wall or landscape berm to provide buffers.

Ms. Bell gave a brief re-cap: less than 50 feet from the single family residential, only residential structures less than 25 feet in height would be permitted. She noted from 50-100 feet, residential structures up to 35 feet in height and parking with screening would be permitted. She also noted from 100-200 feet from SFR, both residential and non-residential buildings could be allowed with a maximum height of 40 feet. She said over 200 feet from residential additional building height can be requested. She stated at over 500 feet, outdoor seating areas with live music can be authorized.

Ms. Bell said the City West is meant to have sidewalks and pathways throughout the district, providing connections to the City's non-motorized network. The recently expanded Ascension Providence campus trail network provides miles of non-motorized opportunities and connects to the ITC Trail. She mentioned Bosco Park is accessible via Beck Road less than 1 mile away. She stated Taft Road already includes on-road bike lanes as well as an 8-foot pathway on the west side of the road from Grand River to south of 9 Mile. She said this facility connects the City West area to several Novi schools, as well as the Library and Civic Center campus. She noted that pathways along Grand River also provide a direct connection to the Town Center area within a one to two mile distance.

Ms. Bell explained that the development in this district is required to meet specific design standards to ensure future development is cohesive and walkable. She said the buildings are meant to front on internal street networks rather than Grand River to create a more pedestrian-friendly development than the thoroughfare can offer. She noted shared off-street parking facilities are encouraged. Development projects are required to provide public plazas and open spaces for gathering. She said parking requirements for residential uses, based on the number of bedrooms, have been included, which are consistent with the requirements in the Town Center district. In summary, she stated that staff and the Planning Commission recommend approval of the proposed text amendment and Design Guide, with any necessary modifications as it continues to move through the process, as it is following the Master Plan for Land Use and forwards both economic development and housing goals of the City. She said we are happy to answer any questions you may have.

Mayor Gatt thanked Ms. Bell for the very comprehensive background. He mentioned that he heard people say that this is a Council driven issue, he wondered if that is correct. Ms. Bell replied that it is a Master Plan driven issue. Mayor Gatt asked if it was true or not true that a single businessman in the city was pushing for this. Ms. Bell replied, no. He thanked her for her response. He asked Council if anyone had any questions.

Mayor Pro Tem Staudt said it all sounds so great. He mentioned he sat in the Master Plan meetings for probably a year, we are here now, and for some reason, there are a lot of things that have never passed his test. He said his test is a test of common sense. He

wondered if you as a staff member walked out to the property and looked at all the different angles about all the things that you were talking about. Ms. Bell said yes, she had walked through the area. Mayor Pro Tem Staudt stated he has also and under no circumstance could he see us having a five-story building on the south side of the property. He mentioned looking at the berms while walking the properties, there are so many issues that are important. He said he would like an explanation on what drove this in 2016, was this staff driven or developer driven. He would like her to give us an overview of where this came from and why, if it happened in 2016, and we are talking about in 2023.

City Planner McBeth said she would be happy to explain. She stated the Master Plan that was done for 2016, approved in 2017, had three redevelopment areas identified. She stated that is one of the goals of a Master Plan and the Redevelopment Ready Communities. She said there were three areas where the location was located, one where Sakura was approved and is about to start development, an area up by Walled Lake that was in dire need of some redevelopment, and this is the third area. She said if you look at the stretch of Grand River, and particularly the corner at Grand River and Beck, it has been underutilized in terms of an important part of the city for several years. She stated that was recognized by the staff and by the Planning commission, by our planning consultant at that time, and identified as the third kind of redevelopment area that should be focused on. Mayor Pro Tem Staudt confirmed with Ms. McBeth that his was not driven by any potential development that could not get it done there under the current circumstances. Ms. McBeth replied, no, it was not, we were not seeing a lot of development plans in that area, we haven't for the last 10 years or so.

Mayor Pro Tem Staudt asked if they could get the map back upon the overhead that shows the property on the overhead screen. He mentioned there has been voluminous correspondence directed to the City Council and to the Planning Commission. He said one of the questions he had was regarding the area that has a large pond, under what circumstances could that be developed. Ms. McBeth said it is likely the City would request the pond remain as a natural feature, and development could occur around it. She stated with any developments, somebody might come in and say we would like to relocate that pond and put it in a different spot, so under that circumstance, it could. She said this zoning district that the staff has worked on for quite a while indicates that natural features are important in this area. She said we wouldn't be pushing the development community to respect the natural features and not develop in those areas. Mayor Pro Tem Staudt said you are saying there is a potential that the pond or that wetland area could be moved somewhere else, as opposed to being left there and preserved as a permanent wetland feature. Ms. McBeth said staff would always recommend that kind of natural feature would be left in place, but if the development community sometimes says to do what they need to do, they might locate a portion of it. Mayor Pro Tem Staudt said one of the things that he was going to ask was one of the modifications to the ordinance is that the exact thing cannot happen, because this is not what we really want as a community. He said he was a little shell shocked right now by what happened in Sakura, with the pond being filled in. He said he did not know how we could prevent that from happening in this situation, but it abuts properties, houses on

both that side of the street in the back and on the other side of the street. He said these are the kinds of issues that really kind of torment him and that we are trying to create something somewhere where it really is not a natural area to put something through.

Mayor Pro Tem Staudt asked City Attorney Schultz if we were able to separate the north side from the south side. He wondered how we deal with this ordinance, or do we have to do it as one big chunk. City Attorney Schultz said no, you could separate them. He thought a surgery and thinking about it in terms of writing in the ordinance, but there is already a conceptual difference between the two in terms of height and things like that. He said if that were the direction, he thought it would be possible to do just ordinance writing wise. He said to be clear and to add on to Ms. McBeth's answer, there is nothing in this ordinance that would affect the pond one way or the other. He said that is an entire set of city ordinance that he thought Ms. McBeth was talking about the wetland ordinance that allows developers to do things that his ordinance does not make it any more or less likely to have that kind of effect. Mayor Pro Tem Staudt said, or less likely, in the ordinance. Mr. Schultz said if you are focusing just sort of on this spotlight. Mayor Pro Tem Staudt commented that this area abuts residential properties. He thought that if you take that pond out in that wetland area, and move it over somewhere, where there is nothing currently, doesn't seem to him to be a good exercise in this situation. He said one of his recommendations would be to add something to the ordinance that prevented this kind of thing happening. He said we will keep talking about it, we want to preserve the woodlands and wetlands, then we talk about filling them in and moving them somewhere else. He thought this is inconsistent with when we start abutting residential property, and putting these mixed use and commercial properties, it gets a lot more complicated. He said in this situation, we are talking about the lot, a lot of the land that we have available in our city right now is really the end of the development land, the backlots. He said many of these backlots have challenges, that is the reason they are not developed. There are a lot of woodlands and wetlands in them. He did not want to create a City West ordinance that in any way encourages somebody to fill in a woodland or wetland. He preferred that we put in language that prevented that from happening. He said he was not asking you at this point, he was giving you his narrative on this. He said there are certain things that he would like to see his colleagues consider. He wondered if it was best to do it all at once. He wondered if then, we are going to have some kind of vote at this at the end of this process, moving it forward to a second reading. He asked if we could do individual things that we are looking at and get those approved and then move on the other things. City Attorney Schultz said there is not timeline here. He wondered if it is here for first reading, but like with any other ordinance, you are not obligated to approve first reading if you want to talk about it more, get your thoughts together and convey those to City Administration.

Mayor Pro Tem Staudt asked Mr. Landry, just be clear, what properties are you asking to remain in the current zoning. He asked which one is in the B-3 zoning. Mr. Landry said currently, the property on the southeast corner is zoned B-3 and that B-3 zoning encompasses two portions of two parcels. Mayor Pro Tem Staudt asked for him to explain what the drawbacks of this rezoning are for your clients. Mr. Landry replied that his client owned this property, and it has been in the family since the 1940s and it was purchased

by the Ward family back then it was used for several different things. He mentioned there are certain tax reasons when you buy property. He said you can imagine what it is worth now, if somebody sold that property, there would be huge capital gains tax. He stated Mrs. Ward passed away recently. He stated if you pass the property on probate, it is a stepped-up basis. He said the family is ready to develop the property. He said the family already has a developer interested in developing the property as zoned the B-3 part as zoned B-3, he said he did not have a site plan to show you, and he did not have a specific use to show you. He said there are obvious B-3 uses, some uses that are not included within the City West and the City West ordinance does include drive through. He said they have had some conversation with the Administration on that and drive throughs included as an accessory use, but you can imagine across from a hospital, so be a perfect parcel for a 24 hour Walgreens or a CVS, but that is a particular kind of use that would be perfect at this location. Mayor Pro Tem Staudt said he was advised earlier today that whatever the current B-3 zoning is, it would carry on into the new zoning. He asked him if that was his understanding of it? Mr. Landry said he did not have it in front of him, but no, there are certain B-3 uses that are not carried over into the ordinance. Mayor Pro Tem Staudt asked if City Planner McBeth could shed some light on that.

City Planner McBeth said the B-3 district allows sort of our most intense commercial uses. She gave examples such as car washes, gas stations, used car lots, things like that, a whole variety of things that you would expect in a retail location. She said the pharmacy that we are talking about with the drive through would also be permitted in the City West ordinance as it is currently drafted. Mayor Pro Tem Staudt asked Mr. Landry what the discrepancy was between? He wondered why they had to hire an attorney to come to us to ask for that property to be excluded. He wondered where the confusion was. Mr. Landry said his clients are interested in developing this under B-3 with setbacks and certain things of that nature, as opposed to the proposed City West ordinance. He said a gas station is one that would not be included, they do not necessarily now, have a commitment for a gas station. He pointed out that gas stations today are not the gas stations of yesterday. He said they do not look like gas stations; they sell a lot of different products. He said that was one that he could tell you from memory that is not included in the City West ordinance.

Mayor Pro Tem Staudt said he was going to make a recommendation and he did not know if we need an approval on this or not at this point. He said he wanted to remove the two parcels 50-22-16-151-010 and 50-22-16-151-012 from the ordinance.

MOTION WITHDRAWN

CM 23-07-087 Moved by Staudt, seconded by Gatt;

Approval to remove two parcels 50-22-16-151-010 and 50-22-16-151-012 from the proposed Zoning Map Amendment 17.741.

Member Fischer directed his question to City Attorney Schultz. He asked him if it is possible to put an overlay on these two properties and basically say, we recognize and allow you to build under the B-3 development of the B-3, but you are also eligible to develop under

the City West as well, which would actually give more opportunities in the future if they did not go down the path of what Mr. Landry was talking about, to potentially develop more in the spirit of the City West. City Attorney Schultz confirmed that he was talking about an overlay just for two pieces of property. Member Fisher said yes, that is correct. Mr. Schultz said conceptually, he would have to think about that. He was not sure he had seen anything that targeted individual properties of that size. He said he was not saying it could not happen. Member Fischer said however, there are many acres on the south side, everything is I-1 except for this one parcel, he understood the position that the Ward family is in. He was trying to get it so that we as a City would also potentially in the future have the possibility if current plans fell through that they may have something more contiguous with the eastern properties, and that is where he saw the benefit. He said he did not to pull it out, and that is why he would not support the motion as it is, he would be interested in something like that. City Attorney Schultz stated we could look at that, if it is pulled out that is an option as well. He guessed the other option is to find out from the property owner what uses they think they might want from the B-3 and pull those forward and put those in as permitted uses. He wondered if it was worthwhile to have an ordinance amendment that says, now that things are the way they are some of these uses we do not want, but we will sit down with the property owner and find out, what it is they might want. Member Fischer said he would be more hesitant to take B-3 uses and put them into the City West uses, then do some sort of overlay, if we cannot do some sort of overlay, and then he was going down the path of Mayor Pro Tem.

Member Thomas stated in the B-3 section, or that area that we saw on the map, are those the only two parcels in those areas or are there other people who may want to have the same opportunity. She thought that was a decent sized section there. She wondered if we are going to make this offering to the owner of the two parcels, is it something that makes sense for the others in that section.

City Attorney Schultz said Mr. Landry pointed out that this is a corner piece, which distinguishes it from the rest of all the properties that are depicted there. He mentioned one of the things that he didn't want to say it, it surprised him, but he thought it was interesting watching this process for the last couple of years is that you didn't have a lot of property owners who were saying we do not like it, it was gratifying to see how many property owners said, "sure, this is a good deal for us". He said we have a property owner here, who is arguing that their property is unique, because it is the corner piece a that. He said he would be worried about taking that idea and spreading it throughout the rest of the district is what he was trying to say. He thought the other properties were different.

Member Casey said she was not opposed to having the City Attorney investigate it if there is any kind of overlay that can be done. She thought we might be a little ahead of ourselves in this process because we have not talked about applying for the City West District at all yet. She mentioned neither have we talked about what parcels that might apply to, which is the next item on the Agenda. She thought from a timing perspective, we feel like we are a little out of sync in terms of holding out one specific parcel and treating it differently, potentially, without even having talked about what the City West District is going to be. Generally, do we want the City West District and then generally,

which parcels do we want to apply to. She thought from a process perspective, she felt like we are a little out of sync on that one. She said she would support the motion if it were only to ask the City Attorney to look at options for an overlay for those parcels for the B-3 specifically.

Member Smith agreed with Member Casey, he thought we are a little bit ahead of ourselves and pulling out specific things like this. He said in general; he would like to see how this whole thing plays out with the upcoming new Master Plan as well. He said he would support, asking the City Attorney to investigate that B-3 overlay.

City Attorney Schultz said on that subject, I guess he was looking at this as kind of straw votes. He said you wanted to take a vote so that we would know what the numbers were, he understood that Mr. Mayor. He stated at the end of this is was going to suggest if there especially if there are more, that we not have a motion to introduce, or approved first reading, and that however many of these straw vote indications we get this evening, which is great, that we will take that back, and we will come back with a revised version of the ordinance.

Mayor Gatt said instead of making a motion, just talk and you guys, you know the consensus up here might not be seven, but you know, we are a majority. Mr. Schultz said he thought so. Mayor Gatt said okay, then we do have a motion on the floor that we can withdraw.

Member Crawford mentioned that he had another concern. He said at the Planning Commission meeting it was brought up, and he did not know which parcels they were, but there were some parcels that if you did 100-foot setback from residential, they would be virtually undeveloped. He mentioned it was suggested that a berm and landscaping could be done instead of a 100-foot setback. He said he would like to see that investigated, and he was not sure which parcels they were, but somebody can figure that out. He thought it was next to residential.

Mayor Pro Tem Staudt wondered if we are going to vote on this a straw vote or what? City Attorney Schultz said he did not know that you need to if you want to that is fine. He did not think he had to worry; we are going to take good notes. Mayor Pro Tem Staudt said he would withdraw the motion and go on to the next things.

Mayor Pro Tem Staudt moved on to the next issue that he had and mentioned there are two sides to developing the ordinance. He said one is on the north side, which is on the north side of Grand River Avenue. The other is the south side, the south side has a current residential element to it. He said the north side, he did not have anything that he was going to propose on the north side. Getting back to the south side, he said he could not see us having five story buildings under any circumstance on the south side whether they are 20, 50 or 100. He said he would like to see us limit that to a three-floor building, so that was his first recommendation on the south side. Second, he stated having a berm requirement with landscaping so that anything that is built requires a berm with the appropriate landscaping. He said that maybe that was already included, but he wanted

to make sure that is in the ordinance. Third, he wanted to see us remove the hotel/motel from the south side as a potential use. He said one of the biggest factors with this entire issue is the idea that it is a walkable area. He stated until we get an overhead walkway between the south side and the north side, these are two distinctly very different areas. One is not going to be walking across Grand River Avenue on a regular basis to get across the street to the north side. He said he really did not think it was appropriate to put a hotel/motel in that area and he would like to see that removed as a use. He said his fourth issue is a little more controversial, was that he would like to see 100-foot setbacks, he mentioned there are probably four different opinions up here on setbacks. He said the residents have asked for 200-foot setbacks which he thought was a little unreasonable, it does not give very many options. He thought the 100-foot setback with the berm, with landscaping would provide a very safe buffer for the residential properties there. He said his fifth point had to do with again, the protection of woodlands and wetlands, and how we could incorporate into the ordinance that the current woodland and wetland that are in the City West district in some way be preserved and protected in a manner that goes beyond just our normal city ordinances, especially those that are directly abutting the residential properties. He said those are his five primary issues. He said he would like to hear what his colleagues have to say.

Member Fischer said he would like to take the same approach. He thought that the north side has less concerns, from his perspective. He said if he understood, the current OSC on the north property, the north side of Grand River that allows the eight story buildings already, he wondered if that was correct, because all the properties are within 1,200 feet of the highway. Ms. Bell replied that he was correct. Member Fischer said that what this does is limited to six, and to go eight stories, they would have to meet the special criteria. He said many times when he is talking to someone that has concerns about some of the higher heights, once he tells them that you must meet some of these sustainability goals to get those bonus heights, we are winning out in that if they can already have eight. He said now they can only have six, but they can go to eight because they are going to be LEED certified or preserve 25% of the space. He thought that was a big win on the north side for him. He said the north side, they have less issues. He said he would focus most of his comments on the south side. Member Fischer mentioned the south side and stated that he struggled with the stories because of the good benefit that he saw in pushing some of those sustainability goals. He thought if we could go to four floors with those bonus criteria, but with bigger setbacks, he thought we might be able to accomplish some good there. He said he would be willing to go up to that, but if there wasn't consensus on Council, he would be fine with sticking with three and getting rid of the bonus floors. He liked the berm requirements, and the removal of the hotel/motel. He believed there needs to be some more work on the setbacks, and he thought 100 feet is a possibility and something that could be used, but he believed it should be tied to the building height. He said he would leave it to staff to come to some ideas at what might be worthwhile over there, but what is currently being proposed is not enough. He did not think in some parcels, areas, uses and heights 100 would be enough. He would like to see that a little more stringent. He said they have already spoken about B-3, and he made his comments on that. He appreciated the comments on the protection of the woodlands and wetlands. He said process wise; he did not know that it makes complete

sense to him, and he said he would ask the city attorney. He commented that in essence, we are talking about our own mitigation ordinance at that point, are we not. He said one of these will come to us will come to the Planning Commission or City Council and we will make the decision if the mitigation is appropriate. He said if we are trying to tie future hands, we are kind of saying what we do up here as it is from a mitigation discussion perspective is moot, is that correct. He wondered if he was correct on the first part that we as a Council make the decision on the mitigation of the wetlands. City Attorney Schultz said yes, he did think that was correct. He stated he will just preview; we do have an obligation and your ordinance does treat similarly situated properties the same, so we have got an obligation under the state zoning laws to treat similarly situated properties the same. He said we will take the Mayor Pro Tem Staudt's comments to heart. He said we will have to., the way communities typically deal with wanting to preserve areas is you incentivize them not to develop it more than they might in the other parts of the city. He said we will look at the idea. He said he thought he could see where both of you were going. He stated ultimately, yes, we will be clear that you will have the authority on the mitigation and tree removals that you have elsewhere.

Member Fischer said we have chosen to look at some of the benefits and some of the ideas that a developer had by maybe putting more intense use on one area and kind of trying to preserve more areas. He said it is those situations where it is Council's judgment, and he thought it is our job as the elected officials to make those calls on the mitigation. He stated while he could think we can find a way to strengthen it, he liked the idea of kind of the residential component where the Mayor Pro Tem Staudt was going, he said he will start to feel more uncomfortable as we tie future City Council's hands from being able to make site plan decision if they are elected to do. He said that is how he was asking you to split that one. Member Fischer said overall, those are some stringent comments for him that it would take to probably get this over the finish line and vote for his approval. He said he liked the concept. He liked what the staff has done, anything to promote things like sustainable efforts, the workforce housing, there are a lot of good things in here. He said he did not want to throw the baby out with the bathwater, he did not think it is a good idea, as he has seen, proposed, by some Councilmembers and on social media, and he thought that is kind of irresponsible. He said it is their job to sit here as staff, as a Council, as a Planning Commission to hear resident comments and try to come up with something that is palatable. He stated if we cannot hit some of these criteria that he has said, and he had no problem, potentially splitting these two approving the north end and leaving most of the bottom as I-1 zoning as it currently exists.

Member Smith agreed that there is a split between the north and south of this, the south end needs to take more consideration of the residents further south. He said he would like to see overall a stronger incentive to get LEED Certification and parking structures versus giant parking lots. He stated when you look at the aerial map of that you see Suburban Collection Showplace, and it is a giant parking lot, creating a lot of issues with runoff. He said he would like to see smaller parking lots in general. He said he was not sure, maybe Ms. Bell could answer on the Workforce Housing component of that, he was not sure what that was exactly. Ms. Bell explained that we do have a definition that is proposed in the text amendment and said could read that for you if you would like.

Member Smith said sure. Ms. Bell said Workforce Housing is a residential unit for sale or for rent with combined annual rent, rental costs, or combined annual mortgage loan debt service, property taxes and required insurance that do not exceed 30% of the gross annual income of a household earning between 60% and 140% of the area median income as defined annually by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. Member Smith thanked her for her explanation.

Member Smith said the other comment he had was regarding walkability. He agreed Grand River is not something you want to have people trying to cross. He said he saw in some of the material that was provided that making Grand River, doing traffic calming solutions, which he was not sure he would like to see a study how that impacts the other roads in the area. He said Grand River has a lot of traffic and if you slow that down, it is going to go somewhere. He stated that brought up the point he mentioned earlier, is that he would like to see this as how it works with the upcoming new Master Plan. He said it is a big piece of land and he wanted to see how that all works together. He thought if we could get some pedestrian bridges across Grand River, he would be in favor of that.

Member Casey said there are a couple of big issues that she would like to get a little more insight from staff on. First, as the previous speaker mentioned, travel on Grand River Avenue and the fact that it is a five-lane road, 50 miles an hour. She said we are talking about trying to put in a lot of people doing a lot of walking, can someone clue us into the conversations that were held with the County recently about some flexibility on their side and what that means. City Manager Cardenas said they had conversations with the Road Commission of Oakland County, who has oversight of that road would be who the City would have to get approval from for any kind of speed limit, or any kind of traffic calming measures He said they preliminarily were approached by staff regarding potentially mid-block crossings, and they were receptive of such calming measures as well. He said those are just preliminary communications with them about that. He said there is some leeway and some wiggle room with respect to those.

Member Casey thanked Mr. Cardenas for his explanation. She stated that this is one of those issues that she thought were going to want to move a little faster on instead of trying to wait and see how this starts to develop. She said she would really like to make sure that we are talking about what it is we would do and then have a real plan for what it would take because you know, right now we are talking about zoning, we do not have specific projects in front of us, this is not anything where we are responding to requests for development. She thought right now is the time for us to say, it is a couple of years, several years, many years, probably away from being fully built out. She said now is the time for us to start talking about what we want Grand River to be in this space so that we are not 50% built out and need to start figuring out what we want to do with Grand River. She wanted to encourage us as part of our planning to make sure that we are having forward moving conversations with the county that talk about what we expect to want to do these things, let us get some plans in place for what that would start to look like. She stated that would be her first recommendation.

Member Casey said secondly, she is going to move us on to the water system, because we did get a memo relating to the water system and pressure and what expected uses are going to be. She wondered if we could get a little bit of insight on infrastructure needs. She said once we get this district, assuming it passes, and everything happens, once this district starts getting built up, what kind of expectations do we have? What kind of timing are we talking about for some of the changes? DPW Director Herczeg thought we were talking about a couple different projects in the memo, one is the 8 Mile loop and the secondary one would be the City West improvements, which are some pumping stations, some other water main improvements that have been in the Master Plan on and off for years based on development. He said we are discussing the 8 Mile loop, and based on density, based on our usage, in year one of next year's budget, the other plans be implemented later. Member Casey thought that was helpful, because she thought that is also one of the things, we want to make sure we are thinking of before we get fully developed in the space, what we will need to plan for, because none of these are going to be small projects. Mr. Herczeg said they are decent sized projects.

Member Casey said she was going to talk about walkability and walkability is great when we run them on east west, but the means of getting people across Grand River, north, south. She said as much as we are talking to the county, about traffic calming, mid-block crossing, etc., she wanted to make sure that we are also considering and planning for if a pedestrian bridge is going to be the right means for us to get people across the street as well. She was going to tie all of those together. Moving on to residential, she thought, we are all saying very similar things up here as relates to the north, south is very different from the south side. She stated, much like some of the previous speakers she did go through the neighborhood over the weekend and really got a sense for how things are laid out. She thought that the berm that we have in place against the I-1 with the building that exists today on Heyn Drive was a nice look. She was concerned with a couple of different housing units on the corners of the curb on Mandalay Circle, for whom even a 100-foot setback is going to be problematic for them. She said she knew we have differences in opinions on the setback against residential. She said for her, the larger the better, so she did not think 100-foot is big enough, especially for those corner houses, they are going to have the strongest impact on both sides. She would like to see us look at the potential of a 200-foot setback. She agreed that having berms and trees, we have 80% opacity for the winter, which is a normal part of our requirements. She thought the berms in here she believed were a 10-foot berm plus the landscaping trees, so she asked Ms. Bell if she was correct. Ms. Bell replied were industrial abuts residential, it is 10 feet. Member Casey asked if we were keeping that same requirement in the CW. Ms. Bell said she would have to investigate it, it may be slightly different. Member Casey said she would encourage us to make sure that we are looking again at the tallest possible berm, otherwise she will start talking about the trees, and she did not want to get into that space at all.

Member Casey appreciated the perspective that Mayor Pro Tem Staudt raised as it relates to the woodlands and wetlands, there is a lot of great screening for the residents on the east side, that she would like us to be as firm as strong as we can be in what we can require from a woodlands protection because we have a strong Woodlands

Protection Ordinance. She said there are people who have different opinions about whether it is strong enough, but she thought in this instance, we want to do everything we can to keep as many of those trees as possible. She wanted to make sure that we put as much strength behind the requirements to keep as many of the trees as possible, and to keep as many of the regulated trees as possible, make sure we do that. She stated she would like to see it similar for the wetlands as well, because with the existing ordinance for wetlands, developers can and have requested to move wetlands and that has passed. She said whatever we can do to strengthen that.

Member Casey said her final comment for the evening was to thank City Attorney Schultz for his advice to us to have our first round of conversation and look to bring back changes in another first reading. She said she would have made the motion to postpone or table the first reading to get our chances for us to get this conversation out, because this has been a four-year process for many. She commented that she should have thanked City Staff and the Planning Commission, who did all the hard work, this is the first chance that we have had to look at this. She said this behooves us to give staff as much feedback as possible. She thought this would give them a reasonable amount of time to absorb that feedback, make their changes, make the recommendations before we even start talking about looking at first reading. She stated as much as she thought she heard earlier that we were going to see this again quickly this month, she was happy to have us have the conversation of the table to provide direction and give staff a chance to give us a more formalized first reading.

Member Thomas stated that a lot of what she cared about has already been brought up. She agreed with Member Casey on the setbacks. She knew there was going to be some disagreement about that, but she thought in some of those instances your home was very close to the line. She was not sure that 100 feet was sufficient. She thought that they needed that space available there. She said we mentioned that specific pond, that these natural features that people's homes abut, and they are necessary for not just keeping the wildlife there and having beautiful homes, but just keeping our nice neighborhood and our community vibrant. She said it was a bit of a concern when we talked about let's do everything, we could save one pond. She said she would like to make sure that every resident who is facing similar instances has those same benefits of having people fighting for those items. She didn't think that they should have to come to Council every time that they want to fight for those items. She mentioned this ordinance may not be the place for it because we have woodlands and we have wetland ordinances today, but often those are moved and changed. She thought perhaps that is something that we need to look at is strengthening the woodlands and wetlands ordinances to that people do not have to be in fear that these are too weak, and the properties that they are on that are protected properties are going to be so easily moved. She said, but again, we are talking about this property. She was in full agreement with the rest of the City Council on those ponds, and making sure that we did everything we could to try to keep those natural wetlands there in that place. She agreed with everyone. She agreed the north side of the street is not as much of a big deal, there are not many homes there, they are not going to be negatively impacted, you have a lot of it directly next to the expressway.

Member Thomas said she had one final thing regarding walkability. She did have concerns about the walkability of Grand River, she would not want to walk with her child down Grand River because of the traffic that is currently there. She thought that if you try to mitigate that traffic, the people must go somewhere, just means our roads are already overloaded, they are too small for the traffic that we have today, and it would make it difficult for everyone to get places, which is very frustrating. She noted that Grand River is one of the places where you can move quickly to get in and out of places. She wanted to make sure that whatever is by Grand River, that we have sufficient setbacks from Grand River and protection to keep people from getting injured on Grand River. She mentioned that as it is today, there should be no foot traffic on Grand River, it is problematic. She stated that trying to find ways however that is to mitigate that and whether it is having crosswalks going over the street, a way to make that safe, it just doesn't seem like a place that should be walked. She stated Grand River does not seem like a place where people should be walking, this is from the Master Plan from 2016. She said currently we are in the middle of having a Master Plan done, she felt like we should probably wait on the rezoning until the new Master Plan is complete, that was her perspective.

Mayor Gatt said he agreed with almost everything that was said up here. He reiterated that we as a Council had talked about hotels on the south side of Grand River Avenue and we rejected it then and we can reject it again. He said Grand River Avenue is a wicked Road, very difficult and very unsafe to cross on foot. He said cars, trucks, and semi-trucks are going 50 miles per hour and you know when the sun goes down, you cannot see. He said they talked about a pedestrian overpass he would like us to consider, or somebody consider a pedestrian underpass, something in the weather in Michigan, you know for four or five months out of the year, an overpass could be nasty walking up there, an underpass would be more conducive for handicapped people, conducive for older people and he thought safer.

Mayor Gatt mentioned the setbacks and that 100-feet and 200-feet were mentioned. He thought this was a resident driven issue and he did not know if one size would fit all. He thought maybe we could come up with something where somebody said about the corner houses, maybe 100 feet is not good for them, and might be good for others. She said it was something that he thought the staff should look at and come back with some options. He said three stories, four stories, if he lived on the south side, and somebody wanted to build a four or five story building, he would be very upset. He said he would like to keep it at three stories, somebody earlier mentioned four stories, maybe depending on where it is. He did want to reiterate also that it has been said more than once. Mayor Gatt noted this is not a Council driven issue. He said it is not a one businessman driven issue. He said a former council person was talking about how this is going to really help one person in the community and that we have already helped that person a lot. He stated that is just completely 100% untrue. He said this is something the planning people, the Master Plan people have come up with, and it has taken years and years, from there to here.

Member Fischer said he would like to give staff some opportunity to comment on the walkability, a lot of people have really gone after that as one of the fallacies of this plan that they may consider the four years of work because it is just not walkable. He said one counter he had to that is, why did the city spend probably a couple hundred thousand of dollars or a million dollars to put sidewalks all the way up and down Grand River Avenue between Taft and Beck, which we already have there, which he has walked on and he felt very safe doing the whole thing. He said it is really about the cross ability. He said he could imagine that if this district were to come to fruition, we probably would not just have one stoplight between Beck and Taft as well, maybe there would be a couple with crosswalks. He wanted to give you the opportunity to tell us a little about your vision of the walkability from a staff perspective. He said that is one thing that he thought has probably gotten an unfair shake, mostly on social media. He said he did not think the staff had an opportunity to comment on that, especially in relation to some of the comments he just made.

City Planner Bell thanked Member Fischer. She stated our vision would be that there are internal street networks that create the walkability, where you are walking from thing to thing, not along Grand River Avenue necessarily. She said we would like to see a crossing of Grand River. She knew that the 2016 Master Plan had a planned road here along the north side to kind of create a bit of a ring road. Member Fischer asked if that was where the cement plant is. Ms. Bell said the City Gate Road that comes up between Starbucks and the Tim Hortons, that would continue further east and then down and meet up with Grand River, so possibly a stoplight there. She stated that obviously, involvement with the Road Commission for Oakland County (RCOC). She said that might be where the future connection could be for both pedestrians and cars, but really, it is the internal street networks that we are seeing as more the walkable pedestrian focused areas.

Member Fischer said he thought some of the intentions underlying all of this, there are some good intentions there between the walkability of those things. He thought that either marketing or promoting a little more of the idea of the internal not necessarily the crossing, is the walkable element within those different parcels. He said he thought maybe concrete plans, he believed that this just might help tell the story of what is taking place. He thought staff has gotten an unfair shake on some of the walkability comment.

Member Crawford mentioned the setbacks, he would love to see 100, 200, or 500-foot setbacks when it is next to residential. However, he said that is not always practical, nor is it fair to the property owners who own property north of the residential subdivisions. He said he would like to see some sort of recommendation for berms, landscaping, whatever allows those properties north of the residential to be able to develop, we cannot take up a third or half of their property. He said he did not know which parcels they were, and he did not know how far they went. He said we need to address that and not penalize them with 100-foot or 200-foot setback. He believed there were other alternatives. He said it is important that they are not taken out of the picture with kind of development.

Mayor Pro Tem Staudt said he started this with a discussion of some of the issues and we have hashed it out. He hoped the residents had seen that. He said this is a Council, it

came prepared, we have done our research, we read all the correspondence, he got some correspondence today that was sent to the Planning Commission from an attorney from a Homeowner's Association. He said they read everything, they listen to everyone, but we talk on the record. He said sometimes that is a difficult thing to understand about government, but we certainly have empathy for your issues, but we have empathy for the people who own the property. He said we are trying to find a nice balance, something that is fair. He thought they had a robust and excellent conversation.

Mayor Gatt asked City Manager Cardenas if he was prepared to bring this back with a new first reading soon. Mr. Cardenas replied yes.

2. Consideration of Zoning Map Amendment 18.741 to rezone approximately 250 acres of property located north and south of Grand River Avenue, east of Beck Road and west of Taft Road, from B-3 General Business, I-1 Light Industrial, RA Residential Acreage, OS-1 Office Service, and OST Office Service Technology to CW City West District. FIRST READING

POSTPONED

CM 23-07-088

Moved by Staudt, seconded by Crawford; CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY

To postpone the approval of Zoning Map Amendment 18.741 to rezone approximately 250 acres of property located north and south of Grand River Avenue, east of Beck Road and west of Taft Road, from B-3 General Business, I-1 Light Industrial, RA Residential Acreage, OS-1 Office Service, and OST Office Service Technology to CW City West District. FIRST READING

Roll call vote on CM 23-07-088

**Yeas: Crawford, Fischer, Smith, Thomas, Gatt,
Staudt, Casey**

Nays: None

3. Consideration of Approval of Change Order No. 1 to Mattioli Cement Company, Inc. for the 2023 Neighborhood Road Program – Concrete Streets in the amount of \$337,104.25.

CM 23-07-089

Moved by Crawford, seconded by Casey; CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY

Approval of Change Order No. 1 to Mattioli Cement Company, Inc. for the 2023 Neighborhood Road Program – Concrete Streets in the amount of \$337,104.25.

Roll call vote on CM 23-07-089

**Yeas: Fischer, Smith, Thomas, Gatt, Staudt,
Casey, Crawford,**

Nays: None

4. Consideration of Approval of Change Order No. 1 to Cadillac Asphalt, LLC for the reconstruction of the eastern 500-feet of Drakes Bay Drive as part of the 2023 Industrial Roads Rehabilitation Program in the amount of \$386,927.26.

City Manager Cardenas said this is just the first 500 feet from the Drakes Bay Wixom Road intersection. This is purely a reconstruction of those 500 feet. He said we will come back to Council at the next meeting for more rehab and maintenance work for the rest of Island Lake.

CM 23-07-090 Moved by Smith, seconded by Casey; CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY

Approval of Change Order No. 1 to Cadillac Asphalt, LLC for the reconstruction of the eastern 500-feet of Drakes Bay Drive as part of the 2023 Industrial Roads Rehabilitation program in the amount of \$386,927.26.

Roll call vote on CM 23-07-090

**Yeas: Smith, Thomas, Gatt, Staudt, Casey,
Crawford, Fischer
Nays: None**

5. Approval to approve the Purchase Agreement for property on the east side of Meadowbrook Road, north of Ten Mile Road, approximately 4.51 acres, Parcel No. 22-24-301-013, in the amount of \$295,000, plus closing and other related costs, to amend the budget, and to direct the City Manager and City Attorney to take such action as is required to close on such purchase.

City Manager Cardenas reminded City Council that this will be coming out of a Tree Fund as this property is intended for preservation of the woodlands that are currently located there.

CM 23-07-091 Moved by Smith, seconded by Casey; CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY

Approval of the Purchase Agreement for property on the east side of Meadowbrook Road, north of Ten Mile Road, approximately 4.51 acres, Parcel No. 22-24-301-013, in the amount of \$295,000, plus closing and other related costs, to amend the budget, and to direct the City Manager and City Attorney to take such action as is required to close on such purchase.

Mayor Pro Tem Staudt commented on one of the mantras we hear all the time is, if we want to protect it, then we should buy it. He said that is exactly what we are doing. He said this is something that we have done to the city quietly over the years. He stated this was a request, honestly by one of the Homeowner associations. He thought this is a perfect example of how the City Council reacts to these situations.

**EXCERPT FROM THE
CITY COUNCIL
MEETING MINUTES
MAY 6, 2024**

**REGULAR MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF NOVI
MONDAY, MAY 6, 2024, AT 7:00 P.M.**

Mayor Fischer called the meeting to order at 7:00 P.M.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

ROLL CALL: Mayor Fischer, Mayor Pro Tem Casey, Council Members Gurumurthy, Heintz, Smith, Staudt, Thomas

ALSO PRESENT: Victor Cardenas, City Manager
Tom Schultz, City Attorney

APPROVAL OF AGENDA:

CM 24-05-56 Moved by Casey, seconded by Smith; MOTION CARRIED: 7-0

To approve the agenda as presented

Roll call vote on CM 24-05-56 **Yeas: Casey, Gurumurthy, Heintz, Smith, Staudt, Thomas, Fischer**
Nays: None

PUBLIC HEARINGS:

1. FY 2024-25 Budget and 2024 Millage Rates

The public hearing opened at 7:01 p.m. and closed at 7:02 p.m. with no public comment.

PRESENTATIONS: None

CITY MANAGER REPORT:

City Manager Cardenas reminded the Council that this week kicks off Public Services Recognition week and wanted to thank all the women and men that make up the fantastic staff for the City of Novi and that a whole week of activities are planned for them. Mr. Cardenas concluded by asking if Council members come across one of the City's employees, to please share their appreciation for everything they do every day of the week.

ATTORNEY REPORT: None

AUDIENCE COMMENTS:

Mr. Khurram Abbas, a resident of Asbury Park, stated his concern about how his neighborhood is impacted by its proximity to the south side of the City West proposal. He was deeply concerned about the rise of dense residential and rental units popping up over the city since May last year. He stated that many concerned Novi residents showed up at the Planning Commission meeting and voiced their concerns in person and email. He felt that it was safe to say the residents of Novi do not look favorably towards City

West as there were concerns about the infrastructure, particularly the roads. One of the members of the Planning Commission commented that the neighborhood's traffic was only due to construction. Mr. Abbas wanted to remind the Planning Commission members that construction in Michigan is the norm and will continue to be as such. He continued that sometimes it takes an exorbitant amount of time just to get out of Novi because of the traffic in the city alone. All the development associated with City West would make it worse than it presently is, and Novi would not be a desirable place to live anymore. Adding dense residential units would also put many more students in the school district, particularly Parkview Elementary. This increase in the student to teacher ratio will jeopardize the quality of the school district. It also takes a toll on the serene woodlands and wetlands around the area. Speaking as a Novi resident, Mr. Abbas feels the best course of action is to vote for the third option and leave the south side of Grand River from the City West proposal to minimize the impact of overdevelopment. Mr. Abbas then spoke as a resident of Asbury Park as well as a member of the HOA and stated that he lives on the south side of the subdivision and represents many homeowners up north whose properties are abutting City West south. He expressed that his neighborhood has one dense residential complex known as Central Park Estates on the northeast side of the subdivision. Recently the Planning Commission approved another apartment complex known as Central Park South which would be located on the east. Although this is not part of the City West proposal, he wanted to point this out because similar developments from the same developer are proposed on the northeast and the northwest side of his subdivision in the form of City West. Many residents showed up at the City Council meeting in July of last year and the City Council at the time sent the proposal back to the drawing board to try and address some of the concerns that residents had. Mr. Abbas expressed his appreciation for the Council and City staff for looking at this and proposing improvements. Unfortunately, he found out about this on Friday, and it didn't give them a lot of time to do a charter review and reach out to the homeowners. In the last City Council meeting, Member Casey mentioned that even a 100-foot setback might not be enough, and she wanted to see if they could accommodate a 200-foot setback. It was noted that the new setback for the parking area now stands at 75 feet instead of the originally proposed 50 feet, but Mr. Abbas did not feel like that is enough. If the City Council wants to proceed with this proposal on the south side of the city, then the Asbury Park homeowners request that the setbacks are increased to ensure that the homeowners in the North of the subdivision are not adversely impacted.

David Landry, 45471 Kimberly Court wanted to address the Council on meeting items four and five for City West. He represents the owners of the property on the southeast corner of Grand River and Beck, the Joanne Ward Trust, that is currently zoned B-3. He urged the City Council to follow the recommendation of the administration and suggested if the Council adopts City West, to exclude the southeast corner when it comes to item five. The whole corner is currently zoned commercial where the southwest corner is a hospital zoned OSC, the northwest corner is the large Home Depot zoned B-2, and the northeast corner is a bank zoned OST. It only makes sense that the entire corner be commercial because that's the way it's been forever and Mr. Landry thinks that is the better way to do it because City West envisions taking properties, buildings right up to the road and increasing height. If you do that, it's going to be a lopsided vision. He further stated that

it is easier to have all three corners as commercial corners. He suggested and urged the City Council that if City West is adopted, when it comes to item five, just apply it to the north side of Grand River and not the south side. He thinks it would solve several concerns. Number one would eliminate the cross-ability issue with pedestrians trying to cross Grand River. Also solved would be the adjacency issues from the folks who live on 11 Mile Road. This would give the City Council much control over how the south side develops. If the Council adopts the ordinance and it works on the north side, then developers on the south side are going to come and ask to rezone their parcels to City West because they want the density and the other benefits. If it comes to the Council within a rezoning request, that gives the Council the authority to decide exactly what is going to happen, the setbacks and things of that nature. Mr. Landry urged the Council not to include the southeast corner but apply it to the north side of Grand River only.

CONSENT AGENDA REMOVALS AND APPROVALS:

CM 24-05-57 Moved by Thomas, seconded by Casey; MOTION CARRIED: 7-0

To approve the Consent Agenda as presented.

- A. Approve Minutes of:
 - April 17, 2024 - Special Meeting
 - April 22, 2024 - Regular Meeting
- B. Adoption of Resolution seeking reimbursement from Oakland County for expenses associated with the City of Novi's annual Mosquito Control Program.
- C. Approval of Resolution Amending Annual Assessment for Special Assessment District 108-C Town Center Street Lighting Fund.
- D. Approval of Resolution Amending Annual Assessment for Special Assessment District 109-C West Oaks Area Street Lighting Fund.
- E. Consideration of approval of Resolution Regarding Second Amendment to Sublease Agreement and Memorandum of Amendment for Ice Arena Wireless Communications Tower.
- F. Approval of claims and warrants – Warrant 1155

Roll call vote on CM 24-05-57

**Yeas: Gulumurthy, Heintz, Smith, Staudt,
Thomas, Fischer, Casey**
Nays: None

3. Consideration to adopt Resolutions Regarding Sunsetting of the Recreation Center Committee, the Municipal Broadband Committee, and the Roads Committee, in accordance with the recommendations of the City Council Rules Committee.

City Manager Cardenas started by saying that this is a direct result of the action and recommendation of the Council Rules Committee and that some of these committees are being absorbed by new committees that were just formed. He followed by saying that this is the procedure to sunset what was previously on the books and actions have already been taken to have some of these committees absorbed into new ones.

Mayor Pro Tem Casey thanked all the committee members who served on these three committees for the time and effort that they put into the work that those committees did.

CM 24-05-60 Moved by Casey, seconded by Thomas: MOTION CARRIED: 7-0

Adoption of Resolutions Regarding Sunsetting of the Recreation Center Committee, the Municipal Broadband Committee, and the Roads Committee, in accordance with the recommendations of the City Council Rules Committee

Roll call vote on CM 24-05-60

**Yeas: Staudt, Thomas, Fischer, Casey,
Gurumurthy, Heintz, Smith
Nays: None**

4. Consideration of Zoning Ordinance Text Amendment 18.296 to establish the new City West zoning district, along with associated ordinance changes to reference the new district, and to amend text related to the EXO District, to reflect an underlying zoning of City West. FIRST READING

City Manager Cardenas conducted a brief presentation outlining where we have been and where we are at this point. He stated that this is theoretically the second first reading as this was brought back to the Council from when it was initially brought up last summer. This is a direct result from the work was developed in the 2016 Master Plan, for the land use update. This is one of three districts with the two others being the Pavilion Shore Village near Walled Lake and what is now Sakura Novi. This is City West which was then recommended in 2016. The City West Ordinance was drafted by the planning staff with input from the City Attorney's office and the Planning Commission Implementation Committee. As shared before, this is the City West area, that is from Beck to Taft Road, north and south. The current zoning is RA, OST Industrial, and EXO. This is all under consideration to be rezoned and to be incorporated into the City West zoning area which is the current zoning for what is currently on the books. Since July 10, 2023, there have been several revisions per the Council's initial input on this matter. For example, the setbacks from single family residential has been revised. No buildings, either residential or non-residential, can be built within 100 feet of a single-family zoning district. It was acknowledged that the heights were a concern. City Manager Cardenas showed a map

that incorporated the sizes of the buildings, setbacks for residential and how determining how large those can be. This map exhibited several buffered areas around the City West District. The first buffer, in green, indicates a 100-foot buffer from single family residential with no buildings permitted within this buffer. The second buffer, in red, indicates a 200-foot buffer from single-residential and a height limited to a maximum 35 feet. The last buffer, in yellow, indicates a 300-foot buffer from single-family residential and a building height limited to 45 feet and buildings are not eligible for bonus height consideration. The City Manager stated that he wanted to provide some similarities of what those heights resemble in terms of recent recommendations or approvals that the Council has considered. Huntley Manor, which is on Grand River just east of City West and closer to Meadowbrook, has buildings at 28 feet and the Gateway Townhomes on the north side of Grand River and west of Meadowbrook Road are at 30 feet. The Griffin Novi Townhomes, which are off Haggerty, have a height of 37 feet and the clubhouse of that facility is at 40 feet. These building heights reflect buildings that are three to four stories, getting into the 40 feet range. The townhomes on Main Street, which is at the southeast corner of Grand River and Novi Road are at around 40 feet. Station Flats, which was denied by City Council is around 55 feet, again at the four-story area, giving a perspective of how tall these buildings are and what is being recommended in terms of how far they are from the current residential zoning. The City Manager gave a reminder that the hotel was removed from the south side of Grand River. He also stated that tons of environmental protections have been implemented and clarified in what was presented before the Council now. Next, indicated on a presentation slide, the horseshoe shaped neighborhood of Asbury Park, giving the perspective of how deep the residential lots are. Next slide looks west to east with the south on the left showing deep lots the farther you go east. The following slide looks west to east from the Beck and Grand River intersection where in the northeast corner, behind the USA to Go and the Starbucks, is where a lot of that north side development would be concentrated and to the east is Central Park Estates and the B-3 section, which was referenced earlier in public comment. City Manager Cardenas called attention to Asbury Park, where industrial currently is and the current industrial zoning only requires a 100-foot setback. The subsequent slide shows the view of a facility north of Asbury Park looking west to east and then an additional image showing an offset to that facility with a setback just over a hundred feet that is close to the property lines in Asbury Park. City Manager Cardenas recapped that as shown earlier, the taller the buildings are, the farther the setbacks are so that we're giving enough space to provide the gap between residential and mixed use as were being proposed. Finally, provided was a slide showing City West uses not allowed under I-1 zoning and uses not permitted in City West. This outlines the differences in uses that are being recommended as amended from the July meeting. Planning staff as well as Mr. Schultz were available to answer questions.

Mayor Fischer clarified that item four is to create the ordinance to establish the district and item five is to discuss whether to rezone the north side, the south side and/or both.

Member Staudt requested clarification that the recommended action is the approval of the zoning map and at the end of that, an option is required. City Attorney Schultz

clarified that at the end of creating the ordinance, one of the options will need to be picked.

Member Staudt stated that this had been a long process and that he still had concerns and questions but since the opportunities that the City Council would have to hear about projects as they come up and have some input made him feel better. He continued to say that he had spent many years listening to Mayor Landry and that his comments convinced him that the direction to go is to stay with just the north side and at some future point revisit the south side.

CM 24-05-61 Moved by Staudt, seconded by Fischer: MOTION CARRIED: 7-0

Approval of Zoning Ordinance Text Amendment 18.296 in order to establish the City West zoning district, along with associated ordinance changes to reference the new district, and to amend text related to the EXO District, to reflect an underlying zoning of City West, as described in option 2, subject to any modifications as determined necessary by the City Manager and City Attorney's office before consideration of Second Reading, for the reasons provided below. FIRST READING

Mayor Pro Tem Casey thanked staff for the work it took to create a memo that tried to educate and clarify. Mayor Pro Tem Casey stated it took a lot of time to make the memo clear for everybody reading it and commended staff for hearing the feedback the City Council related to in as much care and protection that could be put into the environment. Much in the memo was highlighted in yellow for the Council to pay attention to and for what was being recommended and even with additional environmental protection of the woodlands and wetlands, there would be a bonus height. It was a creative way to look at trying to protect the environment. Some clarification was needed regarding parking and what is the setback required since the intent is that buildings are going to be as close to Grand River as possible, making the parking in the rear of buildings in some or many cases. Ms. Bell stated the setback is 75 feet and that it requires either a berm or wall to provide an additional buffer for the shielding of headlights. Mayor Pro Tem Casey asked if it was possible to extend the setback to a hundred feet and Ms. Bell stated that it was. It was then requested that it be considered that a hundred feet pretty solid between residential for both parking and buildings and then as the building height increases, the setback will also increase. It was asked of Ms. Bell to talk about what the requirements are for a berm and reiterated that it is only for the south side for now. Ms. Bell stated that the landscaping ordinance deals with buffering between single family and multiple family districts and other types of districts like the industrial district adjacent to residential and that there are all kinds of different standards for berm heights but that is already in the ordinance but believed that a few more notes about landscaping had been added that address greenbelts and some of the additional landscaping requirements that are specific to this district. Mayor Pro Tem Casey noted that generally one should expect that there will be strong buffering between the residential and whatever is going to be in the City West on the south side.

Ms. Bell followed by saying that we still want to be careful about the natural features that are already existing so like what has been done in the Town Center district where it's more permissive for walls and things like that which provide screening instead of a berm which require tree clearing and grading and can take up a lot of area that could be saved for wetlands and woodlands. The Mayor Pro Tem Casey thanked Ms. Bell for predicting that she would inquire about that as it is the intent to protect as much that can be within ordinances and laws so that there is flexibility for wetlands and woodlands to stay and not be torn down to build a berm. The next question asked by the Mayor Pro Tem related to Grand River and stated that during a conversation last June, she was firm in wanting to have significant conversations with the Road Commission for Oakland County and have a strong in-depth understanding of knowing what choices the County could agree to and then the Council could determine which of those choices makes sense based on how things lay out. It was requested that Ms. Bell address what conversations have been with the ROCC from the perspective of how Grand River might need to be reformed in that district. Ms. Bell said there haven't been many detailed conversations with the ROCC yet but had asked them about options for a pedestrian crossing, like a bridge, and that they were open to that. Ms. Bell thinks if this moves forward and the district is established, then the ROCC would have more substantial information. Mayor Pro Tem Casey wanted to note that it is something she is still focused on and hopes that the newly formed Mobility Committee will continue to ask questions and keep an eye on how those conversations are going. The third question asked by Mayor Pro Tem Casey was, what role does the City Council have in approving developments in City West, both north and south, assuming the ordinance passes first reading? Does it come early like seen in the PRO or in total? Ms. Bell responded by saying that at the baseline level of development, she is sure they've left that with the Planning Commission as a standard site plan development project and for the MDO option, they would need to come to City Council after a public hearing at the Planning Commission which is more like a PRO kind of process but it doesn't involve rezoning its projects that are of mixed use or a stand-alone residential project because the residential can only be done if it's under the mixed use development option as that would come to the Council as a site plan approval if the land was already zoned City West.

Member Smith commented that overall, he thinks it looks good and will make that area of Novi improve a lot. He remembers when he was driving through Novi before he lived here, going down Grand River. Member Smith stated that he is glad to hear that a pedestrian bridge over Grand River would be considered and that his vision for something like this would be something like the brew pub that just opened on the north side of Grand River and people in Asbury Park can walk to it instead of getting in their car. He also stated that he is glad that there will be a chance to talk more about what gets into the south side. He said option 2 is appropriate so people south of there are not adversely impacted. Member Smith then asked Ms. Bell if there is bonus height for a building, say going from two to three stories and maintaining the same footprint, capacity has increased by 50%. What happens with parking? If a building gets a bonus floor for preserving green space, is that lost because a bigger parking lot is needed? Ms. Bell responded by saying that we'd need to look at section five of the ordinance, to see what parking was required but usually with additional square footage comes the additional

need for parking. She continued by saying that some of it would be needed unless there was some kind of structured parking or underground parking but for the most part there is going to be additional parking but that there is some flexibility. With a mix of uses, if you can show that those uses would have different demand patterns, a parking study analysis could be done to show how parking could be shared, to bring down the required parking numbers.

Member Thomas reiterated that she appreciated the amount of work that Planning did, and that they listened to what the Council was saying. She stated that the idea is to build a vibrant, walkable area that is of mixed use. Member Thomas asked what if all of the development proposals were for housing. Ms. Bell answered no, to do housing it has to be at the mixed development level and that is not a principal permitted use in the text that has been written so it can only come under the mixed-use development option which automatically comes to the City Council.

Member Heintz then asked if the current direction is option two, rezoning only the north side at this time, did it mean that there was a timeline that would be in place before the Council needed to decide about the south side? Ms. Bell answered no. City Attorney Schultz said the text would be there for if and when people came in to take advantage of the map amendment. Member Heintz stated that overall, it seems like a great option to start with the north side and that talking with residents in the area, being mindful of green space, woodland and wetlands, the Council wants to be careful when planning the south side.

Member Gurumurthy thanked the Planning staff for all their work based on feedback that was provided last year for the updates, especially with district requirements between the north and south side. She noticed that the natural resources and features were put as a separate line item when looking at the MDO. She continued with wanting to keep a focus on the pedestrians and bicyclists and that when looking at the active mobility plan, there were detailed study and analysis that were done regarding signage, guard rails, bike lanes, street lighting and even a high visibility crosswalk crossing. Member Gurumurthy would like to include integration of pedestrian and bicycle safety measures outlined in the active mobility plan, so this is looked at as one of the focused criteria in the MDOs. She commented that she is also supportive of the north side and then waiting on the south side.

Mayor Fischer thanked the entire planning team for all the information as it was laid out from last year, previous memos and this entire packet and that they did an amazing job in laying it out in a way that is easy to read the maps with the setbacks, showing what is being done to make sure that the higher buildings are pushed away from existing residential. He thanked City Manager Cardenas for communicating throughout and giving ample time to consider all this information. The mayor addressed the building heights and bonus floors with the understanding that to get bonus floors above the maximum five floors allowed on the north side, a bonus floor can be added by adding 15% workforce housing, providing LEED certification, having underground parking. He thinks those are the types of things that need to be considered not just in the City West

ordinance but even in other development ordinances. He further commented that he would like to give potentially two bonus floors for a platinum LEED certification and would like to see the Council be more flexible on how many floors would be bonus floors in the second reading. The mayor stated that he came into this expecting to support option one and thinks that if we go through and we have an ordinance on the books and a district on the book that explicitly calls out different sections in the city, to not do the rezoning all at once is kind of piecemeal and sets up for a situation where the city will have I-1 use next to City West use next to I-1 use. He implored his colleagues to think about what that means and gave the example of an auto repair shop or manufacturing shop coming in and there is nothing that could be done if the area has not been rezoned from I-1. Mayor Fischer further stated that if the corridor is to be cohesive, that he strongly thinks the Council should consider doing both rezonings.

Member Staudt asked if the B-3 located at the corner could be excluded in this ordinance because it is carrying forward all the things in the ordinance that are both south and north side. City Attorney Schultz answered yes, and that the way option one is written the Council would be adopting the text right now and that does not have anything to do with B-3 as the matching option one for the next agenda item on the map does exclude the B-3. Member Staudt confirmed that since option two has already been picked, then the next item must also be option two as they are a matched pair. Member Staudt asked if in the language of the ordinance, could the B-3 property be excluded at this point. City Attorney Schultz stated that it's not in the language of ordinance at this point and for the next item, only option two can be picked and that would only do the north side so B-3 on the south side wouldn't get rezoned. City Attorney Schultz followed by saying that if option one had been chosen now, then option one could be chosen for the next item and that would allow the B-3 parcel to be excluded.

Roll call vote on CM 24-05-61

**Yeas: Thomas, Fischer, Casey, Gurumurthy,
Heintz, Smith, Staudt**

Nays: None

5. Consideration of Zoning Map Amendment 18.741 to rezone up to approximately 250 acres of property located north and south of Grand River Avenue, east of Beck Road and west of Taft Road, from Light Industrial, Residential Acreage, Office Service and Office Service Technology to City West District. FIRST READING

City Manager Cardenas started by stating that this item is the map portion of which the text portion was just discussed and the corresponding motion for the map would lead to option two.

CM 24-05-62 Moved by Staudt, seconded by Casey: MOTION CARRIED: 7-0

Approval of Zoning Map Amendment 18.741 to rezone up to approximately 250 acres of property located north and south of Grand River Avenue, east of Beck Road and west of Taft Road, from I-1 Light Industrial, RA Residential Acreage, OS-1 Office Service, and

OST Office Service Technology (excluding the B-3, General Business properties at the southeast corner of Beck and Grand River Avenue), to CW City West District AS DESCRIBED IN OPTION 2 for the reasons provided below. FIRST READING

Option 2: Rezone only the north side of Grand River Avenue between Beck Road and Taft Road at this time consisting of approximately 144 acres of land to the City West District. This option would leave the potential for the south side to be rezoned at some point in the future without having to fully amend the draft City West zoning ordinance. In the meantime, the south side of Grand River Avenue would remain zoned primarily Light Industrial, and any new development proposed would need to meet the I-1, Light Industrial District standards (or RA or B-3, in the case of two properties near the southeast corner of Grand River and Beck). This would also leave open the option for a developer to request a rezoning of the land on the south side of Grand River to City West if that district is needed to support a particular development.

Mayor Pro Tem Casey inquired if the Council is making the zoning map change the minute the vote happens, assuming it passes, or is it tied to when the second reading for the ordinance is approved? City Attorney Schultz replied that they are tied together. Mayor Pro Tem Casey stated to be clear, that based on previous conversations, the language in what's in option two clearly says that the south side will remain as is, zoned light industrial, RA or B-3, as in the case of the two properties, and that hopefully alleviates the concern raised moments ago.

Mayor Fischer reiterated that he thought option one is the more appropriate option and again, if the Council thinks it's the right zoning, it should be moved to the south side. With that being said, he does agree with the audience comment participant who said that the B-3 should be left as is but would implore that we move to the south side sooner rather than later to make sure that some of those uses just outlined in I-1 do not end up there to our detriment.

Roll call vote on CM 24-05-62

**Yeas: Fischer, Casey, Gurumurthy, Heintz,
Smith, Staudt, Thomas,
Nays: None**

6. Approval of Resolution for 2024 Millage Rates

City Manager Cardenas commented that this is the final step in the budget process and that there had been consideration with the budget sessions, the public hearing that was earlier tonight and now is the formal resolution to adopt the millage rates. He continued to say that nothing has changed in the last two years for millage rates, no increase in taxes, so this is the annual procedure that is required by this date and the Budget Act.

CM 24-05-63 Moved by Smith, seconded by Gurumurthy: MOTION CARRIED: 7-0

Approval of Resolution for 2024 Millage Rates

Roll call vote on CM 24-05-63

**Yeas: Casey, Gurumurthy, Heintz, Smith, Staudt,
Thomas, Fischer**

Nays: None

7. Approval of Resolution for Fiscal-Year 2024-2025 Budget and Acknowledging the Multi-Year Budget, Including Projections of Future Fiscal-Years 2025-2026 and 2026-2027.

City Manager Cardenas said this was the final step in the process in adopting the resolution for next year's fiscal budget that has been considered, proposed and presented to the Council and even though future years are being acknowledged, next year's budget is what is being approved.

CM 24-05-64 Moved by Smith, seconded by Casey: MOTION CARRIED: 7-0

Approval of Resolution for Fiscal-Year 2024-2025 Budget and Acknowledging the Multi- Year Budget, Including Projects of Future Fiscal-Years 20252026 and 2026-2027.

Roll call vote on CM 24-05-64

**Yeas: Gurumurthy, Heintz, Smith, Staudt,
Thomas, Fischer, Casey**

Nays: None

8. Consideration of recommendation from the Older Adults Needs Committee to support funding for free transportation within the PEX service area for all riders 55+ and all residents experiencing a limiting disability who are unable to drive.

City Manager Cardenas noted that this is a reaction to the decision made at the last meeting when the Older Adults Needs Committee came and clarified a recommendation to City Council, which is expanding the fee list rate and ridership for everyone over 55 and all residents experiencing limited disability.

Mayor Pro Tem Casey acknowledged the recommendation coming from the Older Needs Committee and appreciates the conversation with the Council. The recommendation is to expand their initial decision from the last meeting.

CM 24-05-65 Moved by Casey, seconded by Smith: MOTION CARRIED: 7-0

Approval of recommendation from the Older Adults Needs Committee to support funding for free transportation within the PEX service area for all riders 55+ and all residents experiencing a limiting disability who are unable to drive.

Member Heintz requested clarification on what the goal is, to help older adults with potentially some of which would be in financial need or just providing a free service to everyone that is 55 and up. Member Heintz further said he was all about trying to provide services and resources to the residents but thought it is important to ask if there is a need for an entire group or basically try to provide assistance if there is a financial need and wondered if there was a way to assess if there is a higher proportion of individuals that have financial need compared to individuals that are less than 55. City Manager Cardenas stated that the City has not been tracking the usage of anyone 55 and over without disabilities and it has not been tracked for years because it has been free. He further stated that there is some data with respect to people that have used the service that require some kind of a device, either a wheelchair or scooter, but that does not really take into account everyone without a disability. He continued to say that there has been no financial impact in terms of our population that needs financial support so unfortunately there has not been time to crunch or gather some kind of assembly of knowledge to present with confidence of the absolute need. Member Heintz did a quick Google search which indicated the over 65 group had a higher mean income in Novi compared to the under 25 so if the City is providing a free service for those individuals that are above a certain age, then he thinks it is important for the Council to consider what the goal was. Member Heintz closed by saying that the Council should consider a further discussion later to see if the right goals are being met.

Member Thomas commented that some things that she considered when working with older adults is who needs the free rides, and her thought process is that people who cannot drive themselves, and that we want to make sure that our older adults, our citizens, can get to their doctor's appointments. Member Thomas then spoke about her personal experience with her mother who needed to get dialysis and the difficulties of getting her mother, who has a scooter, back and forth. She also said that when a person is retired, their income typically drops and that is a concern, so when she is looking at this it is important to make sure that everyone who needs medical care gets the care, if people cannot get themselves around, we make sure they get themselves around, or if people cannot drive or maybe should not be driving, they can get help. Member Thomas said she thinks a lot of 55 years olds would not want to be called seniors, but she would rather overshoot than miss people who need help.

Member Staudt noted that it was disappointing the last time Council voted on this, taking services that were being provided by the city and adding a cost to them, so he is pleased this is being addressed again. He stated that as long as he has been serving, there has been a city run senior transportation system that has been well managed and provided a service long before many communities were, allowing people to go to City Hall, the library, to vote and do things that were critical to their life, at no cost. He is pleased that the City is going to continue to provide that service to our seniors and those who are disabled at no cost.

Member Gurumurthy commented that she had been talking to different diverse community members, especially in this age group, and her understanding is the main use

of this transportation is mainly for medical purposes. She stated she was happy about this because it matches with the current City of Novi transportation.

Member Smith then mentioned that he thinks this is a good start but thinks the Council should look at people who are younger and either cannot or should not be driving. He further stated that he thinks it is a great platform for the new Mobility Committee and hopefully that gets looked at.

Mayor Fischer said that he was happy to have this back before the council and appreciates the Older Adults Needs Committee taking another look. He added that a promise was made years ago to people 55 plus to provide this service at no cost and just because changes are made to who is driving, who is providing the service, the free service should not be taken away. He said that he thought the Council sounded like they were going to get behind continuing this for our seniors and he thinks that is a great accomplishment for them to all be proud of. He further stated that as the Council gets more information on ridership, they can discuss looking at under 55 on an income needs basis or hardship where they can apply for a subsidy through the city. The mayor would like to see the program start on July 1st with PEX and would like to get data on who is using it and have a further discussion if they discover people who are missing out on rides because of a hardship with their income. The mayor commented that based on current ridership, extended hours, and expanded rout area he expected an increase in costs and confirmed with City Manager Cardenas what the budget is for senior transit and if he was comfortable with the increase since it would be contained within the budget and the City Manager replied yes.

Member Smith requested clarification that the motion included within the PEX boundaries was free rides in which Mayor Fischer stated that was correct.

Roll call vote on CM 24-05-65

**Yeas: Heintz, Smith, Staudt, Thomas, Fischer,
Casey, Gurumurthy**

Nays: None

CONSENT AGENDA REMOVALS: None

AUDIENCE COMMENT:

Khurram Abbas of Asbury Park thanked the Council as well as City staff for the discussions about City West, including staff that had reached out to talk to the residents and to those who came and looked at the actual area. Mr. Abbas stated that the proposed amendment to change the parking setback from 50 feet to 75 feet was better but expressed concern about what would happen to those residential protections under option two. Mr. Abbas commented that he was in favor of light industrial and that if Council spoke to the houses up north, they would hear that industrial is the best use over there. Mr. Abbas noted that he thought option two is better than option one with the understanding that the proposed protections stay in the literature. Aside from City West, Mr. Abbas, being in telecommunications, wanted to propose that the broadband

committee be reformed since there is only one broadband provider where he lives and feels there are dismal options. Mayor Fischer asked that the City Manager follow up with Mr. Abbas regarding the ramifications of the discussion and the new utilities committee to subsidize any broadband questions.

COMMITTEE REPORTS:

1. Older Adult Needs Committee

Mayor Pro Tem Casey noted that the committee met last week, and they did look at a couple of major sections in the final report. The next meeting is on May 20th.

2. Ordinance Review Committee

Mayor Fischer stated that the committee did meet this evening to talk about a couple of different items including a potential fireworks ordinance. Also discussed was the overlay option that Mayor Pro Tem Casey referred to the committee.

3. PRCS Grant Citizen Advisory Committee

Member Thomas stated that the committee met a couple of weeks ago to discuss the possibility of adding improvements to Lakeshore Park and possibly coming up with a proposal to pursue grant money.

4. Consultant Review Committee

Member Staudt stated that the committee met this evening and discussed moving forward on projects related to public safety and talked about potential owner representatives and what the next steps are. The committee will also meet again soon to talk about a potential RFQ as well as the prosecutor's contract and making amendments to that.

MAYOR AND COUNCIL ISSUES: None

COMMUNICATIONS: None

ADJOURNMENT – There being no further business to come before Council, the meeting was adjourned at 8:15 P.M.

Cortney Hanson, City Clerk

Justin Fischer, Mayor

Transcribed by Becky Dockery,
Account Clerk

Date approved: May 20, 2024

**EXCERPT FROM THE
PLANNING COMMISSION
MEETING MINUTES
OCTOBER 16, 2024**

guidelines and standards to enforce, and then make a motion to do that.

Seeing no one else, Chair Pehrson requested Member Lynch read the correspondence received on the matter. There were two objections received, one from Randy Blackman, 43479 McLean Court, and one from Phillip Galecki, 43515 McLean Court.

Chair Pehrson closed the public hearing and turned the matter over to the Planning Commission for consideration.

Member Lynch stated his comments have not changed.

Member Becker had no further comment.

Member Verma had no further comment.

Member Roney had no further comment.

Member Avdoulos stated that in looking at the information shown for each of the plans in the packet the footprint of the residence, the drive, and the area of landscaping is basically 50 percent of the lot, so at least 50 percent of the lot must be cleared in order to build the home. A lot of the trees must be removed to excavate, to build the house, and create landscaping. The Commissioners review all this information and consider many factors. A tree list has been provided which identifies whether trees are good or need to be removed. The Commissioners do have the information at hand to seriously take a look at each one of the properties.

Motion to approve Woodland Use Permit PBR24-0095 for the removal of 23 regulated woodland trees at 22683 Novi Road made by Member Avdoulos and seconded by Member Lynch.

Motion to approve Woodland Use Permit, PBR24-0095, for the removal of twenty-three (23) regulated woodland trees within an area mapped as City Regulated Woodland at 22683 Novi Road to build a single-family home. The approval is subject to on-site planting to the extent possible of forty-three (43) required woodland replacement credits. If necessary, any outstanding credits may be paid into the City's Tree Fund. In addition, any other conditions in the Woodland Consultant's review letter shall be addressed.

ROLL CALL VOTE ON MOTION TO APPROVE WOODLAND USE PERMIT PBR24-0095 FOR THE REMOVAL OF 23 REGULATED WOODLAND TREES AT 22683 NOVI ROAD MOVED BY MEMBER AVDOULOS AND SECONDED BY MEMBER LYNCH. *Motion carried 6-0.*

4. CITY WEST ZONING MAP AMENDMENT 18.747

Public hearing and Planning Commission's recommendation to City Council regarding the staff-initiated request to rezone property in Section 16, located east of Beck Road, west of Taft Road on the south side of Grand River Avenue from Office Service, Residential Acreage, and Light Industrial to City West. The subject properties total approximately 106.76 acres.

Senior Planner Lindsay Bell stated City staff previously initiated the rezoning of the 250-acre area between Beck Road and Taft Road, both north and south of Grand River Avenue. The subject properties north of Grand River Avenue were successfully rezoned by City Council on May 20, 2024, but the area south of Grand River Avenue was not rezoned at that time.

Based on a request from Mayor Fischer, staff were asked to bring back for reconsideration the southern area, which totals approximately 107 acres. The subject area is proposed to be zoned CW - City West, a new district that was recommended in the 2016 Master Plan Update and adopted by City Council in May. As indicated on the map, some of the parcels to be rezoned are currently developed with Light Industrial uses and office buildings. Staff is requesting the rezoning to bring all parcels within a single zoning district consistent with the Master Plan recommendation to create a cohesive, walkable, mixed-use district.

The adopted City West Zoning Ordinance and Design Guide (included in the Planning Commission packet and available online) would not need to be amended; the Council's approval of the CW ordinance left open the possibility that the south side of Grand River could be rezoned in the future. The southeast corner of Grand River Avenue and Beck Road is excluded from the request, as the property owner had previously requested that the existing B-3, General Business zoning be maintained. Otherwise, the suggested area for rezoning is the area fronting on the south of Grand River between Beck Road and Taft Road.

The north side of Grand River is now zoned City West. The Suburban Center Showplace is also covered by the Exposition Overlay district. The area to the south of Grand River is primarily zoned I-1 Light Industrial, except for the area that abuts Beck Road, which is zoned for RA Residential Acreage and OS-1 Office Service.

The area to the south is primarily One Family Residential districts, with Central Park Estates zoned Low Rise Multiple Family, and a salon zoned Office Service. East of Taft Road is zoned Light Industrial. West of Beck Road is zoned Office Service Commercial (Ascension Providence Hospital campus).

The 2016 Master Plan Update recommended the creation of a cohesive district that supports long-term vitality and projects a sense of place. City West was described as a dense, walkable, unified district featuring a mix of arts, entertainment, retail, restaurant, hotel, convention/exposition, office and residential uses. While the boundaries for the south side only extended halfway between Beck and Taft, during the process the Implementation Committee recommended the full length of the south side of Grand River be rezoned.

The City's mapping portal shows that there are regulated wetland and woodland areas throughout the subject area. The actual location of any woodlands and wetlands will need to be field verified by applicants with the submittal of any site plan for the parcels. Any proposed impacts to these natural features will be reviewed and discussed during the site plan submittal for any project on the property and follow the typical standards for review and approval according to the City's ordinances, including Wetland and Woodland permitting. Throughout the City West text, there is an emphasis on protecting the existing natural features woodland and wetlands in the district.

The City West area provides an opportunity to expand the housing choices available for young professionals, empty nesters, and other residents who prioritize a more urban, walkable community, easy access to the highway and destinations within Novi, and entertainment opportunities. Grand River Avenue is a major corridor with greater road capacity than many areas of the city. SMART has recently established bus service along the Grand River corridor through Novi and into Wixom. There are a couple of stops within the City West area, which makes the creation of the district very timely to enable the establishment of transit-oriented development.

City West is also an opportunity to showcase Novi as an area of interest to the thousands of visitors to the Suburban Showplace and Ascension Hospital each year. Visitors to events at the Showplace could take advantage of nearby restaurants, hotels, and shopping without having to get in a car. Similarly greater housing options may appeal to employees of the hospital who could walk or bike to work.

The ordinance includes an optional Mixed-Use Development Option (MDO), which permits a wider range of uses and higher-intensity development to encourage the creation of a dynamic mix of compatible uses. While the MDO provides greater flexibility in parking and landscaping, as well as setbacks and building height to allow a more urban form of development, projects will still be subject to other applicable codes and regulations of the City, including stormwater detention standards, façade, and landscape requirements, as well as lighting and noise ordinances.

Residential uses can be developed under the MDO, either as a stand-alone use under certain circumstances or as part of a mixed-use project. The granting of a Mixed-Use Development Option application requires review and recommendation by the Planning Commission and approval of the City Council. The MDO process is similar to the approval process for the Planned Development Options, with

City Council discretion over deviations.

The adopted Ordinance has a maximum height of 2 stories south of Grand River under the baseline option. For MDO projects, the height limit is increased to 3 stories, or up to 4 stories if bonus height conditions are met and it is further than 300 feet from the residential area to the south. City Council would need to approve the increase in height for each project proposed. Adjacent to single-family residential zones, additional restrictions would control building heights, with a maximum of 35 feet permitted within 200 feet of single-family districts, and a maximum of 45 feet between 200-300 feet of such districts. Within 300 feet of Single-Family buildings are not eligible for bonus height approval.

As with the existing I-1 Zoning, City West requires a minimum building setback of 100 feet from single family residential districts. The parking setback is 75 feet and would be required to be screened with a 5-foot wall or landscaped berm.

Existing standards for screening berms/buffers also apply to new multifamily and commercial buildings when adjacent to a residential use. The presence of regulated natural features will also provide a buffer between the districts.

Development in this district is to be designed to ensure development is cohesive and walkable. Buildings are meant to front on internal street networks rather than Grand River to create a more pedestrian-friendly environment. Shared off-street parking facilities are encouraged, as is structured parking. Development projects are required to provide public plazas and open spaces for gathering. City West is meant to have sidewalks and pathways throughout the district, providing connections to the City's non-motorized network.

Property owners south of Grand River in the City West area, both of vacant land and currently developed property, have expressed an interest in and support of the ordinance amendment. Some property owners have introduced concepts for projects that could align with the intent of the City West ordinance. Current businesses such as Gatsby's, Paradise Park, and Total Sports Novi have found the text amendment appealing due to the flexibility it offers for those businesses moving forward.

Staff recommends approval of the proposed Zoning Map Amendment for the reasons presented. Tonight, the Planning Commission is asked to hold the public hearing and make a recommendation to City Council on the rezoning of property south of Grand River Avenue, as shown in the map, to the City West District. Staff is happy to answer any questions.

Chair Pehrson opened the public hearing and invited members of the audience who wished to speak to approach the podium.

Khurram Abbas, 26508 Mandalay Court, stated he is a resident of Asbury Park subdivision and has been a Novi resident for over a decade. He is here to speak on behalf of the Asbury Park HOA Board of Directors. The north side of the subdivision touches what's being termed as the south side of City West. Many Asbury Park and other Novi residents have expressed their concerns, both in person and through letters, with last year's overall City West rezoning proposal for both the north and the south sides with concerns ranging from large unsightly buildings, noise, woodland/woodland eradication, and lack of infrastructure including roads, schools, and general facilities to handle more dense residential housing in this area.

The Planning Commission at the time still decided to unanimously recommend the rezoning for approval to the City Council. However, the City Council at that time was more receptive to residents' concerns and only passed the rezoning pertaining to the north side of City West, with the possibility of reconsidering the south side later. Mr. Abbas recently found out that the mayor requested the Planning Commission to consider the south side at this time. He fails to understand why it was not addressed at one time, and why did they need to wait four months, it kind of breaks up the momentum.

At the time of the City Council meeting, City staff had made some changes to the ordinance steps to provide more protection to the south side for the residents. Mr. Abbas believes staff just mentioned the parking set back was increased to 75 feet. He appreciates staff working with residents and addressing

concerns. There has been a lot of engagement and good interactions with the City Council on this, but we will definitely request that the parking setback be increased to 100 feet.

This seems like a project that has had a lot of consideration, and a lot of input from folks. The residents certainly don't like it, but based on what happened on the north side, this is probably going to happen, Mr. Abbas would appreciate it if the City staff, City Council, and Planning Commission continue to work with residents and make sure that the residents on the south are given a little more protection than what's being offered in this plan today.

James Frankfurth stated he owns the property at 46401 Grand River, 46409 Grand River, and 46411 Grand River. When he received the public hearing notice about the rezoning, he had to think about it for a while. He is in favor because he knows the City has wanted to develop more of a downtown area, primarily the shopping center area on the corner of Novi Road and Grand River. Having business there, he has watched the foot traffic improve over the years, there are more and more bicycles, more and more walkers, and people walking dogs.

Mr. Frankfurth has tried to keep the lawn mowed around there every couple of weeks and he sees deer there all the time. There is designated wetland on the property to the east of his though he is not highly impacted by the wetland area.

Mr. Frankfurt would welcome the City to go ahead and link the west side of the town to the downtown area near Novi Road and Grand River. The SMART buses are running up and down that corridor, and there are young professional people at the medical centers and the hospital. If there are townhouses, condominiums, or apartment buildings along there, that housing is going to be occupied shortly. It's a win, win situation. He has been approached by somebody who wanted to put a five-story hotel on his property. He did not take the offer on the property at the time because he'd rather see residential housing there, along with the business use mix. He thinks the rezoning is long overdue. He has accepted an offer on his property now and it is attached to other adjacent property which may generate property taxes of \$35-50 million.

Seeing no one else, Chair Pehrson requested Member Lynch read the correspondence received on the matter. There were eleven responses received, eight in favor and three opposed.

Chair Pehrson closed the public hearing and turned the matter over to the Planning Commission for consideration.

Member Lynch recalled his concern from when this was before the Planning Commission prior was the buffer to the residential area. Looking at the buffer, there is a baseline of 100 feet. If a building height goes to 35 feet, the buffer zone is increased to 200 feet, and if a building goes to 45 feet or three stories, the buffer zone increases to 300 feet or the size of a football field. Member Lynch appreciates his comments and the comments of the homeowners being taken into consideration. A recommendation for staff and City Council to consider is to make the 100-foot area a conservation easement. It would not cost anything. If we have to adjust, the conservation easement could be moved.

Member Lynch thinks the area is going to look wonderful. There are still some issues to overcome with traffic and infrastructure (water pressure), but from the City long term strategic standpoint it makes sense. The mixed use is intriguing.

Member Becker stated that almost the entire part of the City West subject property has been zoned I-1 Light Industrial, which means any of the properties there could have been zoned into an industrial type of development. He likes the fact that at some point down the road this will get rid of the random helter skelter look of the various buildings and unify the area into something that is planned. It will complement the development on the north side of Grand River. It will be a tremendous advantage for Novi to have this image and to have a well-reimagined development on the south side of Grand River rather than having various industrial projects with no common sense to it. Member Becker is in support.

Member Verma inquired whether there will be only residential permitted or if there will be any hotels

permitted on the south side of Grand River. Senior Planner Bell responded that before City Council adopted the City West amendment, they wanted to remove the option to build hotels on the south side of Grand River. No hotels will be permitted on the south side, there are a variety of other mixed uses, such as offices, daycare, financial institutions, retail instruction centers, businesses, schools, along with other uses that could be developed there as well as residential housing. Hotels are permitted to be developed on the north side of Grand River.

Member Roney stated he likes the proposal for rezoning. A lot of great work went into this. It looks like it's a great opportunity for developers to do something really nice in the City. Of course we need to attract them, and by setting up the foundation here, hopefully we will.

Member Avdoulos stated he is in favor of the City West rezoning. He was on the Implementation Committee when City West was introduced; a lot of consideration went into creating some activity for the area. As Member Becker mentioned, it currently is a hodgepodge or random with a lot of different things going on. The City West zoning will allow some cohesiveness in the area. A lot of consideration was put forward related to the residents and the residential area abutting along the south border shared with them related to buffer zones and building height permitted.

Members of the Committee and staff from the City went to visit other cities to see what was going on in those different locations and take a look at the precedent set, so as not to reinvent the wheel but learn from others. This is a great opportunity to allow the existing businesses also to be successful. Member Avdoulos is very proud of the fact that Novi really supports its businesses and its community. If we can get some residential in this area to provide apartment living or condo living that would be great not only for young professionals, but also for empty nesters and for anybody really who wants to be a part of this City.

Motion to recommend approval to City Council to rezone the subject property to City West made by Member Avdoulos and seconded by Member Lynch.

In the matter of Zoning Map Amendment 18.747, motion to recommend approval to City Council to rezone the subject property from OS-1 (Office Service), RA (Residential Acreage), and I-1 (Light Industrial) to CW (City West) for the following reasons:

- a. **The 2016 Master Plan for Land Use recommended the creation and adoption of a new zoning district for this area of the City in order to foster redevelopment of underutilized parcels, and to create a vibrant, walkable, mixed-use district.**
- b. **The Master Plan for Land Use objective to foster a favorable business climate is fulfilled by allowing more flexible development standards for a unique area of the City.**
- c. **The Master Plan for Land Use objective to support and strengthen existing businesses and attract new businesses is fulfilled by allowing existing businesses to expand and creating new development opportunities in a mixed-use setting.**
- d. **The Master Plan for Land Use objective to provide a wide range of housing options is supported as the new district allows residential use in a mixed-use setting.**
- e. **The Master Plan for Land Use objective to develop the City West/Grand River and Beck area in a manner that supports and complements neighboring areas through the use of setback and height restrictions to provide buffers to single family districts.**
- f. **It provides an opportunity for long-standing businesses to remain at their current location.**

ROLL CALL VOTE ON MOTION TO RECOMMEND APPROVAL TO CITY COUNCIL TO REZONE THE SUBJECT PROPERTY TO CITY WEST MOVED BY MEMBER AVDOULOS AND SECONDED BY MEMBER LYNCH. Motion carried 6-0.

5. JZ24-32 FELDMAN KIA PRO PLAN WITH REZONING 18.746

Public hearing at the request of Feldman Automotive for initial submittal and eligibility discussion for a Zoning Map Amendment from Non-Center Commercial (NCC) to General Business (B-3) with a Planned Rezoning Overlay. The subject site is approximately 4.88-acres and is located west of Joseph Drive, south of Grand River Avenue (Section 24). The applicant is proposing to develop an automotive dealership with outdoor vehicle inventory, which is not a permitted use in the NCC District.

Senior Planner Bell stated the petitioner is requesting a Planning Rezoning Overlay for two parcels located